Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

**5.** 30,455

Woody Allen Sue For Syndicating

Clauming French

ent to bent ilm direc-E District I be agreed Bomina on cone:. be broac-A AMORE

onal Net. tclevision

at the in-

A were So-

fusi bog: s Sir Fran-

🚣 a Swise

ction, The

achieras):

wanters of

理 director.

טי קטראו מס DCIS. WIND

still holds

solo trans-

Mohull via

did it E

ipsy Moth

a the west

ia is to be-

nlanes ... villes 👑

athr to 10

texpect of

he path of

Toku:

Manufesour las Arguer de Berry de Berry

Project 1

30.44.

POST CAT

er star e

SOL CYTE

EZuit.

A POLICE

PRIL HILL

nacity Story

The second second

ARM AGENCY

200 M

MENTE TEXT

TISEN S

Arters

PARIS, SATURDAY-SUNDAY, JANUARY 17-18, 1981

Financial Experts Called

To Algiers on Iran Assets

From Agency Dispatches
ALGIERS --- American and Al-

ences between Iran and the United

U.S. Deputy Secretary of State Warren Christopher summoned

American and European bankers

and other experts to Algiers to help complete the agreement. In

Washington, meanwhile, 40 offi-cials of 12 banks were meeting at

In Algiers, the experts went first to the U.S. Embassy to meet with

Iran's latest message to the United States, which Algeria hand-ed to Mr. Christopher Thursday

release of the 52 U.S. hostages.

the hostage crisis immediately.

Announcing the deadline, chief

hostage negotiator Behzad Nabavi indicated that Iran and the United

States had reached agreement on

Romanian Bible Killing

STOCKHOLM --- A 26-year-old

Romanian who helped distribute Bibles in the Soviet Union and

by Romanian police, a Slavic mis-

sion spokesman, quoting reliable sources, told the Associated Press

in Stockholm. The spokesman said

20 persons were interrogated about

Bible smuggling, and several were

U.S. hostages held in Iran.

the State Department.

perts, U.S. sources said.

Established 1887

Washington

Is Drafting

Final Reply

WASHINGTON - The United States, completing its final proposal for the release of the 52 U.S.

hostages, Friday began to transfer \$2.2 billion in frozen Iranian gold

and securities to an international

Jody Powell, White House press secretary, said that the United States is drafting the language of a final agreement with Iran and that the U.S. terms were expected to be

In answer to reporters' questions, Mr. Powell denied a final

agreement had been reached. He

aid there would be a settlement

only if Iran accepts the final U.S.

draft of an agreement that has been the subject of intensive nego-tiations between Washington and

Iran through Algeria, the in-

termediary in the bargaining.

Mr. Powell said, "We have been back and forth on the phone be-

tween Washington and Algiers all day." The U.S. goal, he said, was to complete the final American re-

ply to Iran's demands so govern-

ment authorities in Tehran could have the draft by Saturday morn-

Meanwhile, Secretary of State Edmund Muskie said that there was "a fighting chance" that the hostages would be freed before the

Carter administration left office.

in Tehran Saturday.



In L SALVADOR STRIFE — Newsweek photographer Olivier Rebbot lies in a street in San rancisco Gotera after being shot by a guerrilla sniper. Time photographer Harry Mattison is ields him with his body while a Salvadoran soldier moves to provide cover. Details, page 2.

# Traffic in Warsaw Is Disrupted y Strike for 5-Day Work Week

By James Markham

New York Times Service
- STARSAW — Warsaw was hit ay by a four-hour bus and tear strike in support of union Ritiands for a five-day work week. Fifty scattered labor actions ded by the independent union arity were reported elsewhere

e transport strike in Warsaw, NEW! by the capital's Solidarity EXINGICET, began at 8 a.m. and ended on, obliging many people to e up in taxis or miss work.

disruptive strike was in re-- that it would dock the sala-

laborers who see at Saurday, st Saurday, st Saurday, timing of strike permitted mindustrial workers to get to on time, but upset the jobs on time, but upset the nployees who usually appear

ough both government and arity have expressed willingo search for a compromise on contentions five-day week jon, it was only Friday that a "step toward national-level ne-===tions was taken Andrzej nak minister of heavy indusrarwas reported to have met with arity leaders in the Baltic port godansk. The government argues the disastrous state of Pos economy does not permit country to shift immediately to aday week and has offered ina heavier weekly work load

o Saturdays off in a month. Victory Not Claimed

ilidarity says that it was mised a five-day week last Aug-and ordered its followers off

of the union, notably, did not n a major victory after the Satsted heavy industry.

By James M. Markham

New York Times Service

ZESZOW, Poland — The 200

so men and a few quiet women sholack who have been occupying

hree-story building in this city

ks think they are going to make the tory for Poland's independent

nber of Solidarity, the trade

n the strikes on the Baltic coast

determined group of union

vists, farmers and outside orga-

ers are trying to do in this

authorities from Warsaw, five

he setting is ready for negotia-

mes is neatly arranged in the

A, the headquarters of the state-unions that virtually collapsed

ik, snow-swept city what Lech

lesa did in Gdansk — summon

rs away by road, to Rzeszow to otiate the legalization of anoth-

otiate the legalization of anoth-union, called Rural Solidarity, claims the allegiance of

is. A long table with micro-

ting hall of the building on erry Square. The building is, or specific, the headquarters of the state-

T Solidarity's legalization. A kly adomed Christmas tree

iks cheerfully near a hand-nted portrait of Pope John Paul

farmers.

Lech Walesa, the union leader, in Rome, the head of Solidarity Warsaw chapter, Zbigniew Bujak, wanted Friday's strike to demonstrate his authority in the capital. Mr. Bujak, one of the most mili-tant and politically minded of Solidarity leaders, is known to have been miffed that he was not inchuded in the Walesa delegation

that went to meet with Pope John Paul II and Italian unionists. Solidarity's national commission is expected to meet Tuesday to consider the "free Saturdays" question. The Warsaw strike was supported by industrial workers in the city of Legnica, which is also the site of a major Soviet military garrison in Poland. Solidarity said that the 95 percent of the 150,000 workers in the region staged a

four-hour job action.

Reuters

WARSAW — Polish authorities have canceled the visas of three Western correspondents and ordered them to leave the country, sources said Friday. They said Robert Reid of the Associated Press was told to leave by middue to leave Monday. Murray Seeger of the Los Angeles Times, who had planned to leave Sunday, was ordered to quit the country Saturday British journalist Peter Hairistic was told to leave Friday, the sources said.

Poland were linked in part to de-mands that the group calling itself Rural Solidarity be recognized as a representative of the country's pri-

Warsaw Cancels Visas

gerian financial experts worked to Iran via the intermediary Algeriagainst the clock Friday night to try to solve the remaining differan government.
The ultimatum, therefore,

the amount of frozen Iranian as-sets that Washington must return

seemed aimed at getting the final act of the 14-month-old hostage crisis — the transfer of cash against captives - under way by the end of Friday. In a later statement carried like

the first by the official Pars news agency and broadcast on the state radio, Mr. Nabavi in fact dropped the reference to a deadline and spoke merely of getting "decisive results today."

"The government of the Islamic Mr. Christopher's delegation and later to the Algerian Foreign Ministry, which has been acting as a go-between in the hostage negotiations, for talks with Algerian ex-Republic of Iran has announced its willingness to end the issue and we condemn any further waste of time," his later statement said.

The remaining problems which both Iran and President Carter are apparently trying to solve before President-elect Reagan takes office Tuesday are related to Iran's demand that part of its money frozen in the United States be deposited with Algeria.

Talks in London According to U.S. sources, the

night, "required our attention," a U.S. official said Friday night.
Earlier Friday, Iran gave the United States until Friday night to start transferring frozen Iranian cash to Algeria in return for the problem had been under discus-The deadline — given vaguely as by the end of working hours on sion in London where the Ameri-can experts arrived a few days ago Friday" — appeared to be less a threat than an iraman move to end before heading for Algiers with British colleagues.

U.S. Embassy spokesman Ed-ward Penney said that the legal and financial team is composed of five Americans and three Britons. He said their meeting at the Algerian Foreign Ministry was still in progress after four hours. The Christopher team was working in the embassy and dinner had been brought in, indicating they did not

plan their usual dinner break. Earlier Friday, Mr. Christopher was received by Algerian Foreign Minister Mohamed Benyahia at his own request, the Algerian news agency reported. The two men had met Thursday night after Iran handed its latest message to the

Algerian intermediaries.

The new Iranian plan was believed to deal mainly with \$4 bil-



Deputy Secretary of State Warren Christopher arrives at the U.S. Embassy in Algiers for negotiations. Behind him is Christopher Ross, the deputy chief of mission at the U.S. Embassy.

lion in blocked Iranian deposits in overseas branches of American banks and loans to Iran declared

Hostage Accord Reported Near;

U.S. Begins Moving Iran's Funds

U.S. officials have been consulting with private bankers whose institutions hold the Iranian money. The New York Times said Friday that about a dozen U.S. banks have been negotiating secretly in New York for the last week with representing Iran and its central

Mr. Nahavi said the new proposal was made because banks "did not act effectively and acceptably for settling disputes involving the assets. He said the United States had agreed to trans-fer funds before the hostages were freed, but Assistant Treasury Secretary Joe Laitin denied that.

In December, Iran demanded

that the United States deposit \$24 billion in financial guarantees in the Algerian Central Bank in re-The gold and Treasury securities being transferred from the Federal turn for releasing the hostages. Reserve Bank in New York are among the frozen Iranian assets to be released once a final agreement The United States rejected that demand and, on Jan. 2, suggested that Iran free the hostages in re-

is forged for the freedom of the turn for repatriation of the Iranian assets currently frozen in the Unit-The administration had pressed Iran to agree to a settlement of the ed States. About \$2.5 billion would 14-month dispute by Friday, leavbe made available to Iran on the ing one full business day before day the bostages are freed. Ownership of assets, which are the subsident-elect Reagan ject of rival financial claims, would be decided through binding arbi-

office Tuesday.
"The U.S. Treasury is completing arrangements under instructions from President Carter to position about 1.6 million ounces of gold in London — the amount of gold owned by Iran and held for them by the Federal Reserve in its vaults in New York," Assistant Treasury Secretary Joseph Laitin

A senior Iranian official said the U.S. hostages would be flown to a destination of their choice once Tehran gets the go-ahead from its

gested that he was prepared to widen the purge in the name of The Iranian official, who is closely connected with the hostage negotiations, said: "Preparations are being made for the departure of the Americans. We are expecting a reply from Algiers within a matter of hours."

A U.S. aircraft charter firm said it had placed a jet on standby at Stockholm airport to pick up the Americans.

Asked what would be the hostages' first destination, the Iranian official said, "It has been suggested that they will be flown to Algeria, but that is something they can decide.

But, at midday, State Department spokesman John Traitner said that the United States and Iran were "in no sense finished" with negotiations, and that "there is more than a conceivable chance that this could all fail."

Mr. Trattner said that, even if agreement were reached on the return of Iranian assets frozen by Mr. Carter 10 days after the hostages were seized, there would remain unresolved differences in

Details of Transfer

With the inauguration of President-elect Reagan approaching bankers and government officials from four continents were engaged in a concerted, daylong effort to work out the final details of the multibillion-dollar transfer of Iranian assets. The U.S. administration's hope was to end the hostage crisis - which began with the seizure of the U.S. Embassy in Tehran on Nov. 4, 1979 — before President Carter leaves office next

Tuesday. The United States is reported to have proposed returning about 73 percent of Iran's \$9.5 billion in frozen assets in return for the hostages' release, leaving \$2.2 billion to be arbitrated.

There was no comment from Mr. Carter, who began a White House conference with foreign policy aides early Friday morning. As the pace of activities in-creased abroad. Mr. Mondale

urged caution. But he said that Deputy Secretary of State Warren Christopher and other U.S. officials were working constantly to get an agreement before next Tuesday.

## Chinese Party Newspaper Says Deng Foes Are 'Free to Resign' By Michael Parks "These do not represent individcreasingly reflected the views of Mr. Deng and his supporters sug-

Los Angeles Times Service PEKING - Communist Party

members who cannot accept the party's new policies are "free to resign," a party newspaper declared in the latest indication of serious political dissension here.

Diehard leftists are continuing to oppose the policies adopted in the last two years since Deng Xi-aoping, the party's powerful vice chairman, took over leadership of the country, the newspaper Peking Daily said Thursday. Other party members are complaining that the

new policies have gone too far.

"A very few people have even
expressed and spread publicly ideas that go against the spirit of these [new policies], and they have had a very bad impact." the paper said in an extraordinarily Irank front-page commentary, that charged the leftists with attempt-ing to divide the party and the

in Rzeszow would rush to the sup-The paper did not make that charge specifically against Hua Guoteng, the party chairman, and his supporters, but they were clearly targets of the commentary.

For six weeks Mr. Deng has been moving openly to force Mr. Hua from the party leadership, seeing him as an obstacle to most of China's new policies, particularly the abandonment of the late Chairman Mao's philosophy and

**Party Decisions** "Party members must resolutely

implement decisions reached by the party's Central Committee, and they must conform politically with the Central Committee," the commentary said. "Those who do not wish to act accordingly are free to resign. It is not permissible to be a party member but not re-spond to the Central Committee's decisions and to act willfully."

The problem, however, is not just with Mr. Hua and his backers, the paper indicated, but also with those in the party, government and army who reportedly resent the way Mr. Deng is forcing Mr. Hua out and are starting, as a result, to question other policies.

The commentary refers to speeches by Mr. Deng. by Hu Yaobang, the party's general secretary, and by others at a recent leadership meeting. The speeches are now circulating among senior officials for study.

ual opinions, since they have been discussed and approved collectively by party organs," the paper said.
"Different opinions and views can be expressed toward them within the party through the correct chan-nels, but in actual practice they

sary, to end the opposition that has undermined his policies over the last two years and that would must be implemented unconditionjeopardize the broad de-Maoizaally."

The tough tone of the commen-David Lilienthal, 81, Dies,

# Headed TVA, Atomic Panel

WASHINGTON - David E. Lilienthal, 81, a lawyer who helped bring cheap electricity to the mid-die South as head of the Tennessee Valley Authority and who later headed the U.S. Atomic Energy Commission, died Wednesday in New York City of a heart attack. Throughout his government ca-reer, Mr. Lilienthal was a forceful

fighter for his beliefs, which occasionally seemed at variance with what might have been expected of a man at the top of two of the most important government organizations of his time. As chairman of TVA from 1941

to 1946, he presided over the nation's largest electric power system. But Mr. Lilienthal became known as an outspoken enemy of "big government," and as a man who viewed "overcentralized administration [as] a hazard to democracy and freedom." As the head of the U.S. atomic

program in the period immediately after the explosion of the first atom bombs, Mr. Lilienthal stood against the obsessive concern with secrecy and rigid bureaucratic restriction that characterized the period. He wanted atomic power to be brought as soon as feasible into the everyday lives of Americans.

These positions no less than his skill in championing them made him a lightning rod for controver-

Reputation as Boxer

He was a native of Morton. Ili., and received his bachelor's degree in 1920 from DePaure University in Greencastle, Ind. While a student he earned both a Phi Beta Kappa key and a reputation as a light heavyweight boxer.

After obtaining his law degree at Harvard in 1923, Mr. Lilienthal



party unity and discipline, if neces-

David E. Lilienthal

began practicing public utility law. He was special counsel for the City of Chicago in a landmark telephone rate controversy that resulted in a decision by the U.S. Supreme Court, ordering a \$20-mil-lion refund to telephone sub-Mr. Lilienthal said it was chance

that determined the time and circumstances of his entry into public service. One afternoon, he said, he happened to remain at his desk rather than keeping a date to play handball. The telephone rang. It was Philip LaFollette, the governor of Wisconsin, with an invitation to join that state's public service commission.

"If I had gone to the gym that (Continued on Page 5, Col. 1)

#### claims are, with a certain insismunist leaders of Poland were tence, denied by spokesmen in What the shipyards in Gdansk frightened by the shipyard strike The Rzeszow demonstrators say for the workers of Poland, the ng to do for the country's farmand yielded to a score of Mr. they fear an immment move by the One problem is that farmers are police to dislodge them. They say they are ready to resist, but only Walesa's demands. They have ignot "joiners," which is one reason they do not like Poland's state

Polish Officials Ignore Farmworkers' Peaceful Sit-In

nored the protest on Liberty Square, which has not disrupted life in this city of 100,000 in the southeastern corner of Poland. The contrast between what is

going on in Rzeszow and what happened in Gdansk last summer

A knot of old men in high plas-tic boots huddle around a chess set. A slightly self-important door-set. A slightly self-important doorset. A slightly self-important door-man constantly locks and unlocks than it has been a Communist state. In the 19th century, when a padlock on a chain on the glass this part of Poland was called Galentry door. At Gdansk, thousands of workicia, officials of the ruling Austro-Hungarian Empire persistently ers struck behind high steel gates. But the parallel with Gdansk and successfully frustrated the at-

breaks down elsewhere. The Comtempts of would-be revolutionaries to arouse the countryside. with gas masks, fire extinguishers and a handcranked siren they will

Wednesday, a token strike brief-ly stilled a few industries here. But

sound from the roof to summon supporters to Liberty Square.

Two women are forced to hitchbike in Warsaw after strike halted city's buses and streetcars.

INSIDE

# British Steel Says Workers Accept Plan

On the basis of a partial vote, the British Steel Corp. said its workers had defied their union leaders and voted to accept a "survival" plan. The plan provides for a wage freeze and a loss of

WEEKEND

Never Enough Caviar

distressing yes — unless you belong to the Petrossian family in Paris. Page 7W.

20,000 jobs in the 130,000-man work force. Page 11.

Can too much caviar be too much caviar? The answer can be a

farms, which they argue gobble up a disproportionate share of things such as tractors and fertilizers. Even the Communist Party has

begun to agree with them and Stanislaw Kania, the party chief. has promised the private farmers they will get more. Winter, when the flat, gray fields are frozen and unworked, is a good time for protests. But some of the farmers here in Rzeszow ad-

the chances that industrial workers

The organizers of the Rzeszow sit-in repeatedly claim that they

have the backing of Mr. Walesa's

Solidarity group to bring Polish in-

dustry to a halt if Rural Solidarity

is not granted recognition. Such

port of the farmers seem slim.

mit that, come March, they will have to get back to their farms to work. Unlike their industrial comrades, they cannot afford the huxury of real strikes. Moreover, in their attempt to forge a legal union, the farmers seem to have ruled out the one

weapon that would terrify the au-

thorities: witholding their products from the market. The workers' and peasants' alliance could not do this," explained Jan Kulasz, a shy young Rural Sol-idarity organizer. "We could not leave the children in the cities Government Retakes City

# Salvadoran Envoys Join Rebel Forces

MANAGUA — The ambassador and entire staff of the Salvadoran Embassy in Nicaragua said Friday that they had resigned to join antigovernment forces.

A spokesman said that Ambassador Roberto Castellon had formally notified the Nicaraguan Foreign Ministry. It was the first defection by Salvadoran diplomats since leftist guerrillas launched a major offensive against the regime last Saturday.

## Government Says It **Controls All Regions**

By Michael W. Drudge

United Press International SAN SALVADOR - Salvadoran troops said Friday they smashed a week-long leftist guerrilla offensive and gained control of the entire country. Government sircraft reportedly bombed a rebel stronghold on the slopes of a vol-

Meanwhile, the Salvadoran Human Rights Commission said that several leaders of left-leaning labor unions have been detained and "made to disappear" by gov-ernment troops, who have often been accused of torturing and kill-

ing opposition leaders.

Red Cross officials said four persons were shot to death and another four were wounded, presumably by army troops, in San Salvador overnight for violating a 7 p.m. to 5 a.m. curfew.

Although the firefights that

swept this tiny Central American nation for the last week appeared to have died down, observers warned that the lull may reflect guerrilla efforts to regroup and reorganize their 4,000 to 6,000-

#### Death Toll

Authorities estimated that at least 600 persons died in the fighting. The government Friday published death notices for 10 soldiers, but did not specify when or where

Defense Ministry spokesmen said government troops had "total-ly crushed" the assaults launched Saturday by the Farabundo Marti

group of five Marxist-led guerrilla organizations. The ruling military-Christian Democrat junta, strongly supported by the United States, was in control of the entire nation of 4.8 million, they said.

But area residents said rebel fighters had dug deep trenches across three major highways in southern and northeastern El Sal-

government warplanes And bombed and strafed suspected guerrilla positions on the slopes of the Chinchontepeque volcano, 30 miles east of the capital, while ground troops launched a search and destroy operation, area resi-

Despite sporadic gunshots heard overnight, San Salvador was calm Friday, with most public buses running on schedule and most workers turning up for their jobs despite a leftist call for a general

A French photographer on assignment for Newsweck magazine who was wounded by a sniper Thursday was in stable condition and was expected to be evacuated

to a Miami hospital, friends said.

Olivier Rebot, 33, was shot through the left lung while covering the aftermath of a long rebei siege in San Fransisco Gotera, 105 miles east of the capital. He was the fourth foreign jour-

nalist wounded in the fighting this week. The other three were injured Monday when their car went over

Amid growing fears of a widening regional conflict, U.S. Ambassador Robert White Thursday defended the resumption of \$5 million in U.S. military aid to El Salvador, saying that it was needed to offset the sophisticated firepower

of the rebels. "It is clear that the amount of assistance the government has received is substantially less than the guerrillas have received," Mr. White said. "What we have done has not upped the level [of arms] at

Mr. White repeated allegations that the guerrillas had received large shipments of sophisticated weapons from abroad, including Soviet hand grenades "still in their packing crate."

# France Believes West Indies Will Grow More Stable

Caribbean for more than a year now after a period they describe as characterized by misperceptions verging on suspicion.
We have good relations with

the Carter administration now and it was not always so," Cabinet Minister Paul Dijoud said in an in-terview. Mr. Dijoud administers overseas French possessions including Guadeloupe and Martin-ique islands in the French Antilles and French Guiana in South America.

Mr. Dijoud praised the Carter administration's handling of Caribbean policy, particularly during the last two years, as a major factor in thwarting an offensive by Fidel Castro among the small is-lands between Cuba and South America.

Many Western analysis reported in the late 1970s that Mr. Castro was redirecting his energies from Africa to concentrate on the Caribbean. "But there is no evidence of real progress in any such offensive," Mr. Dijoud said.

He has been outspokenly critical

By Michael Getler

Washington Post Service
WASHINGTON — Among
fighter pilots, "getting inside" of
an opponent in a dogfight often

means the difference between life

and death. Getting inside means

turning and maneuvering more

quickly than the enemy so you can

fix your guns on his plane before

be gets a good look at you.

For 25 years, John Boyd, once a

topnotch fighter pilot and now a retired Air Force colonel, has wres-

tled with ideas about how to make

that simple-sounding concept of getting inside easier to carry out in

the dizzying whirl of modern air

And the longer Col. Boyd thought about it, the more he became convinced that the same fun-

damental strategy for winning dog-

fights was applicable to the broad

military strategy the United States

might need on the ground, at sea

and in the air in any future war;

namely, a combination of guerrilla

warfare and blitzkrieg tactics that,

through surprise and speed, throw

Today an increasing number of

the nation's senior military leaders

are listening to the ideas this imag-

inative and unconventional thinker

lays out in a rough, repetitive, yet profound four-hour lecture called

"It's a real tour de force," says

Boyd's work. Gen. Merritt

the Army War College commandant, Maj. Gen. Jack Merritt, of

says he hopes to use part of Col.

Boyd's material in the curriculum,

and "we also want to get the senior

leadership of the Army to hear this

The top leadership of the Ma-rine Corps has already heard Col. Boyd's theories. Senior officers say

the Marine commandant, Gen.

Robert Barrow, has spent hours

with Col. Boyd and was "very tak-en with him." Marine Lt. Gen.

P.X. Kelley, head of the new U.S. rapid deployment force, also is a

"An hour spent with John is of inestimable value," says Gen. Kel-

ley. "He has become extremely well-accepted by field-grade offi-

cers in the military. We need offi-

cers who think war and how to de-

Force five years ago, there is inter-

est in him as a commodity that

many senior officers acknowledge

is in too short supply these days — free-thinking officers with field ex-

perience who are also students of military history and have the incli-

nation and the time to figure out the best way to fight and win.

The Boyd Theory

er fan of Col. Boyd's, said in a Sen-

ate speech last June that "our cur-

rent defense posture is not very

promising in terms of the Boyd theory of maneuver-style warfare.

Sen. Hart claimed the Pentagon

spent too much effort acquiring weapons and new technology

while paying "little attention to how to use equipment in new and

Last month, the magazine Unit-ed States Naval Institute Proceed-

ings called attention to Col. Boyd's

work and its applicability to

At 54, Col. Boyd does not look

much like a defense intellectual.

He seems most comfortable in

white shoes and plaid pants. But

he talks like a machine gun and

does seem to suffer from a termi-

nal case of Pentagonese, which ex-plains why the key to his prescrip-

maneuvering in war at sea.

different ways."

Sen. Gary Hart, D-Colo., anoth-

Though Col. Boyd left the Air

Boyd listener and supporter.

feat the enemy."

an enemy off balance.

"Patterns of Conflict."

Tactics of Surprise, Speed

Ex-Pilot's Unusual Ideas

'Get Inside' U.S. Military

in the past of suspected Cuban subversion in the French possessions, but now he maintains that economic aid and discreet political help to moderate political factions - policies pursued by the Carter administration - prevented the emergence of a power vacuum that

Both French and U.S. officials watching Caribbean affairs have been gratified by a series of pro-Western electoral outcomes, disiliusionment among Granada's pro-Castro rulers and the growing ability of many newly independent islands to defend their regimes.

In discussing French expectations of the Reagan administration, Mr. Dijoud sounded anxious to forestall any suggestion that the French West Indies might be a vulnerable target for Mr. Castro. A key Reagan adviser. UN ambassador-designate Jeane Kirkpatrick. noted in a recent article in the magazine Commentary that the French possessions top Mr. Castro's list for destabilization in the Caribbean.

Mr. Dijoud disagreed, saying that the Cuban leader has recognized that he can accomplish little in Guadeloupe and Martinique beyond rhetoric spread through the local Communist parties, whose voter appeal is waning.

French officials date the turnaround in regional trends to mid-1979 when France and other U.S. allies learned of a Carter adminis tration decision to pursue a more vigorous policy of support for

Col. John Boyd

What this means is knocking an

enemy off balance by fast, unpre-

dictable tactics that surprise and

confuse him. The idea is that by

the time the enemy observes what

he thinks his opponent is doing, orients himself to it, decides what

to do and then takes action to do

it, it will be too late. The key to

victory, Col. Boyd says, is "to gen-

erate this mismatch" by operating

which ultimately will cause him to

does not really know what is hap-

It is this type of thing that the Germans did brilliantly in the ear-ly blitzkrieg tactics of World War

II, using lightning thrusts with big armored columns around and

through the weak points of static

defenses such as the French Magi-

gan to dawn about even broader

implications for such strategy a decade later when he was a fighter

pilot in Korea during the final

Energy Maneuverability

U.S. F-86 Sabrejets rolled up impressive victories against Soviet-built MiG-15 fighters even though the MiGs could outperform them

in many of the individual

maneuvers - such as sharp turns

and fast climbs — that are sup-posed to win doglights. When Col. Boyd began to ponder the lopsided U.S. victories, he realized it was

not simply a matter of better-

trained pilots. Rather, it was that

the Sabrejet could make the transi-

tion from one maneuver to another

more quickly. The MiG pilots, therefore, consistently had to react

late, fell further and further be-

hind, eventually became disoriented and made fatal mistakes.

In the 1960s, Col. Boyd, a self-

taught aerodynamics engineer, ex-panded on this observation and

came up with an "energy maneu-

verability" concept for new fighters that won him Air Force recognition and influenced the design of

today's front-line F-15 and F-16

fighters. At the same time, he pro-duced a study of fighter tactics that one civilian official called the

best work of its kind since that

done by Germany's famous "Red Baron" of World War L, Manfred

Once out of the Air Force, Col.

Boyd maneuvered his intellect

from airplanes to history, and

there he found a real master of mismatch. Col. Boyd suggests indi-

rectly that theories laid out around

400 B.C. by Sun Tzu, the Chinese

philosopher of war, should be the

Sun Tzu believed in attempting

to shatter the enemy before the

basis for modern U.S. tactics.

von Richthofen.

stages of the war there.

But for Col. Boyd, the light be-

pening to him.

not Line.

at a faster tempo than the enem

friendly, often fragile Caribbean island governments. The new U.S. approach

which followed a fact-finding mission to several islands by Deputy Secretary of State Philip Habib stemmed from the Carter administration's recognition of a mounting Caban threat.

Although Mr. Habib's recommendations have never been published, a U.S. official in Washington confirmed Friday that the Carter administration created an interagency task force on the Caribbean whose members stepped up security assistance, increased aid and sent other signals of expanded

U.S. involvement. "It represented little in U.S. resources, but it had a lot of impact in the local environment," the offi-

This U.S. policy encouraged a more active effort by European governments, including Britain and the Netherlands, to extend more help to their former colonies in the Caribbean. In its most visible form, it emerged as Western relief after devastating Caribbean

Appealing Contrast

hurricanes.

This provided a politically appealing contrast to the economic frustrations in Cuba and Grenada. several officials said. Pro-Western electoral victories followed in Dominica in 1979, in St. Lucia in early 1980 and, most recently, last fall in Jamaica.

Asked whether France undertakes security coordination with the United States, Mr. Dijoud "We are not part of U.S.

# WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

U.S., Norway Sign Formal Pact on Stockpile

WASHINGTON - U.S. and Norwegian officials Friday signed a formal agreement clearing the way for stockpiling heavy equipment in Norway for a 10,000-man U.S. Marine brigade, which would be rushed there in the event of a Soviet attack.

m the event of a Soviet attack.

Negotiations have been under way for four years. Robert Komer, undersecretary of defense for policy, signed for the United States. "This will facilitate reinforcement of NATO's defenses even if the seas around Norway are contested," he said.

Norwegian Ambassador Knut Hedemann, who signed for his country at the Pentagon ceremony, described the agreement as "an expression of war prevention by joint action" and stressed that it is a "purely defensive" arrangement. The materiel to be stockpiled in central Norway includes 24 155-millimeter howitzers, about 250 trucks and 100 trailers, bridging equipment, ammunition, fuel and food.

Israeli Minister, Aide Charged With Bribery New York Times Service

TEL AVIV - Minister for Religious Affairs Aharon Abuhatzeira, 42, was formally charged in district court in Jerusalem Friday on bribery counts, which could sent him to jail for seven years. The charges were made after the Knesset lifted the minister's parlia-

mentary immunity this week. The court is expected to set a trial date According to the indictment, Mr. Abuhatzeira and then Acting Mayor Yisrael Gottleib of Bnai Brak agreed in 1978 and 1979 that the minister should approve increased financial aid and other benefits to three insti-

intions and that funds would be returned to the minister through Moshe Gabbai, an adviser in the ministry. Mr. Gabbai was also indicted Friday.

## Begin's Party Splits on Date for Elections

JERUSALEM - Prime Minister Menachem Begin's Likud Party split Friday over when to call new general elections and left a decision on the future of the government to a Sunday Cabinet meeting.

Members of the Likud bloc, the largest party in the governing coalition, met to discuss whether to move general elections from November.

when Mr. Begin's term ends, to this summer. The elections became necessary when Finance Minister Yigael Hurvitz resigned Sunday over the issue of pay raises for teachers. The departure of his three-man political faction from the Begin coalition left it without a majority in the Knesset,

Meanwhile, state attorney Gabriel Bach filed a bribery charge in Jerusalem District Court against Aharon Abu-Hatzeira, the religious affairs minister. It was the first time criminal charges have been filed rainst an Israeli Cabinet minister. The Knesset earlier had stripped him of his immunity, clearing the way for a trial.

### Yemeni Minister Murdered, 1 Gunman Killed

BAHRAIN - Gunmen shot and killed a government minister in Yemen, the Gulf News Agency said Friday. It said the motive was unknown. The agency quoted an Interior Ministry announcement in the Yemeni capital, San'a, which said Mohamed Khamis, minister of local governnt, was shot Thursday on his way to San'a from the Red Sea port of Hodeida. One gumman was killed and another arrested, the agency said.

## Naples Seizes Apartments for Quake Victims

NAPLES - The Naples city government, faced with its worst postwar housing crisis, decided Friday to requisition hundreds of empty apartments for some of the more than 70,000 people left homeless by the Nov. 23 earthquake, city officials said.

The officials said temporary requisition orders, issued by Communist Mayor Maurizio Valenzi, were sent to the owners of empty apartment blocks in the city's elegant suburbs.

# **Marcos to End Martial Law But Maintain Most Powers**

MANILA - President Ferdinand Marcos announced Friday a "step-by-step" normalization program beginning with the lifting of martial law within 24 hours and

the holding of elections by 1984. The announcement came under criticism from the newly formed United Democratic Opposition, which said the task of rebuilding

the republic must begin with the "dismantling of the Marcos dicta-President Marcos, who took power in 1965 and declared martial law in the Philippines in Sep-

## Sunday Times Asks Journalists To Vote on Sale

The Associated Press LONDON - Journalists on the Sunday Times were given a ballot form Friday with the names of five possible buyers and asked to indicate their preference for a future owner, a spokesman for the paper

The Sunday Times, along with the daily Times of London and three specialized supplements. were put up for sale last October by Canadian millionaire Lord Thomson, who has been losing money on the papers and strug-gling with union difficulties for

Among the five names on the ballot was that of Australian newspaper tycoon Rupert Murdoch. who was being touted in the British press Friday as a likely buyer. a report the newspapers dismissed as inst another rumor.

battle by probing its organization and troop dispositions to unmask The others were James strengths and weaknesses and then Goldsmith, owner of NOW magahurling strength quickly and unexzine and the French newsmaszine pectedly against weakness. The L'Express, Robert Maxwell, owner of Pergamon Press, who has openly declared his desire to buy: Lord Rothermere, chairman of Associated Newspapers, which publishes the Daily Mail; and the Lonnho group. a British industrial conglomerate. The publications are due to close in March if a buyer is

ruling New Society Party he will issue a proclamation ending mar-

The revocation of martial law, however, will have little impact on Mr. Marcos' authoritarian powers. Amendments to the constitution authorize him to issue decrees even after a regular parliament is in ses-

He said the writ of habeas corpus will remain suspended in Mindanao and in subversion cases where conspiracy exists. This leaves the military with the power

to make "preventive arrests." Mr. Marcos told 200 members of his party that surveys indicated a division on whether martial law should be revoked. But he said he thought the time was right for doing so, adding, "We are strongest now in the sense that we are in

control of the government." Asked by reporters before the caucus why he was retaining his emergency powers despite the mar-tial law lifting, Mr. Marcos said: "They [the powers] are a part of

the step-by-step or phasing program. While we lift martial law the transition government does not end until 1984." Mr. Marcos has said elections to

the National Assembly will be held in May, 1984. This means he will have to run in his district for an assembly seat, then run as premier in the regular parliament.

loupe and Martinique to t that Washington expected change there. "In such sm tional communities, this ca ly become a self-fulfilling cy," a French diplomat sa: There was relief in Paris ing to several officials, wi leaked in 1979 of the ir

proved since France becan vinced that the United State

cepts the status quo in the

Antilles.
"In the United States, se

had been divided in some

sabout French control of

loupe and Martiniquel.

strong current saying th

French presence was an o

This ambiguous U.S.

was clarified in 1979, anot

cial said, but not before it

temporary speculation in

survival of colonialism."

joud said.

departure from his post of consul in Marunique. Robinson, Mr. Robinson American career diplor resented by many French who suspected that he v creetly critical of the Fr in Marunique, thereby perhaps inadvertently. U sition to the French prese

U.S. Posture The clearer U.S. publi since 1979, a French off has boistered local opinic cilitated acceptance of Fi in the West Indies by sur

independent island states Encouraged by these trends, French officials s fidently about the outloo deloupe and Martinique recent spate of anti-French nation attempts and bor sions that destroyed an A airliner on the ground a ished the Chanel boution

In December, a bomb an airport building on G: a few hours before v. French President Valer d'Estaing and his family plane. Another bomb aged the French televis quarters in Martinique a earlier just before Mr

d'Estaing arrived. The attacks have bee by the Guadeloupe Army, which French of scribe as a small group ists without any popular Comparing them to

terrorists in other Frenc es including Brittany ac Mr. Dijoud said that vi emerged in Guadeloup because radicalism and tist movement is losic among the indigenous of \_ 300,000.

French anti-terrorist who have been ordered. loupe for the first time. believe that the activtightly knit squad of G ans from mainland F Frenchmen, they are move to France in searc but many are embittere antagonism encounte. among white Frenchmer

Officials in Paris app cerned about the terror ble appeal to local opir French West Indies. Ho tracted violence coulaway tourism (much of United States) or fore

ment needed for develor Officials in Mr. Diiou ment constantly worr possible backlash in Fr ion against the overse sions, which are an econ on France now and offe prospects of ever conti French prosperity or The argument that Fran concentrate its jobs and on mainland France was ly marshaled in a recer tled "France's Dancers' sion to the idea that t West Indies are a luxu chronism that France ca

er afford to keep.
Although Guadeloupe tinique are racially diffe mainland France across tic, the two islands are French as Hawaii is Thanks to French spendi order of \$1 billion annua cal standard of living is hind that in Puerto Ric times higher than that o islands. Electoral trends a growing majority of th tion wants to remain Free In Mr. Dijoud's view tism is a declining issue ( loupe and Martinique.

main issues are social due primarily to unde ment. French economic h ing these tensions, he said Unemployment, th grievance, will shrink to able proportions within

he said, as the currently birth rates trim the flow to the job market, But he acknowledges be some bumps on the veluding the risk of furth

ism.
"There will be some pr

public order as frustrate ties there and elsewhere the gun instead of the ba he said. "But the islands

# Palme Returns to Tehran, Sec To Free Vessels From Wateru

TEHRAN - UN special envoy Olof Palme arrived here in his second mission in two months to try to help end the Ir Iraqi war. He is due to meet Premier Mohammed Ali Raj other political leaders, possibly including President Aboll Bani-Sadr, diplomatic sources said.

Mr. Palme, a former Swedish premier, will try to secure the passage out of the disputed Shait-al-Arab waterway for mor 70 foreign ships trapped there since the beginning of the Gu last September.

. The meeting with Mr. Bani-Sadr will depend on the presi returning from the battle zones, which he has been touring the beginning of an Iranian counteroffensive on Jan. 5.



Dietrich Stobbe **Election Sought** 

In West Berlin As Mayor Ouits

BERLIN - West Berlin's Christian Democratic opposition moved Friday to force Dietrich Stobbe resigned Thursday following the Senate's unexpected rejection of four of his five nominees to fill Senate jobs vacated by resigna-tions over a finance scandal. The CDU launched a mas-

sive petition campaign to compel the city authorities to call a new Senate (the city's govern-ment) vote two years ahead of schedule. West Berlin's constitution requires the Senate to hold a referendum on fresh elections if it receives petitions with more than 80,000 signa-

Meanwhile, governing Social Democrats and Free Democrats met separately to review the chances of nominating a new mayor canable of winning a parliamentary vote of confi-

The scandal developed after it became known that two senators served on the board of a bank that approved loans of 115 million Deutsche marks (\$57 million) to a local architect who then fied from Berlin. Five senators resigned last week af-ter a West Berlin building firm defaulted on loans for a project in Sandi Arabia, leaving the city with the 115-million Deutsche mark bill in guaranteed credit.

Anti-Terrorism Split Remains

# **Italian Coalition Wins Confidence Vote**

ROME - Italy's four-party ruling coalition easily won a vote of confidence Friday despite deep splits over how to combat the Red

In a speech to the lower house of Parliament, Christian Democrat Premier Arnaldo Forlani defended his government's record during the 33-day ordeal in which the leftist urban guerrillas held a kidnapped judge as their captive.

The Red Brigades released Judge Giovanni D'Urso Thursday, but the opposition Communists and other parties charged that the government had bowed to terrorist blackmail in the crisis.

**Problems Conceded** 

The Chamber of Deputies endorsed Mr. Forlani by a vote of 353-243 with seven abstentions. His three-month-old coalition of Christian Demcrats, Socialists, Social Democrats and Republicans put aside their diffences and held

together for the key ballot.

ist" within the coalition, Mr. For-, said. The songs may have been lani said, but added that open breaks "did not take seed."

The Socialists published political manifestoes written by imprisoned terrorists as demanded by the Red Brigades as a condition for sparing Judge D'Urso, but the Reoublicans and many Christian Democrats opposed any conces-

sions to the terrorists. Mr. Forlani also defended his government's decision to shut on an island off Sardinia after the urban guerrillas demanded that it be closed. The Justice Ministry said at the time that the decision

had been planned since the start of The police said that Judge D'Urso told them the "psychologi-cal conditions were terrible" during his captivity, although the ter-

rorists did not harm him physical-Judge D'Urso said he was

Chilean, but he was not sure.

There is certainly somebody inside the Red Brigades who understood my work completely," the lice. They are still hunting for a missing criminology professor, Giovanni Senzani, who worked as a special adviser for the prison sys-

ber of the Red Brigades.

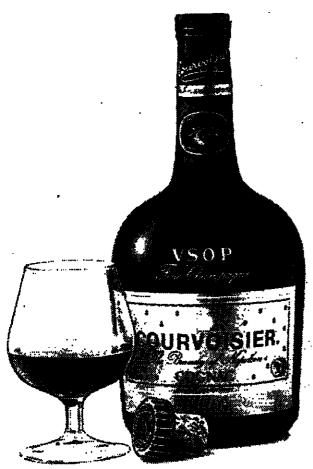
Judge D'Urso, who had the sensitive job of deciding which prisoners should be transfered to maximum-security prisons, was interrogated for hours by his captors. He told the police the Red Brigades had a great deal of information

about the Italian prison system. tem and is believed to be a mem-

There was no immediate indica-tion of what Judge D'Urso himself may have told the Red Brigades.

Judge D'Urso's family said he would hold a press conference Saturday to talk about his ordeal. His doctor said the judge's physical condition was good, although he slept poorly Thursday night.

forced to wear stereo earphones and listen to "revolutionary songs" for up to 12 hours a day, the police "I don't deny that problems ex-Cognac Courvoisier...
The French way of life.



**COGNAC COURVOISIER** 

tion for victory is to "get inside the adversary's observation-orientation-decision-action time cycle."

Folkentrum Str. 9, Munich

Eu. 1911 5 Rue Daunou, PARIS Just tell the taxi driver 'sank roo doe noo''

HARRY'S N.Y. BAR ®

idea was to disrupt enemy plans and alliances, subdue him without too much of a fight, and avoid protracted war. Many of early history's most successful military commanders in the East, such as Genghis Khan and Tamerlane, followed

Jail in lite

Tzu's prescription.

European Britain

er colonies M MOSI VIVI-Western re-Caribbean

S. so extend

ohically ap-

he economic

and Grenada

Pro-Western

followed in

St Lucia in

excently last

ince under.

intoon with

Mr. Dijoud

MIL OF L.S.

ockpile

signed a for-

ment in Nor-

rushed there

ben Komer.

States. "This

Sees around

t his country

SPECSSION OF

wrely defen-

Norway in

100 trailers

Pribery

aliatzeira, 42

y on bribery

ister's parlia-

seeing Mayor

the minister

io three insti-

rough Moshe

at Party split

Cition on the

traing coals-

November.

DOCALINE THE ..

My over the

BAN OURT

the Knesset.

7 charge of

religiou ...

€.**630€**8 ::-

Killed .

en l'en. Habinisse Ha-l'enen. Incal govern-

Sea peri er

giacy said

**Setims** 

ADDAS ENTRE A ...

propriety against

Communicati

if aparticum:

vers

aucio 🛪 🖖

Acts pa air

ending 🐃

martia -

le unpaci es

man powers

dementation of

decrees 21

変性が 2000年の

-

Aspender -

MAKE . 2 .

Minte

h the Pour

00 acmber

NS INC.

marija, i.a.

g be water

is right

are street

gat we are in

before the

etatable po-

see the man

超2 2 12 11

MENTS Pro-

grant to the

I does to !

cies ....

Wall by

gatte fie w.

and for 2"

李孝 李红红

TECH SOL

di:

TESTS.

ions

هكذا سندلتعل

# Reagan Considers tiff Spending Cuts

French Cura By Peter Behr
Sur, and Machington Past Service
County of the HINGTON — President leagan has begun reviewing cagan has degun reviewing lai had ham reductions throughout temporare throughout temporare the ham the same stic budget, from tougher in the and that Within and student loan programs that Within the land student loan programs that Wash and student loan programs that Wash exp cutbacks in federal credit unal control of the student loan programs to the student loan programs.

There is now administration began the new administration began there is new administration began there is new Thorsday and hopes to ing to strike it is spending and tax projected in the total the total the two plans will be consult in the new administration leaders and the financial communication to that there must be action Amencal tagress and the internal carried by sending before tax cuts take

Dave Stockman, R-Mich. in Marine Leagan's choice as director of Parhaps of Management and Budgonld not receive a 1981 tax

The the it he said that does not reflect since 1979 invagrading of individual tax has belief, in Mr. Reagan's economic chitated and gy. Assuming that Congress in the West three or four months to pass independent it ax bill, it would then references esseral months more to Encourage several months more to trend: Free se the withholding schedules itdenth are advidual taxpayers, and only deloupe any would the effect of the tax cut recent spate, ar on paychecks, Rep. Stock-

matton and said. sions that e eagan aides are concentrating arrianer on his in spending and budget ausland the City in the 1982 fiscal-year In December, and once programs have an arron by targeted there, they expect to each how backward, trimming as much French he assible from these programs in Estaing the political counterattack has

Estangar political counterattack has place the medical counterattack has place the medical political counterattack has place the medical political counterattack has placed the medical political po of the American Federation The state, County and Municipal The state, County and Municipal The state loyees, said in a speech if the Reagan administration to launch its anti-inflation Company for social programs such as lettered as stamps, welfare, health care in humemployment compensation Mr Decare same time it hands out tax and the compositions of the compa-"....نتخت and the wealthy."

Budget proposals by Reagan

 More stringent eligibility standards for a number of individual benefit programs such as food stamps, Medicaid and Aid to Families with Dependent Children the principal welfare program for poor families — on the theory that current rules allow benefits to go to those who are not truly needy.

The specific changes in eligibility rules under consideration have not been disclosed. One likely approach would be to restrict the amount of money a low-income, working parent can earn and still qualify for AFDC or food stamp assistance, said congressional aides who have worked with the Reagan transition staff. AFDC recipients can deduct work-related expenses such as transportation and tools in determining whether their income is below the eligibility ceiling.

· Limits on extended unemployment benefits - 13 weeks of additional unemployment aid that becomes available when the national unemployment rate reaches 4.5 percent. Reagan aides reportedly have been considering raising this trigger point, and changing the program to bar extended payments in states with unemployment rates. below the national trigger level on the ground that providing extend-ed jobless benefits in these states makes unemployed persons less likely to seek available jobs.

 A broad campaign to restrict the credit activities of the federal government, which, in Rep. Stockman's view, constitute an open checkbook that helps finance or support many activities beyond the direct control of Congress or the administration.

The Reagan staff is focusing in particular on the Federal Financing Bank, created in 1974 to centralize borrowing activities by a number of federal agencies. Borrowing by the bank has grown rapidly, from \$14.5 billion in fiscal 1980 to an estimated \$23 billion in the current fiscal year, as, for example, it increased its purchase of disaster loans issued by the Farmers Home Administration.

The obligations of such federal agencies, once taken over hy the Federal Financing Bank, ultimately are financed by Treasury borrowing, adding to the government's demand for credit.

# eagan Advisers Attack Eirter Budget as Political

zmity Steven R. Weisman New York Tin

7 ... ISHINGTON - President-Reagen's top economic advis-\_\_\_\_\_f budget as "a very political" that would have to be grant and "from top to bottom" by i keew administration.

Comments Thursday after a ing with Mr. Reagan on the mr. Reagan on the lesignated director of Management and lesignated that Mr. Reagan d propose emergency meato cut both spending and tax-

ical document, Rep. Stock-said of the \$739.2-billion get submitted by Mr. Carter. think that we're going to have vise it from top to bottom, bee clearly it's not an acceptable policy, and it would only

iomy." ith Rep. Stockman was Don-Regan, who is designated to be sury secretary and who also scipated in the meetings that president-elect held Thursday. re meetings on the economy are duled Friday, aimed at proing a comprehensive economic

by mid-February. oth Mr. Regan and Rep. kman again refused to specify spending cuts they would pro-Rep. Stockman said only

that his staff was developing "a

very, very long options list."
"We are looking at every area, every agency, every program," he added, "and, given the magnitude of the expenditure control measures that we'll have to put in place, it's my judgment at this point that there won't be any area of the government that will es-

Aides to Mr. Reagan have said that they were studying such changes as reducing eligibility for unemployment compensation and placing new limitations on such programs as Medicaid, welfare, Social Security and food stamps. Also being examined are possible spending cuts in bousing subsidies, energy programs and the highway construction program.

Rep. Stockman said Mr. Carter's projection of a \$27.5-billion deficit next year should be estimated more realistically at sub-stantially more than \$50 billion, but he declined to specify the basis for that estimate.

He said that part of his assessment rested on his contention that one of Mr. Carter's revenue sources, the \$13 billion anticipated from a proposed 10-cent-a-gallon gasoline tax, was unrealistic because the tax would not be approved by

Congress.
"If you look very carefully at that budget, you will see the rela-tively low deficit is entirely cosmetic and artificial." Rep. Stockman said.

highway engineer, he invested wisely, bought land, retired in Mount Shasta in northern California and undertook a luday mentality" has recurred in world But the affable Mr. Moss, 52, fears society will collapse and it will then be

every man for himself. "I've laid by gold and silver," he said, "\$60,000 worth in different spots." He prows and preserves his own truits and vegetables, and has stored 200 pounds of grain in metal containers. He also has several rifles and several shotguns," mostly for hunting but if necessary, he said, "for shooting people," along with reloads for 10,000 rounds of ammuni-

By Wayne King .

New York Times Service

fortable and secure middle age. As a

crative second career in real estate.

"I don't think I would shoot anyone who was hungry if he would just come and knock on my door and ask," he said, "but if he would try to break in, I'd whoot him in a minute." shoot him in a minute.'

Vision of Apocalypse

Mr. Moss is by no means alone in his vision of apocalypse. He is a survivalist, one of an apparently growing number of Americans who, in a dark reprise of the bomb shelter era of the 1950s, are storing food, stocking bunkers, buying guns and preparing for disaster. Beyond the

threat of nuclear war, they are haunted by the specter of economic collapse, technological breakdown, natural disas-SAN FRANCISCO - By most standter, an oil shutoff, foreign invasion, urards, Charles Moss has achieved a com-

ban warfare or a Communist takeover. Dr. Alan Dundes, professor of anthropology and folklore at the University of California at Berkeley, said a "dooms-

dangers civilization. "Something," says Mr. Oie, "has to collapse."

Growing U.S. 'Survival' Movement Prepares for Society's Collapse

Just as motivation varies among survivalists, so does the degree of preparation. Some simply put aside food, while others arm themselves. Most are secre-

parts and other goods until the economy stabilizes around gold. Mr. Ruff has a syndicated weekly television program

"Asking how many survivalists there are is like asking how many spies there

#### and his \$145-a-year newsletter has 160,000 subscribers. Another popular Ruff book, "Famine and Survival in America," offers advice on how to feed yourself when society falls apart. Sales of storage food are booming,

## Doomsaying Americans 'take to the hills to fend off the nuclear holocaust with a shotgun and a supply of food.'

history, but that the survivalist cult was distinctly American. "Most individuals in societies fearing collapse usually band together in large groups and establish new communities," he said. "But Americans have a strong undercurrent of rugged individualism, of vigilantism even. Americans take to the hills to fend off the nuclear holocaust with a shotgun and a supply of food." Such a response, he said, results from

fear that one cannot control the future and fear of society's growing complexi-

Roger Oie, one of 12 adults and six children who moved 110 miles north of Phoenix to live as survivalists on a 12-acre ranch, initially fled urban pollution and problems, but he now believes that natural disaster or nuclear holocaust en-

are," said Kurt Saxon, 48, a leading doomsayer of the movement who contends that he coined the term "survivalist." But there are some indications that the number is significant and growing.

Mr. Saxon, one of a number of survivalist writers, published "The Poor Man's James Bond," a book on homemade weaponry that is a mainstay of the heavily armed breed of survivalist. He said he has distributed 100,000 copies in nine years. His four-volume, six-pound work, "The Survivor," a collection of 19th-century survivalist technology, sells less briskly.

Howard Ruff's best-seller, "How to Cope During the Coming Bad Years," predicts a period of chaos induced by economic collapse. He suggests storing food, clothing, medicine, automobile

and there is hardly a major city without an outlet. The San Francisco Yellow Pages list a half-dozen, some purveying the nationally distributed "Ruff-Recommended" varieties.

#### Food in the Walls

Sales at Joger Freeze-Dried Food in Brooklyn, N.Y., have increased fivefold in as many years, said the manager, Jay Clark, "I'm not going to tell you which town," he said, "but we stock the houses of most of a New Jersey fire department against whatever might fall from the

There is survival real estate, too. In La Verkin, Utah, the newest and tallest building is the two-story sales office for a planned 240-unit underground con-dominium project. For \$39,000, a buyer will get a one-bedroom, 12-by-30-foot

of reinforced concrete overhead and four years' supply of food in the walls

and ceilings. Ron Boutwell, president of Survive Tomorrow Inc., reports a deluge of in-quiries about the project, dubbed Ter-rene Ark I. "Almost all are professional people or own their own business," he

In Hood River, Ore., Joel Skousen, president of Survival Homes Corp., says the concern's two architects have designed 20 survival homes costing from \$100,000 to \$800,000 in various parts of the country in the last three years. The homes provide fallout protection and other amenities, he said, so that the owner can face "anything that happens where the normal structure and law and order break down."

There is also something of a bull market in survivalist training. Mike McKinney, a former Los Angeles police officer who is now a "survival counselor," advises clients to keep at least one high-powered rifle and 2,000 to 3,000 rounds

He said he has a five-year supply of survival food and a cache of 100 weapons, including 30 small rifles for barter. But he also figures that the man who is well armed will not have to barter.

"If you came to me with a month's worth of freeze-dried goods to trade to me for my M-1A rifle," he said, "I'd end up with both my M-1A and the food."

# **Senate Panel Delays** Its Vote on Donovan

WASHINGTON — The Senate Labor and Human Resources Committee has postponed indefi-nitely a vote on President-elect Reagan's selection for secretary of labor, Raymond Donovan, cause of new information about possibly improper activity report-ed by committee staff investigators and the FBI.

According to Senate sources, a witness currently under FBI pro-tection has told investigators that Mr. Donovan made illegal payments to him in order to buy labor peace for his company, the Schiavone Construction Co. of Secaucus, N.J.

When asked for comment about the charges of making illegal pay-ments, Mr. Donovan said: "That is scurrilous and untrue and that will be proven. There is no evidence, absolutely groundless. I will not withdraw. I have no reason to

## Good Name

drive me away.
"I am buoyed by the true support of the administration, my friends and business associates but particularly by Jeremiah 12:5, which says, 'If you run with foot-men and they have tired you out, then how can you compete with horses. If you fall down in a land of peace, how will you do in the

would not be able to function well in his new job anyway.

#### By Philip Shabecoff Mr. Reagan, when asked whether there was a possibility that he might withdraw Mr. Dono-New York Times Service

The sources said that if true, the allegations could conflict with sworn testimony by Mr. Donovan at his confirmation hearing on Monday. They also said that they could mean serious trouble for onfirmation of Mr. Donovan by

"I had all good reasons to come to Washington and they are still valid. I now have all the more reason to stay — I will not see my name, my family's name and the name of my company be maligned. We have worked too long all these years to be seen in the business and labor community as people of integrity and no one can steal that from me. Immendo and speculation about that integrity cannot

thicket of the Jordan.

He explained the quote meant if he couldn't stand the heat now he

Associates of Mr. Donovan said Sen. Orrin Hatch, D-Utah, chairman of the Senate committee, had indicated that the investigation could be cleared up by Monday. The Senate sources were skeptical that it could be even close to being wrapped up by next week.

Panel Believes Swede Is Alive

# Russia Urged to Reopen Wallenberg Case

Mr. Wallenberg managed to issue

protective passes to about 20,000

lews and to assist indirectly per-

When Soviet troops entered Bu-

dapest in January, 1945, Mr. Wal-

lenberg and his driver were placed

under what was described to the

Swedish Foreign Ministry a month

later as Soviet protection. It was,

assumed that the Soviet Union re-

garded him as a possible spy for

the Soviet deputy foreign minister at the time, told the Swedish gov-

ernment that the diplomat was not

in the Soviet Union and was un-

known to the Soviet authorities.

The Russians changed their story

The most unusual testimony

presented to the panel Thursday

But in 1947, Andrei Vyshinsky.

haps 100,000 more.

the United States.

By John Vinocur New York Times Service

TOCKHOLM — An interna-tal panel has called on the Sovi-Juion to reopen the case of Ra-Wallenberg, the Swedish diplopresumed to have disappeared oviet prisons after saving thoufinal days of World War IL ulter a hearing in which the was told that Mr. Wallen-

g had been seen alive in the So-Union after the Soviet authorireported him dead, the group ement could not have been true that "tragic misinformation" been advanced about the dipart's fate. cluded that the original Soviet

We have every reason to berunat he is still alive," said a hution adopted on Thursday the panel, which was headed by grid Garde Wideman a most of the panel with the pa e that he is still alive," said a panel, which was headed by grid Garde Widemar, a justice of Swedish Supreme Court and chairman of the Swedish Daniel Blenham llenberg Association, which insorted the meeting.

ing prisoners of war mentioned Mr. Wallenberg. Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko reported that a search of prison archives shound that Mr. Wallenberg archives shound that Mr. W

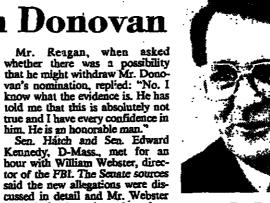
A member of a prominent family
of bankers and industrialists,
Wallenberg would be 69 was
today. The Wallenberg would be 69 years today. The Swedish government to Budapest in mid-Page 1

years for espionage in Soviet jails from 1930 to 1957. "I met Raoul 1944 at the request of the U.S. War Refugee Board and the World Jew-ish Congress to try to save Hun-Wallenberg in December, 1947," Mr. Shimkevich said. "Nothing is garian Jews from deportation to Nazi extermination camps. With forgotten in prison." what was described as bluff, hero-Other testimony came from ism and contempt for convention,

Simon Wiesenthal, who runs the Jewish Documentation Center in Vienna. He said that Gennadi Kupriyanov, a Soviet general sentenced to prison for participation in an alleged plot, told a reliable informant now in the West that he had spent time with Mr. Wallenberg in 1953, 1955 and 1956. An American, Marvin Makinen.

professor of biophysics at the University of Chicago, who was arrested by the Soviet authorities in 1961 and spent 28 months in prison on espionage charges, told the panel that a cell mate spoke to him of the presence of a Swede at a time when officials in Stockholm knew of no other possible Swedish prisoners in the Soviet Union except Mr. Wallenberg.

dence from the Soviets about his fate, and considerable material indicating that Raoul Wallenberg did not die as we've been told said a member of the panel, Gideon Hausner, the chief Israeli prosecutor in the trial of Adolf Eichwas a report from Andre Shimkevicann. "Therefore, with, who said that he served 27 idea that he is alive. mann. "Therefore, we cling to the



was asked to investigate them thor-

Informent's Reliability

some question about the reliability

of the informant and it was entire-

ly possible that the allegations

When asked about the post-

ponement of the vote on Mr. Do-

novan, Sen. Hatch would say only

that "we have not been able to

complete our investigation of some

of the things that have been called

to the attention of the committee.

It is our constitutional duty, our

duty to President-elect Reagan and

van to conduct our investigation in

we are going to do. We are going to treat people with dignity and re-spect but we will not overlook in-

According to the Senate sources,

the informant, a convicted crimi-

nal under FBI protection, contact-

ed the committee this week after

seeing Mr. Donovan's picture in

the paper in connection with the confirmation hearing on Monday.

tee the man in the picture, whom he knew as "Ray" had contacted him personally 15 or 20 times dur-ing 1967 and 1968 to give him pay-

ments from the Schiavone firm.

The payments were ostensibly for

truck deliveries to a company con-

struction site but the trucks were never delivered. Instead, according

to the sources, the informant said

the payments were actually to buy

labor peace - meaning no strikes

or other job actions - from a

The Senate sources also said the

The informant told the commit-

a fair and honest way and is wha

formation we are given."

cially our duty to Ray Dono-

were untrue.

The sources also said there was

FBI report on the alleged connec tion between the informant and the company specifically named "Raymond J. Donovan."

In his testimony Monday, Mr. Donovan had told the committee: We have never been extorted, we have never given a payoff." He was replying to questions about a Justice Department report of a 1977 incident in which the company had hired a "ghost" em-Ployee of Teamster Local 282 in New York "to maintain labor peace." A "ghost" employee is one who is paid but does not show up

for work. the chauffeur of the Teamster local's business agent, was hired not in response to extortion but to honor a collective bargaining agreement. He also told the committee he had not heard about the incident until two days previously

The new information that caused the postponement of Thursday's confirmation hearing was about an entirely different construction project, however, the Senate sources said. They also said that a different Teamster local was

At the Monday meeting, Mr. Donovan was also questined about a \$13,000 check his company had written to another concern, later found to be a dummy group, that funneled illegal payments to al-legedly corrupt new Jessey politicians. Mr. Donovan said the pay-ment was made for a bona fide business purpose — to pay for a site on which to dump debris from a construction site.

# **Smith Outburst Seen** As Uncharacteristic

By Edward T. Pound

New York Times Service LOS ANGELES -- A day or two after William French Smith, the attorney general-designate, was criticized by a newspaper columnist for socializing with Frank Sinatra, Mr. Smith's wife, Jean, phoned a close friend to complain about the unfairness of it all.

Holmes Tuttle, the friend, had some advice for Mrs. Smith to pass on to her husband, who was angry because William Safire, a colum-nist for The New York Times, had uestioned the propriety of Mr. Smith's attending a birthday party for Mr. Sinatra, 65, long an associate of organized crime figures. Mr. Smith had called the column a "cheap shot."

I "advised her," Mr. Tuttle, a Los Angeles automobile dealer and also a close friend of President-elect Reagan, "to tell Bill to cool it, not to be so thin-skinned."

He said that Mr. Reagan contin-ued to maintain his friendship with Mr. Sinatra, and he said he expected that Mr. Smith would do the same. Mr. Tuttle, who has raised millions of dollars for Mr. Reagan's campaigns, said he was nun's angry re action. "He's not thin-skinned and he has a great sense of humor,'

Mr. Smith's testy reaction was apparently uncharacteristic, for it differs from the general impression

male-only clubs in California.

Haited Press Inter

Mr. Smith defended his membership and said he had no plans

to quit them. In 1976, former Attorney General Griffin Bell re-

signed from two private clubs. Two years ago, Attorney General Benjamin Civiletti issued a statement saying it was inappropriate for top government officials to belong to clubs that discriminated.

SISTUS.

mine the effect of the husbands'

smoking on the risk of lung cancer in nonsmoking wives.

Mr. Tuttle said.

of him in California, where he has practiced law for 35 years and serves as senior partner of one of Los Angeles' two largest law firms,

Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher. In interviews with about 20 lawyers, friends and opponents, Mr. Smith emerged as an intensely private, almost passionless, man who is steady under the most trying cir-cumstances and whose judgment as a corporate lawyer is described as nearly impeccable.

Besides characterizing the Safire column as a "cheap shot" in a brief meeting with the columnist last week, Mr. Smith told The Washington Post that reports about his appearance at the party last month were "scurrilous." The Post said he used the word "scurrious" three times and then added, am I making myself clear?"

Mr. Smith's transition from the

quiet chambers of his downtown law offices and the boardrooms of California — he serves as a director of Crocker National Bank and six other corporations - has begun with his confirmation hearings before the Senate Judiciary Com-

Mr. Tuttle and Mr. Smith are both members of Mr. Reagan's inner circle of California con tive friends who have guided his political career, raised campaign money and actively worked for him, dating to his initial campaign for governor in 1966.

The 63-year-old Mr. Smith also

## While governor, Mr. Reagan ap-pointed Mr. Smith to the board of regents of the University of California, a position he has held since

elect's net worth.

There is some concern among moderates and liberals that Mr. Smith, given his conservative bent. will not push hard in the civil rights area. His opponents recall that Mr. Smith was in the forefront of the move to dismiss Angela Davis, a black activist and avowed Communist, from the faculty at the University of California

William French Smith during

committee hearing Thursday.

has long served as Mr. Reagan's personal attorney and as a trustee of his financial affairs. In this ca-

pacity, Mr. Smith has helped Mr.

Reagan with investments that have

vastly increased the president-

at Los Angeles in 1970. The move was opposed by the faculty. As a regent, Mr. Smith had to make public a financial statement last April It shows holdings worth several hundred thousand dollars



# Wives of Smokers Face Lung Cancer Risk

By Lawrence K. Altman

New York Times Service
NEW YORK — Wives who did not smoke but were exposed to their husbands' cigarette smoke developed lung cancer at a much higher rate than nonsmoking wives of nonsmoking husbands, according to results of a major 14-year

study in Japan.
The risk to nonsmoking wives was directly related to the amount their husbands smoked, and that risk was one-half to one-third that of direct smoking. Results of the statistical study,

which are being published in the Friday issue of The British Medical Journal, "appear to explain the long-standing riddle of why many women develop hing cancer al-though they themselves are nonsmokers," Dr. Takeshi Hirayama, the author of the study, said. Dr. Hirayama is chief epidemiologist of the National Cancer Center Research Institute in Tokyo.

The study also strengthens the thesis that the effect of tobacco smoke on the nonsmoker, which has been variously called passive, second-hand or involuntary smoking, may be a cause of lung cancer in the general population.

## Increasing Evidence

The study adds to a growing body of evidence implicating passive smoking as a health hazard. A study published last year suggested that passive smoking might cause damage to the small airways in the lungs of nonsmokers. Other stud-"We've had no satisfactory eviies have suggested that passive smoking may aggravate nonsmokers' pre-existing chronic heart and lung conditions.

Lung cancer is a major health

problem throughout the world. In

1981, it is estimated, 122,000

Americans will be told that they

have lung cancer, and only about 10 percent will live another five or

more years because of the ineffec-tiveness of available treatments. The lungs are the leading site of cancer in U.S. men who are 35 and older. In women, lung cancer deaths are rising so fast that experts expect them to exceed breast cancer deaths by the middle of this decade, becoming the No. I cancer

killer of women.

As the epidemiological evidence

linking the rise of lung cancer with cigarette smoking has increased, many experts have theorized that passive smokers have a greater risk of developing lung cancer than those who are not exposed to smoke. Such theories are based on the knowledge that second-hand smoke of cigarettes contain large amounts of toxic substances, inciuding carcinogens.

Japanese Results

William Toobey, a spokesman for the Tobacco Institute in Washington, said that he had not seen the Japanese study and could not comment until he had.

In the Japanese study, Dr. Hirayama reported, there was up to a twofold increase in death rates from lung cancer for nonsmoking women who were continually ex-

Central Reservations.

posed to their husbands' smoking. Women whose husbands smoked more than 20 cigarettes a day were found to have a risk of lung cancer 2.08 times higher than women whose husbands did not smoke. If the husbands smoked one to 19 cigarettes a day, the risk was 1.61 times higher than for the wives of

The relative risk of developing cancer was much nigher in various subgroups, particularly in agricul-tural families. The risk of developing lung cancer for nonsmoking wives of agricultural workers 40 to 59 years old who smoked two or more packages of cigarettes each day reached 4.6 times that of nonsmokers in agricultural areas, where the study's findings could not be complicated by urban air

The study, conducted from 1965 to 1979, involved 142,857 women and 122,261 men 40 and older in 29 of the about 800 health center districts in Japan. Those totals represented from 91 percent to 99 percent of the census population in each district. The study was undertaken to measure the effects on health of a wide variety of factors.

# STAY IN LONDON AT PRICES YOU CAN STILL AFFORD.

●675 attractive rooms in six Hotels in South Kensington. With rapid access by public transport to all parts of London. Direct Tube to London Airport, Heathrow, and Victoria for Gatwick. Singles from £12.15, Twins from £19.40, inclusive of English Breakfast, Service and 15% VAT. For reservations, brochure, tariff, write or phone Miss Newman,

> North Hotels of London 58 Cromwell Road, London SW7 5BZ England. Tel; 01-589 1212, Telex: 262180.



such as cigarette smoking, alcohol drinking, occupation and marital Because detailed questions about personal habits, including smoking habits, were asked of husbands and wives separately at the start of the study, Dr. Hirayama said he could specifically deter-LONDON: The Savoy Hotel, The Strand London WC2B 0BP, Tel, 01-535 4343

WHSMITH as much as selection **English books** from 19-31 January 248, rue de Rivoli

75001 Paris France

Tél. 260.37.97

Page 4 Saturday-Sunday, January 17-18, 1981

# Soviet Gas and the Allies

The economic incentives for a major East-West energy deal are compelling. Western Europe needs fuel, the Soviet Union needs capital. That is why allied governments want to provide \$15 billion for a 3,000-mile pipeline that will tap Siberia's gas fields for their public utilities.

But many Americans fear that a strategic risk lurks beneath the opportunity. Tripling gas purchases from Moscow, they think, would erode Europe's ability to resist Soviet diplomacy. They say recent Soviet reductions in gas exports demonstrate a capacity for political manipulation of energy supplies.

The critics of the new gas deal have a point: Energy dependence inevitably limits political choice. But Europe has no realistic expectation of energy self-sufficiency. It can best protect its freedom by reducing dependence on any one source, especially Middle East oil. Moreover, greater Soviet energy production will increase total world supply and thus relieve the pressure on all energy

Unlike the United States, Western Europe needs foreign fuel to survive. Britain, Norway and the Netherlands get an abundance of gas and oil from the North Sea; mines on the Continent yield large amounts of coal. But Europe must still import two-thirds of its fuel. Most of it now comes in the form of oil from North Africa and the Gulf.

At least as a secondary source, the Soviet Union is probably a much more reliable supplier than OPEC, certainly more reliable than the mercurial regimes of Iran, Libya and Iraq. In its quest for Western technology and capital, the Soviet Union has tried to build a reputation for meeting its commercial commitments. It did cut gas exports to West Germany and Austria by about a third this winter. But analysts attribute this to unanticipated difficulties in satisfying domestic needs. There is no evidence of a political mo-

One need not, in any case, find the Russians above suspicion to see the advantages of the pipeline. And in an uncertain world, the West will simply be better off with diverse energy sources. Big as it is, the project would never supply more than 3 or 4 percent of Europe's energy. Moreover, the pipeline will accelerate development of large but isolated fuel fields in Siberia. That would obviously help the Soviet economy; but it would also help all energy importers by enlarging the world supply. And it might delay the day when the Soviet-bloc countries compete for

There are no comfortable ways out of the energy squeeze. Those who see danger in the Moscow connection should also weigh the alternatives. It is energy dependence that led France to sell nuclear reactors to Iraq. And such dependence is persuading West Germany to forsake its conservatism and sell sophisticated weapons to Saudi Arabia. The Soviet pipeline may actually reduce unwelcome political pressures.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

# Carter's Report Card

"It's funny," a friend of President Carter said the other day, "how, since the election, somebody who is merely president of the United States has disappeared from sight. It's as though Jimmy Carter has fallen off the table." It's true, but the reason is not simply that the public is fickle. Even when the president has sought visibility, as with his farewell address Wednesday night, it has been hard to pay attention. His presidency has lived in the shadow of the hostage crisis for 14 months, and never more than now.

Yet the farewell speech deserves attention, for in it, Mr. Carter fastened more on the future than on the present or past. He seemed less interested in helping history grade his report card than in creating a tough new one by which to measure his successor.

If Mr. Carter had been interested simply in soliciting credit for accomplishments, he might have mentioned his courageous deregulation of gas and oil, the Camp David accords, the Panama Canal treaties, his job programs, the advancement of women and minorities. If he had been interested in discussing the biggest problems, he would have at least mentioned the dismal economic picture, which worries Americans more than anything and, more than anything, probably accounted for his defeat.

Why then did he limit himself to three major points — nuclear arms control, the environment and human rights? Perhaps because those are issues that people associate most favorably with him in the polls: more likely it was because those are issues on which he and his successor differ most sharply. It sounded as though the president was saying, let's just see now how well President-elect Reagan. who has been scornful of all three, does on these issues that people care so deeply about. Mr. Carter stood, sometimes uncertainly,

for progress on all three. He worked to limit nuclear weapons and also the spread of plutonium for nuclear energy. If his devotion to human rights seemed pietistic at times in Asia or Eastern Europe, it was inspirational in Africa and Latin America. On the environment, his administration demonstrated repeatedly that protection can be squared with development.

By our lights, there's certainly nothing wrong here; it is a praiseworthy roster. And yet something about the speech seemed odd, out of register for a farewell address. The speech presented an opportunity to reflect on the modern presidency, to tell the public what he has learned in the Oval Office. But there was not much of that.

For the most part, Mr. Carter was judging Mr. Reagan rather tham himself - just as. throughout his term of office, he was quicker to respond to external events than to assert his own goals and priorities. Even when, briefly, he described the need for a strong president, he seemed to be insisting that all the factors that caused Mr. Carter to be perceived as a weak one were external.

Mr. Carter brought powerful personal values to office. If his human rights pronouncements sometimes sounded moralistic, they were grounded in genuine morality and in a sense of duty to act against poverty and intolerance. He promised an administration that would not lie and by and large, even at the risk of looking clumsy, it did not.

Was this a weak president or only a time of a weak presidency? Was Mr. Carter an oustanding president, as 3 percent of the public thinks, or a poor one, as 15 percent thinks? Whatever the polls say, there's no outguessing history. What is clear is that Mr. Carter was a decent president.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

# The Farewell Budget

President Carter's last budget - his wouldhave-been budget - is a dare to Presidentelect Reagan. It dares him to try bringing down the deficit without either wrecking the social programs or raising taxes. As for Mr. Carter himself, in this budget for the fiscal year 1982, he comes out unequivocally for a large tax increase.

In the conventional terms that have prevailed until now, it's a tight budget. It increases very little more than the inflation rate, and that little is wholly concentrated on defense spending. To cut the present deficit in half, he would impose a walloping tax increase of about \$35 billion in real terms that is, above inflation. Part of it is the increase in the gasoline tax, a thoroughly good idea but one that Mr. Carter has proposed before without success. Most of this tax increase is the familiar process by which inflation pushes people into higher income tax

brackets. This tax increase would raise federal revenues to more than 22 percent of the gross national product - 3 percentage points higher than when he took office and slightly higher than the previous high-water mark in World War II. Four years ago he had pledged to hold this crucial ratio below 21 percent. In this budget, his last opportunity to set the terms of the debate over his presidency and its aftermath, he has chosen to defend his party's spending commitments at the cost of his own fiscal conservatism.

The federal deficit? Last year, counting off-budget spending, it was \$74 billion. This year, Mr. Carter's budget reveals, it will be around \$78 billion. Next year, if you cross out the Carter tax increase and substitute the Reagan tax cut, it would remain in just about the same range. That's the magnitude of the job awaiting Mr. Reagan as he tries to move it toward balance.

An outgoing president's budget can never do more than put questions to his successor. Mr. Carter's budget puts the right questions, crisply and clearly. The incoming administration wil seize this budget and, over the next month, impose its own first round of revi-'sions. That's the point at which the United States will begin to see, in hard numbers, Mr. Reagan's answers.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

## In the International Edition

# Seventy-Five Years Ago

PARIS — Today's editorial in the Herald reads: "Nothing could show more unmistakably the stability of the French Republic than the calm confidence of the poeple as regards the president who is to be elected today in Versailles. Whether the name of the new president be Fallieres, or Doumer, the result will be the same: The Republic will be in safe keeping. Mr. Fallieres may suit the Left. Mr. Doumer may seem preferable to the Right, but those are details that trouble only the politicians. Both candidates are staunch Republicans. The French nation is sincerely desirous of peace, and unless a war should be forced upon it, the maintenance of peace is absolutely

#### Fifty Years Ago January 17, 1931

FORT WORTH. Texas -- With memories of the dusty plains of the old West behind him, Reese Barton, 100-year-old Texas cowpuncher, died today at his home in the cow-town of Childress, literally with his boots on. Believed to have been the oldet active cowboy in the West, he continued to ride and rope until 1928, when he became superannuated. Even then Barton declined to "go of with the old folk and set by the chimney, but frequented the corral and could, if called upon, coil a lariat and swing it with accuracy, or in a playful mood dance in and out of a flying noose. He never tired of squatting on his boot heels and yarning about the stirring old days of



# On Genuine Migrants, Economic Refugees

By Iain Guest

The Cap Anamur is one of the so-called "mercy ships" that pick up Vietnamese boat people. It is chartered by a West German charity — A Ship for Vietnam — and in the early months of 1980 it probably saved hundreds of refugees from drowning, or rape by Thai pirates.

Today, however, this laudable humanitarianism has turned into one of the worst examples of meddling in the resettlement of Indo-

hinese refugees. If anyone considers these harsh words they should consult with Le Van Bien and Vo Duc Huy, who were fishing off Vietnam late last year when they spotted the Cap Anamur and dived into the sea. Within weeks they had been whisked for resettlement in West Germany, which, like other manitime nations, pledged to resettle any boat people picked up by its registered vessels after the drama of the boat people began to unfold

#### Nightmares

This sort of thing causes night-mares in the office of the UN High Commissioner for Refugees, (UNHCR) and the Intergovern-mental Commission for Migration, the two agencies which handle resettlement. It is deeply unfair on other refugees — particularly Lao-tian "land people," who have to wait as long as two years in Thai camps for resettlement and other boat people who arrive in Malay-sia or Hong Kong and are then held up in transit camps because they are single, suffer from tuberculosis, or are handicapped and so don't fit into strict immigration

Inevitably, too, it means that the lion's share of West Germany's refugee quota comes from the Cap Anamur's forays. This makes it harder for the West German government to follow a measured policy in resettlement aimed at reunitng families.

But what is perhaps most dis-turbing is that neither Le Van Bien, nor Vo Duc Huy were refugees in the accepted sense of having escaped from persecution. They simply spotted the opportunity for a better life and took it. The Cap Anamur encourages such aspirations by waiting just outside Vietnam's 12-mile territorial waters, it no longer even pretends to be combating piracy, since it an-chors well to the east of where boat people traditionally fall prey

to pirates.
The Cap Anamur illustrates what diplomats in South East Asia term the "pull factor" in Indochina's refugee crisis. It helps to explain why 6,376 boat people were still fleeing Vietnam in November, well over a year after the "successful" conference in Geneva. In Malaysia, the number of arrivals 2,177, crept up on those moved out, 2,529, and Malaysian authori-ties did little to discourage memo-ries of early 1979, when boats full of refugees were towed off and left

## Balance Tipped

Until now, the majority of Vietnam's refugees have been "pushed" not "pulled." They were driven out by re-education camps, discrimination against former al-lies of the United States, or deliberate policy against the Chinese ethnic minority.

But the balance has now tipped,

and the prospect of resettlement in North America, or Europe acts as a magnet. It is made more attractive by looming food shortages in Vietnam (where the United Nations is forecasting a deficit of 2 million tons in 1981) and the fear of being drafted for service in Cambodia, or on the Chinese bor-

Nor is the process of resettlement any longer intolerably slow or even uncomfortable. Only in Hong Kong are refugee camps really overcrowded, and even there refugees can work to relieve the boredom. Indonesia's refugee processing center on Galang Island will soon be able to accomodate 10.000, with all the amenities of a suburban town in the United

On top of it all, there are gener-ous quotas to be filled. One of

SINGAPORE — Right about now, a converted West German freighter should be hauling Vietnamese out of their rickety boats in the South China Sea.

President Carter's last acts as president was to extend the U.S. quota for Indochinese refugees, 14,000 a month, through 1981. But the United States has been scrambling. to fill this quota since the summer, often competing with other countries of resettlement: In November, the United States took only 8,871 refugees and many feel that the large quota creates a bureau-cratic momentum which is difficult to slow, and which attracts more

#### Blocked

One result is that economic migrants from Vietnam, and to a less-er extent Laos, are taking advan-tage of the special dispensation given to refugees to slip past puni-tive immigration laws. This is happening at a time when 150,000 Cambodians in UNHCR-administered "holding centers," and another 100,000 in camps on the Thai-Cambodian border are all but blocked for resettlement, because Thailand is afraid it would encourage more Cambodians to seek refuge in Thailand. The effect on Vietnam, of

course, is catastrophic, the hemor-rhage of professionals has simply worsened the economy, persuading more refugees to leave, the same is true of Laos, which has lost an estimated 10,000 of its population since 1975. As we enter the new decade, it will become more important to draw a distinction between genu-

gees, and the principal burden will be born by the UNHCR, whose charter obliges it to protect the for-mer, but not the latter. Somehow, the distinction must be drawn, otherwise the abuses

will provide ammunition for those

ine migrants and economic refu-

domestic critics of refugee programs who argue for a drastic cutback. This other extreme is equally unacceptable, since genuine refu-gees will continue to leave Indochina and other trouble-spots, in need of protection.

Perhaps, however callous it may seen, the time may have come for UNHCR to consider building some disincentive into the process of resettlement, instead of pouring more and more money into embellishing it, maybe a lengthier stay in the refugee processing centers of Bataan (Philippines), or In-donesia's Galang Island.

But West Germans, too, can help: by restraining the misplaced humanitarianism of the Cap Anamur and its sponsors, instead of feeing them with publicity and flooding them with contributions.

# Why Poland Cannot Feed Itself

By Leopold Unger

BRUSSELS — A young Pole is asked in school to express his idea of abundance.

"Abundance," he says, "is when potatoes, piled one on top of another, can reach heaven."
"Nonsense," his teacher replies,
"There's no such thing as heaven."

"And there's no such thing as potatoes," the youth retorts. But for Poles, this is not merely a joke. The lack of potatoes is real,

#### as is that of meat, butter, sugar and many other basic food items. Pleas for Grain

How then can it be that a nation with 40 percent of its workforce in farming is unable to feed itself; that despite its rich soil, it has to import about 9 million tons of grain each year — much of it from the United States — that it urged the European Common Market to send it the EEC's surplus food and pleaded that it be sent at subsidized prices that would mean a cost of \$50 million to the "capital-

ist taxpayers"? And once it has bought its food from abroad, even at reduced Western-subsidized prices, Poland will increase its already considerable debt by \$700 million to the United States and several hundred nillion more to Western Europe.

Warsaw was forced to halt all its gricultural exports this year while imports of food products will cost more than will be brought in by sales of coal, the nation's main currency earning export product. Polish agriculture is the victim

the governments since the war.
There are 3.5 million privately owned farms in Poland, which contain 75 percent of the arable land and produce 80 percent of the nation's food. Yet, prodded by an ideological aberration, the Com-

Gun Laws

Concerning The Washington Post editorial, "Gun Laws Work"

(IHT, Dec. 27-78), effective legisla-

tion which will restrict the harmful

use of firearms in the United

States is devoutly to be wished, but

it's no good pointing to the model examples of "foreign" nations.

tion of respect for authority. The British have a long tradition of re-

spect for tradition and law. For an

Englishman, a law is something which it is a positive pleasure to

obey. The Japanese have a long

tradition of group cohesion. Amer-

icans in general (and the National

Rifle Association has a lot of

The International Herald Tri-

bune welcomes letters from read-

ers. Short letters have a better

chance of being published. All let=

ters are subject to condensation

for space reasons. Anonymous

letters will not be considered for

publication. Writers may request

that their letters be signed only

with initials but preference will be given to those fully signed and

bearing the writer's complete address. The Herald Tribune

cannot acknowledge letters sent

to the editor.

The Germans have a long tradi-

-Letters-

of all the errors combined of all

munist regime has given its sup-port to the state-owned farms, which produced only 20 percent of the nation's agricultural output, and not to the private farms.

Instead of encouraging the de-velopment of family-managed farms, which have proven efficient throughout the world, the govern-ment has discriminated against these "kulaks" through tax and social measures, bringing about a di-vision of land into small holdings (90 percent of private farms are smaller than 22 acres), a drop in

the land. Private farmers found themselves unable to buy modern machinery or tractors, and were allowed to procure only limited amounts of coal, building materials and tools. In other words, the private farmers in Poland were condemned to an increasingly harder life, cut off from the rest of Polish society, yet dependent on government decisions to set the price of their products and on the goodwill and the whim of the po-

Although rural communities generally react slowly, the Polish farmers began to protest at about the same time as the workers. The first independent labor unions and self-defense farm committees began to be organized at about the same time in 1978. All these organizations were assisted and counseled from the very start by members of KOR, an association of intellectuals set up in Warsaw after the workers' rebellion of 1976.

When the strikes broke out last year in the Gdansk shipyards, the farmers reacted immediately. A number of them stopped sending their produce to the state markets and provided Gdansk strikers with what they needed. Several farmers'

bedrock support, ask any wise pol-

itician) will resent any mild effort

in the direction of gun control, mainly because of a deeply felt be-

lief that no government can be

completely trusted to ensure one's

A strict federal anti-handgun

measure would be largely evaded, ignored and resented, if it ever

managed to become law. The

Washington Post to the contrary,

this cultivated obstacle to effective gun controls is the biggest obstacle

of all, and — for the foreseeable

—it will remain so.

personal security.

In addition, the situation is very particular in Poland since both

both producers and consumers. Poland under a Communist re-

The question today, however, is more political than legal. The issue is not whether farmers have the have the right to program and plan

RICK BENGE.

groups got together and published a declaration which raked the Communist Party's farm policy over the coals. The party was forced to admit the evidence that despite all that it did for the stateowned farms, it was the private farms that persistently got better results in every aspect of agricul-

## Clear Point

The farmers' declaration made its point very clearly. The state must put an end to the reign of absordity and do everything in its power to improve the lot of private farmers. Above all, it must do away with the bureaucratic structures set up by the party in the name of ideology, and not that of production.

On Sept. 7, a farmer's assembly in Warsaw announced that it was setting up a new farmers' union. It adopted the name of Solidarity, the same as the independent labor union, and asked for official recognition by a Warsaw court. The farmer's demand was rejected on the pretext that the 1949 law goveming unions does not cover trade groups of farmers who are not salaried workers.

However, legal experts immediately let it be known that according to the international agreements signed by Poland since 1949, a union of farmers would be perfectly

workers and farmers have to deal with the same authority, that is the state. In Poland, the state is the only boss, the only distributing agency, the only buyer, the only supplier, the only trade partner for And the main actor of the na-tional farce.

gime is presented as a nation under an alliance of workers and farmers. In such a nation, there should be no reason why the farmers should not be able to enjoy the rights of workers, and no reason why certain members of the alliance should be less equal than oth-

right to set up their own union (they already have one) but if one day, Poland will be able to feed itself. In other words, if Poland will cease being a threat to stability — its own and that of the rest of the world - because its citizens do not as they wish their own abundance or their own heaven.

©1981, International Herold Tribune

# Carter: A Failur Of Politic

By Tom Wicker

NEW YORK - Pe Carter's farewell addi came him well. He offere wishes to the man who d him, reminded the nation o during values, and made a final appeal for the goals & most engaged him.

Toward two of these vation of the environment. tection of human rights. Carter achieved much. His ed and sometimes derided rights policy, in particular the task of restoring dece generosity to a world that had come to rest too and ineffectively on musc cy and blood.

Human Right Military and economic must have their due part, policy. But concern for rights, so far from being self-defeating, is the most expression of a nation con liberty and dedicated to th sition that all men are equal. And that proposition profound appeal to men a en everywhere, represents' gle greatest strength of th States — as long as U.S. d

it life. Mr. Carter's achieves human rights was incom; important, and the same said of his failure to achiev goal — further nuclear a trol. He was thwarted by et Union's blundering in Aphanistan; by a determ short-sighted opposition United States; and by mismanagement — in fireaching for an agreeme extensive than the Russi prepared to consider, and stumbling over the issue "combat troops" in Cuba,

Aside, however, from achievements and failu Carter's impending re Plains, Ga., impels the why such a disciplined at gent man, taking office much good will, and repri majority party that contre houses of Congress, coul what the American pec ously judged to be so little a tentative analysis, gir

Mr. Carter's failure to the economy effectively a believe, from his lack of economic attitude; hence have no real economic p efforts were marked from by vacillation and revers never clear whether in: growth or unemploymer main concern -- or wou week or next month; a words were seldom fol strong or even consistent

Beyond this vacuum a ter of his economic polic of Mr. Carter had a more ge ing: an inability to per American people. He pe the engineer's approaching "comprehensive" prothis subject or that, but 1 failed to mobilize publi in their support.

This failure was not f speechmaking and "to ings" and other public devices. Mr. Carter seen theless unable to stim sustain genuine commitm causes — perhaps becaus lic did not sense in him cal skills and understan could have built its confiengaged its lovalties

That public instinct w if my judgment is correct Carter's central failure for all his gifts and effort er established a p. coherent administration. this was owing partially Carter's inexperience in ton, and partially to his t ness to move outside a reassuring Southern circle more, I believe, to his lack of a clear and orderly possibilities and priorities

## Achievement.

Or take some of Mr. achievements - the Canal treaties, beginning gy policy, "rescuing" Socie ty at the cost of higher ta Camp David. There are f Camp David. There are I site - and as a well-place crat recently suggested That's an agenda for a

Such divisive, even bac ing issues were challenge always necessarily - before tive working relations was gress, smaller but more successes, and a record of accomplishment had give sufficient public confide political capital. Instead ing momentum toward h goals, he attacked them and head-long.

That may have been be was not political, a word its best sense describes m the art of winning electi defines what a president above all. ©1981, The New York Tu.

Publisher

Editor

Deputy Edito

# Herald Tribune

John Hay Whitney

Katharine Graham Arthur Ochs Salzberger Co-Chairmen

Intermetional Humid Tripiume, S.A. an capital de 1.001,000 P. B.C.
Paris No Ti B 212. 1794/131, ann. Citarius de Gaulle, 92521 Napillysur-Scien. Tel. 147-12-65. Their: 012718 Hernid. Paris. Debier Hernid.
Paris. Disconant de la publication: Water N. Thoper, U.S. anterchydea.
paris. Science desse possepe paris at Long Manue City,
R.V. 1716H d 1921 Intermetional Exercit Tribute. All rights reserved. General Manager, Asia: Alain Lenner, 24-34 Hennersy Road, Rotton 1801, Hong Kong, Tel. 5-28 56 18/9, Telex: 61170 INTHKHX.

Roland Pinson René Bondy Francois Desinaisons Richard H. Morgan

Lee W. Huebner

Mort Roseublum

Walter N. Wells

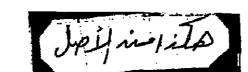
Robert K. McCabe

Stephen Klaidman

Associate Publi. Director of Fine Director of Circus

Director of Adver

Chief Editorial V



however, were cleared. The report

says that "two of the most senior.

though implicated, were not penal-

ized and even promoted." A high agency official was not certain

hether this took place in 1977 or

in another case, the deputy to the chief of administration, the

agency's principal financial officer,

agreed to cover any shortage in his

superior's personal bank account.

Two years ago the bank temporari-

ly covered one shortage by draw-ing on an employees' benevolent

fund. The deputy, a Jordanian named George Mouchabek, was one of two people entitled to sign checks from this fund. Interviewed

by telephone, he said the bank had made a mistake. His chief, Joseph

el-Haj, a Lebanese, died last February. Mr. Mouchabek is now the

acting chief, in charge of a budget of \$42.2 million for this year and

next, and he awaits the promotion

that he said Haj and others had

Questions of Propriety'

among a small group largely cen-tered in the office of the director of

personnel inevitably raise ques-

tions of propriety." According to a high UN official, two ranking but

subordinate officials in this key

office have said that they made

personal loans out of friendship to

the former assistant secretary-gen-eral in charge, Mohamed Gherab. The high official, who asked not to

be named, said the loans were

made after Mr. Gherab left the personnel post in 1979 and was

promoted to the rank of under sec-

retary-general. Both of those

named in the report denied that

they had made any loans to Mr.

Gherab, Mr. Gherab, a Tunisian,

says he received no loans and is the victim of "an inquisition, McCarthyism and an anti-Arab

A Uruguayan named Enrique

Iglesias, executive secretary of the

Latin American body, known as

Ecla, denied that his agency had been demoralized by the episodes cited in the report. "No, no, I wouldn't say this is the case," he

said. "These two things happened

very far back in the history of Ecia. What is affecting morale now

is the serious financial crisis which

is forcing us to reduce personnel

At UN headquarters, the report

"financial transactions

recommended for him.



Military of PPSIES HALTED — Gypsy children look through the rain-spotted window of a Dutch police there is lice van after being taken from their caravans. About 100 Gypsies moved out of the policies to the lands six days ago, but they were stopped at the Belgian border. They will be identified to be sent back to their own countries.

# sition that carter Places Sharp Restrictions equal And carter Places Sharp Restrictions Cle Steales On Export of Hazardous Items

Mr. Care. By Joanne Omang Washington Post Service important & Wishington Post Service said of his & SHINGTON — President to has signed an executive or-

2021 — into r has signed an executive or-trol. He as, harply limiting the export of et Union's facts that are banned or re-Aghanistan and from use in the United

refugee pro-

me is equally

mine rein.

zve Indochi-

pots, in need

illous it may

recome for

ar building

the process

d of pouring

into embe.

athier stay in

A Centers of

ipa er la-

4, 100, car

MI, msicad

abbaity and

MODES CALLS

the state

🌬 reign 🦿

ything in it.

of of private

gratic struc-

merty in the

ma that of

C'S ASSESSED 1

that it was

se union ii

Soldania

**ndent** labe:

Tions serve

pourt The

maceied -

📆 [3 G 5: . .

conce mese

are set :--

rts immo:

hat sound-

iges.

be periods

mon is 15.

SUBCC ....

gree to the

, that is the

glate is the

distribution;

r the -partrer for

of the na-

amurist Tr

MATLE AT

orkers and

dien there

s the imp

Design the

of the Air

al than other

MINEST IN

I The issue

s have the

ME COUNTY

bul -5 - 55

; to feed the

Personal Williams

Mahah . -

hat of the

Mile de not

mard plan

alet product

W. Hucheer

n Rosenbliss

Mr. Well-

ert & McCabe

rest Deversor

DO TOTAL

District's

the Cap

short-sighters.
United Standy a few products, perhaps a mismanagen, are expected to be banned reaching in ight from export when the proextense for the fally in effect in about six prepared to the. However, the order will stumbing as sine that hundreds of other combat me ed or restricted foods, drugs, and the realist and devices will go only chievement that know exactly

Carter, they are getting.
Carter, they incoming Republican adsuch such is for further delay in the polithich has been 2½ years and much good Lirafts in the making by a 22house of Cecher Peterson, Mr. Carter's

what the Arenner affairs assistant; told a 4 107:215: EReagan clearly has the power llify the executive order upon Mr Care is office but added that she the same of he would see it as "a mecha-

rease from the that is there to use if he processes arms to use it." Tris Controversy

elicini serenze Peterson and Robert Harris, member of the Council on Envintal Quality, co-chaired the The porce that began work on the \* an m following controversy over was shireale exports of children's

cer-causing fire retardant. The clothing was hanned in the United States in 1977, but exports continued for more than a year, eventually totaling 2.4-million articles.

Other hazardous items — in-

cluding about 50 pesticides, aero-sol sprays, many drugs and some X-ray equipment - are made in the United States solely for export. The order has four main parts: • Importing governments will

be notified through the State De-partment of all U.S. regulatory ac-tions on a substance they seek to import, with all proven hazards The Regulatory Council will publish an annual summary of all U.S. regulatory actions that ban or

restrict a product. · Efforts will be intensified to create international hazard-labeling, notification and alert systems. Products deemed "extremely hazardous" would be placed on the State Department's commodity control list, and the Commerce Department would only grant ex-

port licenses if the importing country, when fully informed, had no Within 90 days, all regulatory gencies must compile lists of items they have banned or restricted from sale. A special task force then will recommend to the State Department which items might be listed as extremely hazardous. Jacob Scherer of the Natural

Resources Defense Council said he was very pleased with the policy. But there was strong criticism of the order in the chemical, pharmacentical and pesticide industries. Lewis Engman, president of the Pharmaceutical Manufacturers Association, called the order an "I Ith-hour act of arrogance" that would cost American jobs.

## **NASA Delays** Jupiter Project

WASHINGTON - The U.S. Galileo project to send a probe into the atmosphere of Jupiter and a television satellite around the planet has been delayed a second time, from 1984 to 1985, the space

agency has announced. Robert Frosch, head of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Thursday blamed the new delay on rocket development troubles. He said the schedule change will add extra costs, not yet determined, to the project.

Project Galileo, planned as a followup to the Voyager 1 and 2 reconnaissance of Jupiter and its moon last year, originally was scheduled for launch in 1982 as a single spacecraft. Delays in the development of the space shuttle put off the launch to 1984 and forced NASA to split the mission into separate spacecraft.

# **UN Report Urges Internal Inquiry of** Official Corruption

By Bernard D. Nossiter New York Times Service

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y. An unpublished UN report has urged an internal inquiry into charges that high officials in at least two departments have been involved in financial scandal or

The report concludes that alleged irregularities in the Economic Commission for Latin America have caused "considerable demoralization" and "a general feeling of lack of administrative direction

and credibilty." The two-page document was written by Brian Urquhart, a Briton who is an undersecretary-general for special political affairs, and George Greene, a security guard from Barbados who represents UN employees. They were appointed by Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim to make a preliminary in-vestigation into rumors that senior officials had given out jobs or pro-

motions in exchange for loans.

Mr. Urquhart and Mr. Greene said they found nothing to sustain "the more sensational charges of a widespread network of corrup-tion." This part of their report, with its recommendation against appointing an outside panel of in-quiry, was made public last month.

#### Apparent Favoritism

But the more detailed accounting, called "Matters to Be Looked into by the Administration," has remained secret. The New York Times has obtained a copy of the report, dated Dec. 15.

The unreleased document is chiefly concerned with potential or actual abuse of power rather than large-scale fraud. It cryptically describes cases of apparent favoritism and lax handling of funds.

From the report and interviews with ranking UN officials, Mr. Ur-quhart and Mr. Greene uncovered several major instances of alleged abuses. Their report, however, does not name any official direct-

In what the document refers to as the "so-called Van Breda scan-dal" within the Economic Comion for Latin America, at least 42 of the agency's 642 employees in Santiago, Chile, were accused of filing false or inflated medical claims with the agency's group insurer, J. Van Breda & Co. of Antwerp, Belgium.

by 50 percent." After complaints by the compa-The task of investigating these ny and an investigation by the agency, 38 low-ranking employees matters further and proposing changes has fallen to Mr. Gherab's were punished. Six or seven were successor in the personnel post, dismissed and the others were sus-Assistant Secretary-General James pended for up to three months. Jonah of Sierra Leone. Mr. Jonah Four higher-ranking employees, has already decided that Mr. Gherab did not act improperly.



Bernadette Devlin McAliskey

## U.S. Judge Drops Charges Against Louisiana Judge

ALEXANDRIA, La. - A U.S. judge has dropped contempt charges against a state judge who escorted three white girls into all-white Buckeye High School in defiance of a desegregation order. Hours later, fire broke out at the

Sheriff's deputies said the fire, reported shortly before midnight Thursday, apparently was confined to one room and may have been set. Firefighters remained on the scene early Friday, awaiting a fire marshal to investigate the

Despite the compromise worked out in court by U.S. Judge Nauman Scott with state Judge Richard Lee, the attorney for the parents of the three girls said be would fight Judge Scott's desegregation order that the girls enroll in racially mixed Jones Street Junior High if they want to receive credit for the fall semester at Buckeye. Judge Scott said the girls could finish the current semester, which ends next week, at Buckeve.

Judge Scott's decision to drop contempt charges against Judge Lee also covered the parents and guardians, but they faced the same warning if they continue to defy the busing order.

Black demonstrators outside the courtroom - far outnumbered by whites in a crowd police estimated at 1,000 people strong - burst spontaneously into choruses of "We Shall Overcome" upon receiving the news of Scott's ruling and then said a prayer of thanks.

## Thatcher to Netherlands

THE HAGUE - British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher will visit the Netherlands early next month for talks with Dutch Premier Andreas van Agt, the Foreign.

# Bernadette Devlin Is Shot. Wounded, With Husband COOKSTOWN, Northern Ire-

land - Three gunmen rushed into the home of civil rights campaigner Bernadette Devlin McAliskey just after breakfast Friday and shot and wounded both her and her husband, the police said.

The fiery former member of Parliament and her teacher husband, Michael, suffered multiple gunshot wounds to the body, the police

They were taken by British Army helicopter to Belfast's Musgrave Park Hospital where they were in intensive care, under police guard. Mrs. McAliskey was reported in critical condition.

An army patrol heard the shots at the McAliskeys' isolated home on the shores of Lake Neagh, 40 miles west of Belfast, and apprehended three suspects believed to belong to a Protestant paramilitary organization as well as recov-ering three handguns and a car believed used by the attackers.

The police said the couple's three children, aged 9, 5 and 2, were in the house but were not burt in the attack.

Three gummen burst into the house, an isolated cottage at Derrylaughen near this market town in County Tyrone, as Mrs. McAlis-key, 33, was getting her children

ready for school.

Mrs. McAliskey had received threats because of her strong stand on behalf of IRA prisoners in the British province.

In the Irish Republic, the govemment issued a statement deploring the "barbaric attack." The Dublin government condemned this murderous act as another example of the violence which has done so much to increase division between the different parts of the

community on this island." At 21 the former Bernadette Devlin became the youngest member of Parliament since the Younger Pitt when she was elected for Mid Ulster. She served from 1969 to 1974. She married Mr.

McAliskey in 1973. A founding member of the Irish Republican Socialist Party, she led the Catholic civil rights movement in Northern Ireland in the late 1960s, seeking equal rights with

Meanwhile, police reported that 42-year-old customs officer and reservist was shot to death by terrorists Friday at Warrenpoint. County Down, on the border with the Irish Republic.

#### El Al Resumes Flights The Associated Press

TEL AVIV - El Al, Israel's national airline, resumed normal flights Friday after it rehired six shop stewards fired for calling a wildcat strike to protest that management was shirking its share of a loss-cutting program. The firing of the six men had provoked an airline-wide walkout, and the country's 13 largest works committees threatened sympathy strikes.

# senior executives \$30 - \$100000 +

It you are thinking about reorientating your career, we invite you to subscribe to our Newsletter. If any of the top executive opportunities listed interest you, you simply write to us. We then inform the consultant concerned. Until a serious opportunity occurs the only time required is to read through the newsletter. And when the right opportunity does come, it is the consultant who contacts you.

Our success with the "International Executive Search Newsletter" is due to four major reasons:

• we publish more high-level opportunities than any other medium (5 70 000 average salary) • these job offers appear nowhere else • the information is supplied to us by reputable executive search firms only • these firms conform to strict professional standards and treat all annifestions in complete confidence. ations in complete confidence.

Even if your present career is reasonably satisfactory you should keep in touch with possibilities and remunerations outside, 10 issues of the "International Executive Search Newsletter" will be airmailed to you monthly upon receipt of your subscription. Subscription rates:

Belgium BF 4000 · Canada C\$ 205 · France FF 500 · Netherlands FL 270 Sweden KR 580 · Switzerland SF 230 · United Kingdom £ 60 · U.S. A. \$ 175 West Germany DM 250.

Other European countries: FF 550 or US \$ 135. Other countries outside Europe: FF 700 or US \$ 175.



3 rue d'Hauteville - 75010 Paris - France Tel. (1) 824.63.45

Publishers of the International Executive Search Newsletter.

# Congressman Emanuel Celler, 92, Dies

By Maurice Carroll New York Times Service

Wew York Times Service

W YORK — Emanuel Celler,
ho served a half-century in
ouse of Representatives, died
The factor of the service of the s Celler, one of the most inthe interest in-

is a sub a long power was defeated 1972 Democratic primary in nning upset by a political unitary in Eizabeth Holtzman. Only before his defeat, Mr. Celler described his opponent as iring as a hangnail, which nail I could be some to cut off."

## Dean of Honse

to a month of the s history. Mr. Celler continto practice law until shortly re his death from pneumonia. to practice law until shortly hen Mr. Celler, then 34, brash bouncy, was first elected to House, Harding was president. year was 1922.

even presidents and 42 years Mr. Celler, still bouncy but brashness mellowed by the



**Emanuel Celler** ... in a 1971 photograph

House. The distinction, he said, had "crept up on me unawares. Seniority brings power in Con-gress, and as Mr. Celler's service lengthened, his political sway grew. He became chairman of the Judiciary Committee in 1949 and, except for the years when Republicans controlled the House, held the post from then on. His committee handled civilrights legislation in the years of the nation's major advances in that area. In 1957, he wrote and shepherded into law the first comprehensive rights legislation enacted by Congress in 82 years.

He was the author of the more comprehensive 1960 Civil Rights Act, and in February 1964, he guided to passage for the Johnson dministration a law retaining virtually all the elements of a draft that President John F. Kennedy had submitted the year before. "I feel like I've climbed Mount

Everest," Mr. Celler said wearily after the 1964 bill passed, 290 to 130, and the House gave him a standing ovation. Mr. Celler was born May 6, 1888, in a frame house at Sumner Avenue and Floyd Street in the Williamsburg section of Brooklyn.

His father, Henry, owned a whisky business. There was a 25,000-gal-lon tank in the basement. Young Manny helped paste "Echo Springs" labels on his father's His introduction to politics

came young, as it did for many in

party-sponsored picnic and boatride were major social events and Tammany Hall — in most years ran the city. In 1896, Henry Celler, ed his son to his shoulders to watch William Jennings Bryan speak in Arion Hall. Or so the con-

graduated from Boys High in "I became head of the house ing his failure, my father had given and sold wine all afternoon until 7 o'clock in the evening.

ucation. He was graduated from Columbia College in 1910 and Columbia Law School in 1912. Two years later, he married Stella Baar. By then, he had settled down to law practice in Brooklyn.
In 1922, a Democratic leader

But the young laywer enlisted called, "you'd get up and harangue them." He won by 3.111 votes.

Over the years, reapportionments stretched, squeezed and shifted the district boundaries, but Brooklyn became ever more Democratic, and the Celler victory became a biennial certainty.

#### **Death Toll Mounts** In Japan Blizzards

TOKYO - Heavy snow in northern and western Japan has killed seven more persons in the last three days, raising the death toll to 50 since the blizzards began in late December, authorities said

More than 70 houses have collapsed under the weight of snow.

# What does Fresident Reavanteally want?

by Correspondents of

The New Hork Times

Distributed intervalionally is respectation with The International Herald Telliune

The first full, factual portrait of President Reagan is now available from five New York Times writers. Based on their original investigation, this reportage, written especially for this book, examines Reagan's political style and predicts his presidential character. Here — with 32

pages of photographs — in detailed reporting and impartial analysis — is what you must know about the real Ronald Reagan, The Man, The President.

\*Pulitzer Prize-winning Hedrick Smith predicts Reagan's first hundred days in the White House: his foreign and defense policies; the character of the Reagan presidency. \*Economic columnist Leonard Silk explains who sup-

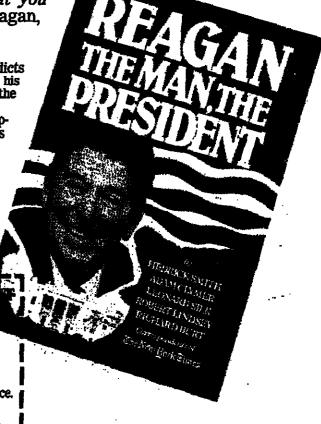
plies Reagan with his supply side economics and his solutions for stagilation.

\*Robert Lindsey and Adam Clymer, Los Angeles Bureau Chief and Political Correspondent, tell how an after-dinner spokesman for General Electric was chosen candidate for governor of California-and by whom.

\*Richard Burt, National Security Correspondent, assesses the hard choices and real costs of Reagan's military stance.

reagan, the man, the presidi \$22 or equivalent in other currency, includes p and handling in Europe. Outside Europe, please add \$6 per copy. Return this coupon with check payable to: International Herald Tribune, Promotion Dept., 181 ave. Charles-de-Gaulle, 92521 Neuilly Cedex, France.

CITY AND CODE...



32 Pages of photographs.

#### (Continued from Page 1) rnoon," Mr. Lilienthal later culated, "I would have missed nine-year term. القائلات وورو phone call from Phil LaFoi-

e and I doubt if he would have

he Wisconsin post led to the continent of Mr. Lilienthal at age of 33 — and at the outset Franklin D. Roosevelt's New al — as a member of TVA's man board of directors.

dr. Lilienthal became known as driving force behind FDR's re-12l development program. With philosophy that electricity was people's business," Mr. Lil-hal directed TVA's vast project developing power as well as the obtations for selling and sustries and farm cooperatives reghout the Tennessee Valley. fr. Lilienthal reveled in the optunity to put into practice his of that "electricity is not just a imodity to be bought like gro-es or automobiles. To most

ple it is a symbol, a symbol of dom from drudgery, a symbol a new way of living ... As h as any other single force, tricity can help us to eliminate sweatshop and the slum. It can o us to restore a balance of optunity between city and coun-- between the factory and

Coosevelt named Mr. Lilienthal ! full nine-year term as TVA difor in 1936, and on Sept. 15, appointed him chairman. sident Harry S Troman reap-

pointed him in 1945 for another While with TVA, Mr. Lilienthal survived clashes with the private utilities and with Tennessee Sen. Kenneth McKellar, chairman of Appropriations Committee who periodically tried to curb the project's independence. Inevitably,

tagonists to ensure opposition to U.S. Attorney, Syrian Elected To World Court

Mr. Lilienthal acquired enough an-

The Associated Press UNITED NATIONS, N.Y. -The United Nations has elected an American and a Syrian as judges to the International Court of Justice in the Hague, also known as the World Court

Stephen Schwebel of the United States was elected easily, getting the required votes on the first ballot in both the General Assembly and the Security Council on Thursday. Mr. Schwebel presented the U.S. case against Iran to the World Court last year and won the ruling ordering the immediate release of the U.S. hostages.

Abdallah Fikri El-Khani of Syria finally won a post on the court over Mustala Kamil Yasseen of Iraq on the fourth ballot in the assembly. He then received eight of the 15 votes in the Security Council on the first ballot.

avid Lilienthal, Ex-Head of TVA, Dies his Oct. 28, 1946, appointment to head the Atomic Energy Commission, the giant civilian agency created to take over from the Army and run the nation's new-born nu-

Belief in Democracy

Contentious hearings were held. McKellar seized the opportunity to harass his old foe and ultimately to charge him with harboring an affinity for Communism. "Your sympathies are very leftist, are they not?" McKellar demanded.

Mr. Lilienthal replied by asserting his belief in democracy. One of its tenets, he said, was a "repug-nance to anyone who would steal from a human being that which is most precious to him, his good name by imputing things to him,

by innuendo, or by insinuation." "I deeply believe," he continued, "in the capacity of democracy to surmount any trials that may lie ahead provided only we practice it in our daily lives."

The speech was a triumph. During his term as chairman, it was discovered that the United States no longer held a nuclear monopoly. Behind-the-scenes debate raged over the question of whether to build the hydrogen Friday. bomb. Initially at least, Mr. Lilien-

thal was against it. Early in 1950, not long after acrimonious hearings were spearheaded by a senator who accused him of mismanagement, Mr. Lilienthal resigned, ending 19 years of public service.

half a century later.

The father's business failed at about the time that Manny was

1906. Then, soon after he entered Columbia College, his father died. Five months later, his mother died. hold," Mr. Celler wrote in his 1953 autobiography, "You Never Leave Brooklyn." He went on: "Followup his business and become a wine salesman. I took up his route. I went to college in the mornings

The schedule did not halt his ed-

sked if Mr. Celler would like to be the party's nominee for Congress from the 10th District, an honor but hardly a prize. The disprict had never sent a Democrat to Congress.

friends, relatives and neighbors and went to work in the old New York style of block-by-block doorknocking and speech-making. He traveled the district speaking from the tailgate of an open truck. A burst of fireworks would be set off and, when a crowd gathered, he re-

United Press Internation

The prolonged winter weather, one of the worst spells in recent decades, also has destroyed houses and stopped traffic, police said. leaving about 1,400 persons home-

2252570013778673877933244126336

)的名词形式 2000年代在1000年代的大学的文学和1000年代的1200年代 200 B 200 B

是下来的特殊的,是不是一个,我们的人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就会一个

经从外外的 计分类 计分类 计分类 计分类 计多数 医多种性 计多数 医多种性 计多数 医多种性 医二甲基甲基氏 计分类 医二甲基甲基氏 计分类 医二甲基甲基氏 计分类 医二甲基甲基氏 计分类 医二甲基甲基氏 计分类 医二甲基甲基氏 计分类 医二甲基甲基氏 医二甲基甲基氏 医二甲基甲基氏 医二甲基甲基氏 医二甲基氏征 医二甲基氏定元 医二甲基氏征 医二氏征 医二甲基氏征 医二氏征 医二甲基氏征 医二甲基氏征 医二甲基氏征 医二甲基氏征 医二甲基氏征 医二甲基氏征 医二甲基氏征 医二甲基氏征 医二甲基氏征 医二氏征 医二甲基氏征 医二氏征 医二氏征 医二氏征 医二甲基氏征 医二甲氏征 医二二甲基氏征 医二氏征 医二

204-14 1354-14 1354-14 1354-14 1354-14 2074-14 1354-15 1354-15 1354-15

20% 13% 65% 73 23% 4 % 77% 27% 113%

多年22分别是《2016年6月19日7日),1966年,1976年,1

STATE OF THE STATE

### MACOM 1.10

### MACOM 1.20

2.12 10.70 .60 1.40

1% BT Mig 7% Bothe 400 6% Bathe wi 27% Bkrint s 46

| 124 | 125 | 126 | 126 | 127 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128

# NYSE Nationwide Trading Closing Prices Jan. 16

 $\frac{1}{2}$  计分配  $\frac{1}{2}$  计  $\frac$ 1992年7月97日,1986年25505年7月11日,1992年6月日,1992年6月11日,1992年6月11日,1992年6月11日,1992年6月11日,1992年6月11日,1992年6月 7.2 3.9 6.5 4346 224 331/2 3546 3546 3644 1744 1046 5276 2846 37%+ %
200
324- %
494+3%
544+14
224- 1
114- %
174
414+ %
516- %
244-1 77% Crosified 1.35
97 Crosified 1.31
98 Crosified 1.32
98 County 1.33
98 County 1.33
98 County 1.33
98 County 1.34
98 County 1 

Eusext Bob Estrin s Si Effect 1 Si Effect 1 Si Even P1.40 Even P2.41 Excelo 1 44 Fabr Cl 28 Fabr Cl 15%+ %
25%+ %
27%+14
70 +2
10%+ %
16%+ %
16%- %
38%- % | 21% FAMC | 1.46 | 27% FAMC | 1.26 | 2.25 | 2.25 | 4.6 | Fabrul | 28 | 4.7 | Fabrul | 28 19% Four Ph
19% For Ph
19% GAF Ff
19% GAF FF 沙沙然都有什么是这么知道,这个就是这个不是一个好了,我们还不是有一个好好,这个人的人,我们就是一个人的人, 

| 150 | Notice | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 1 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 1945年 1945年 1945年 1945年 1945年 1945年 1945年 1955年 5194 + 1 558 + 1 568 + 1 184 + 1 184 + 1 165 + 1 164 + 1 165 + 1 165 + 1 166 + 1 16 

(Continued on Page 12) The newspaper that put the class in classified advertising.

[7] 556 电影响 1556 电影响

## SCA 189

| Fig. SCA 189
| Fig. SCA 189
| Fig. SCA 189
| Fig. SCA 189
| Fig. SCA 189
| Fig. SCA 189
| Fig. SCA 189
| Fig. SCA 189
| Fig. SCA 189
| Fig. SCA 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sca 189
| Fig. Sc

ender der State der State

The second secon

Herald Tribune The international essential

Jalin lila)

**isure** 

Herald-Aribune

# **Vhere the Art Is**

by David Galloway

JESSELDORF — The Munich exhibition of "Entarte Kunst" ("Degenerate Art") was officially opened in the late summer of 1937, with all omp and self-righteous sermonizing that already become trademarks of Hitler's mal Socialist Party. No doubt the event I somewhat the wounded pride of the rer, who had studied art in Munich but failed to gain admission to the Vienna lemy. Among the artists officially cen-for undermining the purity of Aryan cul-were Ernst Barlach, Vasili Kandinski and Klee.

h all visitors to the Munich exhibition hd Hitler's indignation. Bernhard Sprena Hannover businessman who had never any particular interest in the visual arts, so moved by the beauty of the "degenworks that he immediately purchased a of watercolors by the Expressionist paintmil Nolde. It was a courageous decision, more than a thousand of Nolde's works i just been confiscated by the Nazis. as owner of a chocolate empire, Bernhard

engel had the means and the time to cul-te his new passion; in the coming decades and his wife built a discriminating collec-focused on the classical moderns, includfellow Hannoverian Kurt Schwitters. Only rival chocolate baron, Aachen's Peter wig, would trump Sprengel with the diver-and esthetic authority of his numerous colons. But the two were in agreement that e should be no chance of the works being ersed after their deaths.

prengel officially presented his collection he city of his birth in 1969. In the same Ludwig placed 100 contemporary works ong-term loan to the Wallraf-Richartz Mun in Cologne, later, these became part of reast donation incorporated into the Muse-Ludwig.

tmeats, the cities of Hannover and Col-were confronted with the problem of prohg suitable bonbonnieres to contain them. ngel contributed generously to the cost of hillion marks (\$12.5 million) for the first e of Hannover's new museum — a comfive-layered structure clustered around a

interior passage that provides glimpses functionally varied exhibition spaces. se Cologne project is considerably more tious: A new home for the anachronistic raf-Richartz Museum and a showcase for Auseum Ludwig will be combined with an euse concert hall. The total complex, estisurgery was in order even before the building was complete, and half a million marks (\$250,000) were appropriated for a 500-square-meter mural by Joan Miro, who completed the commission without ever visiting the city. The sole connection between art and architecture is the adhesive that holds the ceramic panels in

At latest report, Moenchengladbach appears to have won the competition for the celebrated Panza collection (together with Duesseldorf, which takes over some of the Pop Art classics), though the donor is still displeased with the columns that thrust through some of Hans Hollein's exhibition spaces. And the little town of Best that the redest but descently funcof Bottrop, with its modest but elegantly func-tional cube of a museum, will add another cube to house the new Josef Albers Center, having persuaded the artist's widow that the birthplace of the Pope of Constructivism was a more suitable site than Muenster or Berlin.

Not all city fathers were so fortunate in the tense game of roulette that collectors and museums have played in the last decade. The high-stakes loser is the city of Darmstadt, which at the beginning of the century boasted a flourishing community of artists and architects, sponsored by Archduke Ernst Ludwig of Hessen In 1969, once more the grant with Hessen. In 1969 - once more the annus mirabilis it seemed as though the old tradition might be revived, through acquisiton of a major collection of contemporary art. Karl Stroeher, a hairdresser from Pommern

who founded the Wella hair-products firm, had begun by collecting Impressionists, but lost his heart to the American Pop artists and acquired a vast "cabinet" of works by Josef Beuys, who devised his own dramatic installation for the Darmstadt Museum. Plans for the new museum wing firmly stipulated by Stroeher, boggled and dragged, and the corner-stone was not in place until 1980. By then, his heirs had determined to remove the works and sell them to the city of Frankfurt.

The Stroeher collection will find a permanent home in Frankfurt's new Museum of Contemporary Art, one of five new museums to be constructed in a zone of parks and gardens along the banks of the Main. Together with such established ueighbors as the famous Staedel Museum, they will make up an imposing family of 16 institutions. Also in the planning stages are the Museum of Jewish History. Germany's first architectural museum, museums for film and music, and a new bome for Europe's most definitive collection of crafts.

Frankfurt's museum landscape is in part a prestige venture intended to counter the city image as a crass, colorless banking monopole.

And since the project includes the renovation



ARIS — Shortly after the Russian New Year, Jan. 13, the icky question is "Can too much caviar be too much caviar?" The answer (equally icky) is a

distressing yes — unless you happen to belong to the Petrossian family.

For the Petrossians, who introduced caviar to the French some 60 years ago, have had time to develop both a taste for the stuff and some pretty educated palates, which can tell not only one caviar from another, but also the different number between this end that human different nuances between this and that lump of sturgeon eggs. It's easy, since they go straight to their Russian source, fisheries on the Caspian sea, and get first call on the sturgeons as they are being hauled in. They also charter planes to make sure that the caviar is transported swiftly to their Paris warehouses, where it is transferred from two-kilo cans into smaller containers.

For the Petrossians, all caviar is Russian caviar. For centuries, the Russians were the only ones to fish, process and eat sturgeons' eggs. The fisheries in Iran were concessions granted to Russian producers after 1893 and were taken over by the Soviet government after the Russian revolution. In 1933, the Soviet Union returned the Iranian fisheries to the government of Premier Mohammed Mossadegh, who in turn nationalized them. Iran normally produced 150 tons of caviar a year to the Russians' 1,800 tons - until recently, when the Iranian revolution jeopardized the caviar trade.

Despite hair-raising prices (3,120 francs—5690—for a kilo of Beluga,) business is booming. The Petrossians recently opened their first branch at Bloomingdale's in New York and are negotiating with the Hotel George V in Paris to open their first caviar restaurant. The reason? It seems that the Arabs, money oblige, are the largest consumers of caviar and that the George V is one of their favorite hotels in

The Petrossian saga started with two Armenian-born brothers, Melkoum and Moucheg, born in Tabriz but raised in Moscow. They emigrated to Paris in 1920 after the Russian revolution. Both were students and spoke hardly any French, but they discovered that caviar was unknown to Paris society.

Those were the roaring Twenties. Russia was fashionable, what with Diaghilev ballets and the famous Grand Dukes playing Russian roulette and squandering their money — while hopefully waiting for the Bolshevik revolution to be over. (One of them, a former officer of the Czar, did such a neat job that he ended up as the caviar expert at Petrossian's, where he spent 45 years.) Paris was like fireworks. But party without caviar? So the two brothers made a deal with the new Soviet government, which gave them a near-monopoly on caviar. Then they started doing the rounds of chic places, including the Ritz Hotel, where Cesar Ritz told them: "Look here, I'll buy your caviar because you're nice guys. But drop it, believe me, there just isn't any future in it."

Far from dropping it, the brothers went ahead. According to their sons and heirs, they literally had to give caviar away at first. Christian Petrossian, 38, son of Monchegh, who to-day acts as the head of the family, recalls that his father and uncle went to elegant restaurants on the Champs Elysees, such as Rabu or Le Colisee. They would offer caviar on con-



Fifty years ago, the Petrossians were wooing customers with (almost) free tastings at the Salon of Gastronomy.

signment and change it every day, if the res-taurant's owner would only set up a trolley with a pretty girl behind it. Even so, things did not move fast. At the 1931 Paris exhibition at the Grand Palais, the brothers were still dishing out caviar samples - as well as a spittoon.

Today the line for caviar can get so long in front of the Petrossian store in Paris during the holidays that people bring their books or newspapers along. (By the way, they don't seil only caviar. They function as a regular delicatessen, with emphasis on smoked salmon and, lately, foie gras.

The reason why the Petrossians do such a good job is that theirs is a caviar way of life and coffee. It's not that they are spendthrifts; they must keep their palates attuned.

The business is strictly a family affair. At the Paris shop on the boulevard de la Tour Maubourg there are Petrossians coming out of the woodworks. Christian is the main wheel behind the caviar trade because, simply, he loves it best. He goes to Russia four times a year and discusses sturgeons with enthusiasm. Have you heard that sturgeous go through menopause?

As a responsible father, he also believes in training his children early - not quite at the crib, but almost. His oldest son, Tigrane, aged 4½, is an addict already. "He and his father wake up in the middle of the night to eat caviar." said his mother. Catherine. Their second son, Stephane, 11/2, has to wait.

Catherine is something else again. Although Armenian, she said she could not stand caviar when she first met her husband. A hard blow for Christian, a good-looking and benign giant who was used to having girls swooning over it. "The first time I ate caviar, I spat it out,"
Catherine said. "My husband had literally to
stuff it down my throat."

Things are better now. At least, she has stopped putting lemon on her caviar, an insult in the Petrossian clan. As for onions, parsley and other condiments that are sometimes served with caviar, they are sheer anathema. Even the butter has to pass the test. God forhid it should should be salty.

creamy. A good sport, Catherine enjoyed selling ca-viar this season, instead of just standing at the cashier's desk. "I had my habitues," she said, "including workmen in blue overalls who'd ask, "How much does that junk of yours cost now?" It's not that they bought the Beluga but they bought pressed caviar, which, to real con-noisseurs, is much better." As well it should be, since it is concentrated caviar made with

riper beads pressed together.

Beluga, Ossetra and Sevruga are the three varieties of caviar, and it takes a real enthusiast to decide which is best and why. It's bad enough having to learn how to buy caviar. You must also know how to eat it.

go...as far as Khan-balik [the name for Pe-king under the Yuan]."

ages 30.5 meters, but narrows to around nine meters at the numerous stone bridges arched

above it. Masonry towpaths lining the em-

bankments are still being used. Large ships no longer navigate the murky waters, which average only two to three meters in depth, but the

many small river craft plying the vast network

More than 150 exquisite gardens further en-

hance the natural ponds and waterways of Su-

zhou, many dating a thousand years or so to

the Song Dynasty. Chinese gardens combine traditional elements such as pavilions, temples,

of Suzhou's canals include the traditional sampan which, propelled like a gondola by a single scull past many a wistful weeping willow.

evokes images of Marco Polo's Venice.

Today, the width of the Grand Canal aver-

The one unforgivable sin is to press the caviar down. You should drop it delicately on the bread (you can tell the real experts because they don't let a single bead go astray) and then pop into your mouth. Another thing: don't swallow it in a lump. By neatly waggling your tongue, you should make the grains explode inside your mouth. inside your mouth.

Some people serve it inside crystal containers. That's chichi. The Petrossians simply dump the can on the table. Finally, once a can is opened, that's it. You must finish it. It can't be too hard, judging from the firm's guest book, which is full of famous signatures, including Picasso's and Ian Fleming's, who added (what else?) "From Russia, with Love." The Petrossians feel that it's highly unfair to

say caviar is that expensive. "The price of caviar is always quoted by the kilo, but people don't stop to think that 50 grams of caviar is enough for any normal person. Compared to truffles, foie gras or great Bordeaux wines, ca-viar is not that bad," Christine said. Besides, unless you are a Petrossian, there's

just so much you can consume without getting sick. That, again, explains why the Petrossians do such a taxing job. "We even stopped smoking," said Christian, nervously fingering his gold beads, "to keep a clean palate" — not unlike a wine taster, except that the Petrossians don't spit it out anything.

Hannover's Art Museum, home of the Sprengel collection.

ited to cost more than 250 million marks 25 million), flows past the Cologne cathel and the exquisite Roman-German Museto the banks of the Rhine, and will insform the nucleus of the city. With the ening scheduled for 1985, excavations are nost complete — guided not only by engi-ers but by archaeologists, who regularly in-trupt digging to sift for Roman antiquities.

In Berlin the budget stands at nearly 400 illion marks (\$200 million) to build an entire useum landscape, a "city of the mind," on a rge tract of land between Mies van der one's National Gallery and Tiergarten. Conruction of the Design Museum has begun, ad the entire ensemble is scheduled for cometion in 1992. It may, of course, by stymical / the Ragging German economy, if not by the th-century villa that stands in the way of one ing of the future Painting Gallery. Many Ber-lers understandably prefer its grim smarckian facade to the Legolike structure heduled to replace it. . Plans are being drawn up, meanwhile, for a

ond Ludwig museum in Aachen, where the llector's major post-Pop acquisitions are nporarily housed. There is, it would seem, epidemic of museum-building in West Gerany - a fever that has broken out not only Aachen, Cologne, Hannover and Berlin, but so in Ludwigshafen and Leverkusen, armstadt and Duesseldorf, Munich, Stuttrt, Essen, Krefeld, Moenchengladbach and

The paper, it was a choice private collection that gave new spirite crucial impulse — a heterogeneous at gave new 50 the crucial impulse — a heterogeneous assort-ent of art and artifacts assembled by Col-me businessman Wilhelm Hack who follows classific seasoning only are applied the ao industrial town on the Rhine needed the imanistic seasoning only art could provide.

Classification was officially be withein Hack Museum was officially sened in 1979, touted by its fans as a "Centre mpidou" on the Rhine — both for its culture politics and for its "

Unhappily, the design has nothing of the Herd the building's technical inadequacies are gion. Furthermore, funds that should have itegrated the structure into a revisalization when the structure into a revisalization of the structure into a revisalizatio if-assured flamboyance of the Beaubourg, Herd soon. Furthermore, funds that should have integrated the structure into a revitalized city market place was facing the old market place was series.

of a number of historic buildings, it is also a retort to the recurrent (and justified) criticism that real-estate speculators have done more than the bombardments of World War II to destroy the visual character of the old city.

Two American architects were invited to

submit designs for Frankfurt's new Crafts Museum, and first prize went to New Yorker Richard Meier; the second was shared by Robert Venturi and Austria's Hans Hollein. It is rare in Germany that such plums are distributed to foreign architects; Philip Johnson's urbane, sculptural design for the Kunsthalle in Bielefeld is a distinguished but rare example.

The lack of international competition is responsible, in turn, for the kind of drab compromise - a mixture of Bauhans leftovers and supermarket modern - that passes for contemporary architecture in Germany. Ironically, one of the most successful structures to emerge from the museum-building boom is the new Bauhaus Archiv in Berlin, based on plans drawn by Walter Gropius nearly two decades ago for a site in unlucky Darmstadt. The building's graceful light-catchers are echoed throughout the new Cologne museum.

Logically, one expects far more from contemporary museum architecture, as one of the few construction areas in Germany not grossly. overburdened with Kalkaesque building codes and rigid technical specifications. Furthermore, the focus is on structures to house modern and contemporary art, and the latter's constantly varying demands pose a particular challenge to architectural ingenuity. The ideal response must have not only far greater flexibility than traditional museum buildings, but a degree of design significance that complements the art it houses without overwhelming it.

One bar to distinctive results is that most designs are prepared by teams, juried by teams and modified by further teams as blueprints filter through a series of bureaucracies; the results are predictable and safely homogenized. Rarely does a Hollein or a Philip Johnson have the opportunity to place his individual stamp on the finished product. This is in sharp contrast to the distinguished collections many of these buildings are designed to accommodate, and which are often the result of a single, intense vision - that of Ludwig or Sprengel or Stroeber.

## A Cornucopia of Tradition in Suzhou very large ships. By this means it is possible to

by Susan Pierres

UZHOU, China — "In Heaven there is Paradise," a Chinese proverb begins, "on earth, Suzhou." "A noble ciry and great," Marco Polo wrote in the 13th century, "with quite 6,000 bridges of stone." Called "Garden Ciry," "the Venice of the East" and "Plentiful Water" (its present name). Suzhou is also famous for its beautiful women and fine cuisine. What's more, the mellifluous quality of the local Wu dialect has given rise to the popular saying: "Argument in Suzhou is more pleasing than flattery in Guangzhou [Canton]."

While most of the cities on the tourist circuit in China have made the great leap toward modernization, Suzhou seems to have escaped the ravages of war, revolution and grand-scale industrial development. It remains much as it was centuries ago. Narrow cobblestone streets are flanked by whitewashed houses with graytiled roofs and shaded by leafy sycamores And the city's many canals are crossed by graceful humpbacked bridges.
Located about 80 kilometers (50 miles) west

of Shanghai and 20 kilometers (12 miles) from Lake Tai Ho in the south of Jiangsu province, Suzhou has long been lauded for its beauty and is one of the oldest cities in the Yangtze

River basin. Settled more than 3,000 years ago, Suzhou rose to prominence in the lifth century B.C. and for a while was the capital of the state of Wu. The city acquired the name of "Plentiful Water" when work began on the Grand Canal under the Sui in 589 A.D.

It was under the Tang Dynasty (618-907) that the famous silk industry was developed, and under the Song Dynasty (960-1279) that many of the fabled gardens were first landscaped. By the late 14th century, Suzhou was one of the most important cities in the empire. Captured briefly by the Taiping in the 19th century, Suzhou was opened soon after to foreign trade — a trade based almost exclusively on silk, long the mainstay of the city's

The Grand Canal, bordering Suzhou on the west, is believed to be the largest man-made waterway in the world. Originally built to carry tribute grain from the Yangtze Plain to Pe king, the canal is still heavily trafficked by long lines of cargo barges — resembling giant water snakes curling around the wide bends that carry agricultural produce from local communes to nearby urban centers.

"The great Khan," wrote Marco Polo, ... has made a huge canal of great width and depth from river to river and from lake to lake, and made the water flow along it so that it looks like a big river. It affords passage for

ponds and rock sculptures, with distinctive arrangements of plants, flowers and trees, to cre are countless perspectives within a confined space, often replicating in miniature natural scenes not found locally. New York's Metropolitan Museum of Art has commissioned the Suzhou Garden Society to create a replica of one of the city's famed gardens — the Peony Courtyard of the Ming Dynasty Dianchunyi or Hall for Staying Spring.
Only about 10 of Suzhou's many Song, Yuan, Ming and Qing Dynasty gardens are open to the public, but these alone would take several days to visit. Among the loveliest are the tiny Garden of the Master of the Nets, originally laid out in the 12th century, which includes the Ming Dianchunyi; the Humble Administrator's Garden, built by a not very humble Ming administrator and also known as the Plain Man's Politics Garden ("To cultivate one's garden to meet one's daily needs, that is what is known as the politics of a plain man"), and the Tarrying or Lingering Garden, originally a grand country villa sprawling over 10

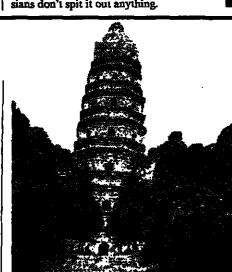
China's four protected gardens. Among Suzhou's seven pagodas is the leaning Pagoda of Cloud Rock Temple, which tops the 2,500-year-old artificial Tiger Hill on the outskirts of town. The octagonal Yunyan, built entirely of brick and stone in 961 A.D. (centuries before the Leaning Tower of Pisa), stands about 50 meters high and tilts 34 degrees.

acres of land just northwest of the city. The

last two, along with the Summer Palace in Peking and Imperial Mountain Resort in

Chengde, have become national monuments,

Suzhou also has several historic temples. While the enchanting Han Shan or Cold Mountain Buddhist Temple, an inspiration to poets since the sixth century, is once again burning incense, the third-century Taoist Temple of Mystery is closed to the public. On one of the ancient temple's white walls, forming a



The Pagoda of Cloud Rock Temple.



Barges on the Grand Canal.

part of Suzhou's central square, a barber has hung a mirror and practices his trade beneath a slogan carefully painted in bright red calligraphy that translates: "Use both national and foreign elements to build socialism."

A local brochure describing the Garden of the Master of Nets quotes a renowned architect who likened the smallest of Suzhou's gardens to a dumpling called tangbao: "You may take it by one mouthful, but the more you chew it the more delicious it tastes." The same may be said of Suzhou as a whole, a cornucopia of tradition to be savored slowly.



The slogan reads: "Use both national and foreign elements to build socialism."

by Patricia Wells

ARIS - The world needs more restaurateurs like Magny and Gilbert Le Coze. For the past nine years the young sister and brother team has been dazzling diners with fine, fresh fish and seafood, all the white striving to create the best fish restaurant in Paris.

First at Le Bernardin on Quai de la Tournelle, then briefly at Prunier-Madeleine just steps from the place de la Madeleine, the pair managed to remand us that in any field there is a simple recipe for success: Keep your standards high, and don't let them waver. If Gilbert is disappointed in the quality of fish in the market, he closes for the day rather than offer less than perfect oysters and mussels, lotte or

Now, after a four-year search for a larger, single location near the Champs-Elysees, Magay and Gilbert have opened the new Le Bernardin, a sunningly beautiful restaurant almost in the shadow of the Arc de Triomphe. (Le Bernardin on the quai has closed, and Primier Madeleine is under new management.

The new dining room is a magnificent monochrome of deep sea blue. Huge, gilt-edged mirrors line the walls, promoting a sense of drama as well as space, and the high-backed chairs uphoistered in a pale ice blue make for comfortable dining. On even the grayest of Paris days, a touch of natural light falls upon



The Le Cozes at Le Bernardin

the dining room, through a huge vaulted skylight in a rear alcove. It all adds up to one of the prettiest dining rooms in Paris, giving diners the sense of sharing a private salon.

Those familiar with previous Le Coze menus should be pleased to know that the selection and prices have changed little, despite a 15percent increase in wholesale fish prices since eptember. Choosing carefully, one can drink and dine well, even levishly, for 180 francs a person, or \$40.

Magny - smartly dressed in white wool knickers, an argyle sweater and crisp cotton blouse — handles the dining room, greeting guests and often sitting down beside them as she takes orders.

Gilbert sticks to the stove, wandering cont now and then (unfortunately, always with cap-rette in hand), to speak to diners or simply survey the situation. (If he looks harries, he's because his day officially begins before 2 min when he's off to the fish market at Romers, often arriving before the wholesaless, so that he can be first in line.)

His fastidiousness is a gentle reministration all cooks. Find the freshest and best ingest ients and the success of the meal is maked

Gilbert has developed a simple and personal custine, mixing fish and shellfish walk with more than a dash of herbs, better or of the same shower of tomatoes or sorrel:
Favorite dishes here include Some Special our pointment pure white chunks of St. Peter's fish, or John Dory, posched for just seconds in a rich fish fumet and set on a bed of bottery and still crunchy, linely skeedded leeks. Dorade on them is equally imaginative, arriving posched to perfection, senced lightly with truity olive oil, in which thyme has been gently

marinating for days.

The gosponeettes it sole a la purer de betterwer rouger appear as may cauls of snowy sole circling a winy toll intensely flavored best purer. This is an malitiely but totally successful culturary min; Beers are undenbedly one of the world's least distinguished begreatiles, but here there is a perfect their bright, assertive fisher serves as a period foil for the deficate that fish.

Equally during is his Saint-Pierre an cari-altire: paper-this slices of Saint-Pierre, barely cooked in a butter sauce and sprinkled with corinoder. The chef goes fightly on this pun-gent and parshyfike heat, which has a tenden-cy to dominate any district touches.

Gilbert generally uses butter wisely and sparingly, but when he leans toward extravagance, his dishes assemble high. The friences de coquillager is a tich first course, generously blending musself oysiers and thry class in a sance of butter, trems frache, fiecks of tomato and shallets, and of course, its own savory booth.

The languages on four is a meal all its own, and one of Le Bernaulin's simplest and most successful dishes. The delicately textured crossmoest mixes steening, gently bathed in broth and butter, garlic and parsley.

Also worth sampling are the emince de saumon ou coulis de tomose (paper-thin slices of raw salmon dressed with olive oil, minced fresh tomatoes, coriander and lemon juice); friture d'eperiums (tiny, crisp-fried smelt) and moules mariniere (plump, meaty mussels sprin-kled generously with fresh persley.) Of course, at Le Bernardin, the fresh oysters and sea urchins and generous plateau de fruits de mer are impeccable.

A few dishes are disappointing. The bisque d'etrilles (baby crab bisque) is thin and imspec-tacular, the lone ou segran (monkfish with saffrom suffers from an overdose of this bright but pungent spice, and the nurbot au curry was also harmed by a heavy hand.

The restaurant has a few problems, the severest of which is the imbalance of the mean. The absence of poultry, game and red meat on the mean is understood, but why not a least offer a fresh and palate-cleansing green salad? Vegetables appear rarely, if ever, then simply as a garmish, an afterthought.

The staff appears to be having trouble ad-justing to the new surroundings. On one visit the service was imprecable, on another diners were ferced to pour their own wine, and ashtrays were left to overflow. And the skylight is a lovely much, but it is not well scaled and the draft can put an umpleasant chill on an otherwise pleasant experience.

The wine list at Le Bernardin is a boon to those on a budget, offering nearly a dozen-wines priced under 70 france, including a pleasant Sancerre for 66 francs (about and a thin though drinkable Doisy-Daer 40 francs, or less than \$10.

Following such a heavy dose of proteir really does not crave more of the same, ar cheese selection is properly limited to standard French cheeses (including Roqu cherre and Cantal) and comes from one c is better cheese shops. La Fromager Courcelles. (But why not go for the tog drouge?) The cheese is served with Le B din's case soils (which seem to vary in c from day to day) and rather dry walnut sliced much too thickly.

Desserts are also wisely limited, and ant though barely startling. Best bets a various Bertiellon glaces and screets, inc a satisfying marron giaces, or chester

At its former location, Le Bernardin single Michelin star, two toques from Milleu and two crowns from Kleber.

What the stars mean: (None) poor to fair +) good to very good \*\*) exections

(\*\*\*) curandiany Ratings are based on the critic's overal tion to comparable establishments. Le I din, 18 see Troyon, Paris 17, tel: 380.4 380-36.72 Closed Sunday and Monday. Card Miss. Reservations: Required.

# International datebook

#### **AUSTRIA**

VIENNA, Burgtheater (tel: 5324/2656) — Jan. 18: "Die Raeuber" (Schiller). Jan. 20: "Donadieu" (Hochwaelder). Jan. 20: "Donadieu" (Hochwaelder) Jan. 23: "Measure for Measure

(Shakespeare).

Staatsoper (tel: 5324/2655). Opera —
Jan. 17 and 21: "Der Rosenkavalier."
Jan. 24: "The Magic Flute." Ballet —
Jan. 19 and 22: "Giselle." Jan. 19 and ZL: "Greetle."

Theater an der Wien (tel: 57.71.51) —
Jan. 20-31: "Evita" (Rice/Webber).

Vienna's English Theatre (tel: 42.12.60) — "Huis Clos" (Sartre) and "Protest" (Havel).

eVolksoper (Havel).

•Volksoper (tel: 5324/2657) — Jan. 18:
"The Gipsy Princess." Jan. 20: "The
Merry Widow." Jan. 21-23: "My Fair
Lady."

#### RELGIUM

BRUSSELS, Cirque Royal — Jan. 24-25 and 27-31: "Notre Faust" (Goethe/Bejart). Ballet of the 20th Palais des Beaux-Arts (tel: 512.04.03)

To Feb. 15: "Art Nouveau: Belgium Theatre Royal de la Monnaie (tel: 218.12.02), Grande Salle — Jan. 23, 25 and 28: "Das Rheingold." Petite Salle — Jan. 20, 22, 24, 27 and 29: "Il Filosofic de Carraggera" (Callim), and "Peri to di Campagna" (Gallupi) and "Ben ou la Precaution Utile" (Miller), Opera

CHARLEROI, Palais des Beaux-Arts (tel: 071/31,12.12) — Through Feb. 22: "Albert Marquet," retrospective.

#### ENGLAND

DURHAM, D.L.I. Museum and Arts Centre — To Feb. 8: "Artist and Cam-era," exhibition.

LONDON, Aldwych Theatre (tel: 836.64.04) — Jan. 17: "Passion Play" (Nichols). Jan. 21-24: "The Suicide" Ambassadors Theatre (tel: 836.11.71) — "Dangerous Corner" (Priestley).

•Ap illo Theatre (tel: 437.26.63) —

"Middle-Aged Spread" (Hall), Rodney Bewes, Francis Matthews. •Coliseum (tel: 836.31.61) — Jan. 17, 20 and 22: "Romeo and Juliet." Jan. 21 and 23: "The Merry Widow." Jan. 24:

• National Portrait Gallery (tel: 930.15.52) — To March 22: "Sir Francis Chantrey (1781-1841): Sculptor of the Great," exhibition.

\*Queen Elizabeth Hall (tel: 928.36.41) Jan. 17: London Harpsichord En-semble (Scarlatti, Vivaldi). Jan. 18: Koenig Ensemble (Beethoven, Mozart).

Jan. 20: Instant Sunshine.

Queens Theatre (tel: 734.11.66) —
The Dresser" (Harwood), Tom Courtenay, Freddie Jones.

•Royal Festival Hall (tel: 928.36.41) —

In 17: Fendiah Chambar Carbette. Jan. 17: English Chamber Orchestra, Vladimir Ashkenazy conductor/piano

(Beethoven, Mozart). Jan. 18: London Philharmonic Orchestra and Choir, Andrew Davis conductor, Christopher vers-Broadbent organ (Beethoven, neek). Jan. 20: Philharmonia Orchestra and Chorus, Riccardo Muti conductor (Bach, Mozart). Jan. 21: Scottish National Orchestra, Sir Alex-ander Gibson conductor, Paul Tortelier cello (Dvorak, Sibelius). Jan. 22: Lon-

don Symphony Orchestra, Andre Pre-vin conductor, Cho-Liang Lin violin (Sibelius, Shostakovich), Jan. 23: Lon-don Philharmonic, Andrew Davis con-ductor, Alfred Brendel piano (Mozart, Royal Opera House (tel: 240.19.11).

Opera — Jan. 19 and 22: "The Masked Ball." Jan. 21 and 24: "Cosi Fan Tutte." Ballet — Jan. 17 and 20: "Cin-SHEFFIELD, Graves Art Gallery — To Feb. 1: "British Watercolors: 1760-

1930," exhibition.

Mappin Art Gallery — Jan. 24-Feb.
22: "Nature as Material," exhibition. STRATFORD-UPON-AVON, Royal Shakespeare Theatre (tel: 0789/ 29.22.71) — Royal Shakespeare Com-

#### FRÂNCE

LYONS, Auditorium Maurice Ravel (tel: 7/871.05.73) — Jan. 18, 20, 22 and 24: "The Force of Destiny" (Verdi),

PARIS, Centre Georges Pompidou (tel: 277.12.35) — Jan. 21-March 8: "Contemporary Polish Photography," exhibition.

exhibition.

•Galerie Claude Bernard (tel: 326.97.07) — To Jan. 31: "Andrew Wyeth," exhibition.

•Musee du Louvre (tel: 260.39.26) — Jan. 17-April 19: "Jean Fouquet," exhibition.

bition.

Palais des Congres (tel: 758.27.08) —
Jan. 17: "Fidelio," Jessye Norman,
Sheila Armstrong, Panis Orchestra,
Daniel Barenboim conductor.

Salle Gaveau — Jan. 21 and 23:

Panis Aris Trio (Resthouen, Rayel. Beaux Arts Trio (Beethoven, Ravel,

Theatre de la Ville (tel: 274.11.24) -"Le Bonheur des Dames" (Zola). Jan. 20-24: Deszo Ranki piano. RENNES, Institut Franco-Americain (tel: 99/30.61.71) — To Feb. 6: "De-ploiements," exhibition of works by Lorila Jaderborg, Barbara Shanklin and Olivia Cole Collin.

HONG KONG, A.C. Hall (tel: 3-38.61.21) — Jan. 17: Hong Kong Philharmonic Orchestra, Karel Husa conductor, Yitkin Seow piano (Weber, Husa, Mozzar).

"Hong Kong Arts Centre (tel: 5-28.06.26). Shouson Theatre — Jan. 20: Fan Siao Ping piano (Bartok, Prokofiev, Rayel). Members' Club — Jan. 17: Len Tracey Quintet. Recital Hall — Jan. 22: Ronald Tang. Rebecca Choi

Pao Sui Loong Galleries — Jan. 22-28: Exhibition of modern and contemporary Chinese paintings.

# ITALY

GENOA, Teatro Margherita (tel: 54,27,92) — Jan. 17, 18 and 20-22: "Giselle," Yoko Morishita, Rudolf Nureyev, Zurich Opera Ballet Compa-

MILAN, Teatro dell'Arte (tel: 86.54.69) — "Oedipus Tyrannus" (So-phocles), Emilia Romagna Teatro. •Teatro Gerolamo (tel: 87.14.23) — To Jan. 25: "Triangolo Equilatero"

NAPLES, Teatro di San Carlo (tel: 41.82.66). Opera — Jan. 20, 22 and 24: "The Barber of Seville" (Rossini). ROME. Accademia Nazionale di San Cecilia - Jan. 17: Maurizio Pollini pi-

 Salle d'Expositions, 62 Piazza Navona
 Jan. 21: Claudio Comoldi, Andrea Damiani and Bruno Re (16th- and 17th-century music). Jan. 21-Feb. 20: "Antiquites de Rome," exhibition. "Tearro dell'Opera (tel: 46.17.55). Opera — lan. 17 and 20: "La Fanciula del West" (Puccini).

#### **JAPAN**

TOKYO, Ishibashi Memorial Hall (tel: 843-30.43) — Jan. 17: Tokyo Clarinet Ensemble (Bartok, Tchaikovsky).

•Kuramae Kokngikan — To Jan. 25: Grand Sumo Tournament.

•National Theater of Japan (tel: 265.74.11) — To Jan. 28: "Mekari-no Shinji" (historical drama).

•Suginami Kokaido (tel: 398.19.56) — Jan. 17. Tolan Metropolitas Suprebo. ami Kokaido (tel: 398.19.56) ---

Jan 17: Tokyo Metropolitan Sympho-ny Orchestra, Akeo Watanabe conduc-tor, Kishiko Suzumi violin (Rossini, Suntory Museum of Art (tel: 470.10.73) — To Feb. 1: "Exhibition of Combs, Hair Ornaments and Genre eYamarane Museum of Art (tel: 669.32.11) — To Feb. I: "The New Year in Japanese Paintings Master-pieces," exhibition.

#### THE NETHERLANDS

AMSTERDAM, Concertgebouw (tel: 71.98.71). Grote Zaal — Jan. 17: Netherlands Chamber Orchestra, Dennis Russell-Davies conductor, Al-Dennis Russell-Davies conductor, Alfred Brendel piano (Mozart). Jan. 18: Amadeus Quartet, Radu Lupu piano (Schubert). Jan. 20: Amsterdam Philhaumonic Orchestra, Ken-Ichiro Kobayashi conductor, Yo Yo Ma viola (Faure, Ravel). Kleine Zaal — Jan. 17:

Guarneri Quartet (Bartok).

Stadsschouwburg (tel: 24.23.11) Jan. 18, 21 and 22: Dutch National UTRECHT, Muziekoentrum Vredenburg — Jan. 18: I Musici. Jan. 19: Dire Straits. Jan. 23: Milan Zelenka guitar.

# SINGAPORE

SINGAPORE, Conference Hall, Shenton Way — Jan. 24: Yrkin Seow piano (Chopin, Brahms).

DBS Anditocium — Jan. 22: Judy Hildesley soprano, Cheung Mun Chit piano (Schubert, Brahms).

World Trade Centre — To Jan. 18: Exhibiton and sale of Chinese carios and classical fragiture.

and classical furniture.

#### SPAIN

EL ESCORIAL, Real Colisco Carlos III (tel: 896.15.52) — Jan. 17, 18, 25 and 26: "El Patio de Monipodio" (Cus-

MADRID, Galeria Biosca (tal: 419.33.93) — To Jan. 30: "Benjamin •Galeria Egam (tel: 226.13.16) - To •Galeria de la Mota (tel: 403.47.04) ---

Jan. 30: "Allan Adams," works in

eTentro Nacional de la Zarzuela (tel: 221.43.41) — "Fuenteovejuna" (Descalzo/Buendia), musical version of Lope de Vega's play. Teatro Real (tel: 241.97.39) — Jan. 17-18: Loudon Symphony Orchestra, Andre Previn conductor, Cho Liang-lin piano (Sibelius). Ian. 20: Spanish Na-tional Orchestra, Andre Watts piano (Haydn, Chopin, Copland).

#### SWITZERLAND

GENEVA, Musee Rath — To Jan. 24: "Artistes de Geneve," exhibition. «Selle Communale de Plainpalais — Jan. 21-Feb. 6: "Hamlet-Machine"

LAUSANNE, Galerie Paul Valloton — To Jan. 24: "Michel Ciry," watercolors. drawings, engravings. ZURICH, Kunsthaus — To Jan. 25: "Monique Jacot," photographs.

"Openhans (tel: 251.69.22) — Jan. 17:

"The Magic Flute." Jan. 18: "Tristan und Isolde."

Stadthaus — To Jan. 30: "Rolf Liebermann, Composer and Man of the Theater," exhibition.

#### **WEST GERMANY**

BERLIN, Deutsche Oper (tel: 341.44.49). Opera — Jan. 18 and 23: "The Magic Flute." Jan. 21: "Hansel and Gretel." Jan. 22: "Tannhaeuser." Ballet — Jan. 17 and 19: "The Nutcracker."

ICC, Saal 1 (tel: 030/30381) - Jan. 21: Boomtown Rats.

- Philharmonic (tel: 26.92.51) — Jan.

17: Berlin Philharmonic Orchestra, Eugen Jochum conductor, Gerhard Oppitz piano (Brahms), Jan. 19: I trach violin (Grieg, Prokofiev). Al Jarreau. Jan. 21: Berlin Phil-ic, Giuseppe Sinopoli conduct-fried Palm cello (Schubert, Ber poli). Jan. 22: Guarneri Quar-tok).

COLOGNE Oper der Sta 21.25.81) — Jan. 17, 19 and 2° lio." Jan. 18 and 23: "Der

 Cologne City Museum (tel: 2:
 To Aug. 16: "Western Art:
porary Art Since 1939." DARMSTADT. Staatstheat 281.12.12). Grosses Haus—
"Boris Godunov." Jan. 21-;
pheus in the Underworld." FRANKFURT. Cale Theat 63.64.64) — English-Speaking of Frankfurt, Includes: To Fe

ning of short plays by G, Shaw.
Oper der Staedtischen Buch
256.25.29). Opera — Jan. 17:
Jan. 18: "Madame Butterfly."
"My Fair Lady." Jan. 23: "
riage of Figuro." Ballet —
"Giselle."

HAMBURG, Musikhalle -Hamburg Symphony Orchestr na, Tchaikovsky). •Schauspielhaus (tel: 24.08.5; 18, 21, 22, 24, 28 and 31; hippel" (Sternheim). •Staatsoper (tel: 35.15.55). Fan: 17 and 23: "Aida." Jan. 1 "Der Rosenkavalier." Jan. adne auf Naxos" (Strauss). Jan. 22: "Ballet Songfest" Age of Anxiety" (Bernstein).

Thalia Theater (tel: 33.04.4

17: "Protest/Attest" (Havel, Jan. 19-22, 24, 28 and 29: "A Harvey" (Chase). MUNICH, Staatsoper (tel: 22)

Jan. 21 and 23: "La Cenerent

22: "Madame Butterfly."

# weekend

USA RESORTS

PALM BEACH AND POLO. THEY WERE MADE FOR EACH OTHER.



Palm Beach Polo and Country Club. A total resort experience.

1650 acres of championship golf, tennis, swimming, racquetball, squash, croquet, biking, horseback riding, grand prix jumping and international world class

polo matches that'll take your breath away. Complemented by gracious wining and dining. And privately owned villas you may rent by the day, week or season.



There are a number of outstanding resorts in Florida. But none offer everything we do. Palm Beach Polo and Country Club. The resort for people who want everything.

For reservations and information phone or write: Paim Beach Polo and Country Club, 13198 Forest Hill Boulevard, Wellington, West Palm Beach, Florida 33411. Phone: (305) 793-1113.

(ce) Palm Beach Polo and Country Club

HOLIDAYS & TRAVEL



Laucala Island in the exotic Fijis, is a millionaire's private retreat that offers the sport fishing vacation of a lifetime for those who desire and can afford the best. A rare opportunity for dedicated sportsmen to fish these remote, virtually virgin waters. Basic fisherman charge of \$2,500 includes deep-sea fishing boats, captain, crew and all equipment for up to seven days. Also \$100 per diem charge per person for luxury accommodations. For further details on rates, transportation, etc. plus full-color brochure, contact Noel Douglas, Forbes Magazine, 60 Fifth Avenue.

New York, NY 10011, (212) 620-2248.

HOTELS

FRANCE PARIS, HOTEL

**CALIFORNIA** \*\*\* Luxe 16 rue de Berri,

75008 PARIS Tel.: 359 93 00

Telex: 660634 Near the "Champs-Elysées" enjoy its 188 quiet and comfortable rooms, from FF. 320 to 470, all equipped with T.V., mini-bor and bath, and also its bar, restaurant, conference rooms and flowered

patio. Have a pleasant stay! HOTELS LE LYS MOTELS

The serene quietness

SPECIAL SUNDAY BRUNCH in the Louis-XIV room. F.Fr. 75, all included. 10:30 a.m.-1:30 p.m. 35 Avenue Hoche, 75008 Paris. Reservation: 561.98.00, Extension 20. Telex: 650.351.

SHOPPING

SUNA LA MAISON DE L'INDE

Official boutique of Government of India

400 rue Saint-Honoré - 260.18.97 Monday to saturday from 9.30 till 18.30

"WEEKEND"

Appears every Saturday

HOTELS SWITZERLAND

ZURICH



Unique location Bahnholstrasse/Bahnholplatz opposite fly-rail/ main-station of a resort hotel in the heart of down-town Phone 01/2118640 Telex 813754 szhof ch •PO-Box, CH-8023 Zurich

FRANCE

**HOTEL ROYAL MONCEAU** 

**PARIS** 

# MAJOR SAVINGS ARE JUST ONE REASON TO SUBSCRIBE

There are many more. Such as comprehensive coverage of world news. Balanced, unbiased reporting. Expanded business coverage and financial tables. Plus comics, "Weekend," Buchwald, Baker and many others.

In short, interesting and indispensable reading that busy people like you in 143 countries depend on every day: And all of it in a compact, highly readable package.

It's not enough to get the daily news just once or twice a week. That's why

we are inviting you to take advantage of our special introductory rates for new subscribers. You'll save 25% off the regular subscription rate, or up to TRNATIO the regular subscription rate, depend to of the newsstand price, depend to of the newstand price, depend to of the new to of

Return this order form today and start getting more world news for less!

Best of all, you can benefit from these savings for a full year by checking the 12-month box below.

THESE ARE THE SPECIAL RATES AFTER REDUCTION OF THE INTRODUCTORY DISCOUNT

•										<i>-</i> 171	
	12 anonatus	6 months	3 months		12 months	6 months	3 months		12 months	6 months	3 mz
Adea (air)\$	255.00	127.50	70.00	Hungary (air) \$	172.00	86.00	48.00	Poland (air)		-	_
Afghanistan (air) \$	255.00	127.50	70.00	Trem (mir) 5	195.00	97.50	54,00	Polynesia, French (aur) 5	172.00	86.00	4
Africa, ex-comm. (air) \$	172.00	- 86.00	48.00	Iraq (air) 5	195.00	97.50	54,00	Personal areas (mr) 5	225.00	112.50	6
Africa, others (air) \$	255.00	127.50	70.00	Indeed (sir) \$	172.00	86,00	48.00	Pertugal (mr) Esc.	5,400 00	2,700.00	1.5C
Algeria (air)\$	172.00	86.00	48.00	ireland	56.00	28.00		Komania (alr) e	172.00	86.00	110-4
Austria Sch.	2,300,00	1.150.00	638.00		195.00	97.50	15.00	Selecti Arabia (air)	195.00	97.50	- 7
Belgion B.Fr.	4.640,00	2.320.00	1.280.00	Israel (eir)			54.00	South America (air) 5			3
Bulgaria (sir) S	172.00	86.00	48.00	Italy Lira	108,000.00	54,000,00	30,000.00	Snale (al.)	255.00	127.50	7
Canada (air)	255.00	127.50	70.00	Kuwait (air) S	255.00	127.50	70.00	Spain (air)Pras.	(0,800.00	5,400,00	3.0t
Cypras (air)	172.00	86.00	48.00	Lebenou (air) S	195.00	97_50	54.00	Sweden (air) S.Kr.	612.00	306.00	17
Czechoslovakia (air) S				Libya (adr)	195.00	97.50	54.00	Switzerland e to	300.00	150.00	
	172.00	86.00	48.00	Luxembourg LFr.		2,320,00	1.280.00	Tomasia (air)			8
Descript (20) D.Kr		374.00	208.00					Turken take	172.00	86.00	4
Egypt (sir) \$	195:00	97.50	54,00	Malagasy (air) S	225.00	112.50	62,00	Turkey (air) 5	172.00	86.00	44
Ethiopia (air)\$	255.00	127.50	70.00	Maka (air) \$	172.00	86.50	48.00	U.A.E. (air)	255.00	127.50	״
Finland (sir) F.M.	612.00	306.00	170.00	Mexico (air)S	255.00	127.50	70.00	U.S.S.R. (air) e	172.00		:
France, F.F.	612.00	306.00	170.00	Morocco (air)	172.00	86,00	48.00	U.S.A. (sir)		86,00	•
Germany D.M.	324,00	162.00	90.00	Netherlands Fl.	344.00	172.00	94.00	Vincedania	195,00	97.50	5
Great Beltain £\$t.	46.00	23.00	12.00	Norway (air)			186.00	Yugoslavia (air) S	172.00	86.00	4

I want to receive the IHT at my I home office address below for:

□ 12 months □ 6 months □ 3 months □ Mr □ Ms Address

Country THIS OFFER VALID FOR FIRST-TIME SUBSCRIBERS ONLY. Job title/profession

Company activity **Nationality** 

iMPORTANT: Payment must be enclosed with order to: IHT, 181 avenue Charles-de-Gaulle, 92521 Neuilly Cedex, France. Pro-forms invoices are available on request.

Rates valid through May 2nd, 1981

## Pleasure Sanciente for the Internal Sanciente for the Internal Academy of Grances, or least than color than though distributed at the Internal Sanciente for Following such a heavy really does not crate more

by Carolyn Pfaff

cheese selection is proper transland French cheese in cheere and Cantal and my ARIS - The first woman member of besier sheet shop the Academy will soon resolve a country that has preoccupied French misogynists for Courtelles (But who by versy that has preoccupied riting drough?) The cheese is suists and amused French misogynists for what will she wear?

droner. The these is shirts and amused French makes crisp relic these is shirts and amused French makes to call the shirts. What will she wear?

The control to call and absurcenar's candidacy is known to have should be shirt too thick boundly shocked some of the older memory of the academy who are old indeed, and unless scrupilously cor-Desserts are also been of the academy who are out muces, and though barel, stant echoice of dress, unless scrupulously cor-

sant though barci stants choice of dress, unless screen stations Berthill a statistic could cause further dyspensia.

\*\*Ations Berthill a statistic could cause further dyspensia.

\*\*Ations Berthill a statistic could cause further dyspensia.

\*\*Transport of the coupole of the At its former location lemicians (if all attent) with wear the single Michella Star left all costume, black tail cost embroidered in the Michella Star left trousers, black bicome admirated single Michelle Star lagen, black trousers, black bicorne admiral-Millau and two Towns hat topped with feathers and adomed Raning. Parking hat topped with feathers and adomed What the trues mean the French cocarde in red, white and blue, y will also carry an engraved gold sword, a from sponsors and admirers on the day of

(None) poor to fair

\*\* } excellent

ilida" reten:

diegvejung da version of

ty Orchestra. Cho Lung-lin

Sparish Na-

To lan 😅

Minealais — det-Maciane

il Valleten ---

To lan 🐣

le nell loga

Oper its 18 and 11 21 Hanse

Derivand 15.

ng you to take adu al introductor !!

ers. You !! sale !!

abscription rate, of

L you can benefit.

for a fell year by

onth box below.

2.4

FOR 4

-in 1. 1.

general Pro-

ا - نام هري . . . . .

May Inc.

Indian -2-7-1 -ALC: View 4-2 April 1

HY

\*) good to very good

\* + ) extraordinary

looking ridiculous? Though hardly the steam to food prices seems been studied by some fairly illustrious tion to food, prices sented for nearly a century.

din, 18 rue Troyon Paintee first time the academy debated women's taken as 22 Circuit Charles in Institute the academy debated women's taken as 22 Circuit Charles in Institute the academy debated women's taken as 22 Circuit Charles in Institute the academy debated women's taken as 22 Circuit Charles in Institute the academy debated women's taken as 22 Circuit Charles in Institute the academy debated women's taken as 22 Circuit Charles in Institute the academy debated women's taken as 22 Circuit Charles in Institute the academy debated women's academy debated women's taken as 22 Circuit Charles in Institute the academy debated women's academy d

380.36.22 Closed Sunda distance was in 1911. The Immortals, as the Card: Visa Reservations be to find sufficient pretexts to postpone the works in the sartorial objection.

t the time, suffragettes were throwing aselves under horses, Colette was writing ne, the first women aviators were winning cons for flying a distance of 80 kilometers cology a leading French magazine could ask:

t was Marie Curie who stirred up the dee about women's entry into this bastion of The Consider prerogative. She had the temerity to proused husband at the Institute of Science, an-DARMSTAD per pillar of French academia.

GMadame Curie won two Nobel prizes in her etime, but she found the French scientists rder to please. At the time, her failure pro-FRANKFUM ted the feminists to understandable rage.

The very were ready to storm the academy as well

them ran a readers poll to choose the top women writers who should immediately be admitted to the academy.

The winners were a certain Madame Gerard d'Houville, now forgotten, the Comtesse Anna de Noailles, friend of Cocteau and Proust, who had the satisfaction, at least, of being elected to the Belgian Academy in 1922. Ranking third was the young Colette, whose name was to figure for 50 years as a potential candidate for the academy. Like Madame Curie, Colette never made it.

The whole story of the feminist protest is told in the pages of Femina magazine of January, 1911, now a collectors item. It was unearthed by fashion expert Mary Vaudoyer,



spanning 150 years and a library to match.

Femina magazine, which had sponsored meetings between English and French suffragettes, took up the challenge of clothing the first woman Immortal, to prove, as the editors put it, that the academy's objections on this point were not "tres serieux."

Top couturiers were asked to submit sketches. Among them the only names now remembered are Paquin, Cheruit, Lelong and Poirer who proposed a Grecian sapplic tunic and a draped skirt with the cocked hat.

Most of the designers dressed their ideal woman in black academician's coat. One daringly opted for knee-length pants, an "amusing travesty" in the opinion of Femina, "but not suited to the ample academicienne."

While all the designers wanted to keep the

hat, the sword was unilaterally banished in favor of a cane, except for one designer who pinned the sword through the hat, a horizontal sword of Damocles. Femina commented: "Our women wish to

espect their feminity even in the academy, and this will give pause to ample anti-feminists who say that women are always trying to copy men." It quoted one (anonymous) male, who joked, "I'll have to get the women arrested for wearing an official costume."

Now, 70 years later, it falls to Yourcenar, writer who has lived the greater part of her life outside France, to break down this long-standing and very French taboo.

Yourcenar's costume will be designed by Yves Saint Laurent. She will wear a black vel vet skirt, a black velvet coat trimmed with brown, a white blouse and a black shawl, no doubt inspired by the academician's black cape, possibly to be worn over the head.

In place of the warlike sword, friends have given her a gold coin struck by the Emperor Hadrian, to wear as a pendant, recalling her most celebrated novel, "Memoirs of Hadrian." Femina Magazine would have approved, but

this is quite a switch for Yourcenar, who initially announced her preference for a private ceremony with no frills.

As Vaudoyer says: "Obviously Miss Your-cenar has understood that costume is an essen-tial dimension of this event. It would have been impossible for the first woman academician to play little brown wren in the presence of so many peacock brilliant males."

# Bolling: Neither Mozart nor Ellington, Just a Deliberate Blend of Both

by Michael Zwerin

ARIS — Claude Bolling makes what he calls "ecological music." The numbers may not be the heaviest, but on

bets may not be the nearly with relief. In any case, he's not trying to be heavy.

By combining baroque chamber music textures with jazz rhythms, Bolling has satisfied a universal need. He's neither a Mozart nor an Ellington (who was a friend), but he does manage to recreate their stately consonance. Listeners seem to be hungry for such peace-and-quiet music; his three jazz-classical fusion compositions have sold more than 500,000 al-

In addition to working twice a month with his 17-piece band, Bolling, who is perhaps the best-known name in French jazz and not exactly inactive, has been busy writing music for such films as "Borsalino," "California Suite" and the recent Alain Delon vehicle "Trois Hommes a Abattre." Director Paul Mazursky used samplings of his three jazz-classical suites for "Willie and Phil." He has performed his own works in Carnegie Hall, the Concord Pavilion in San Francisco and the Hollywood Bowl, and in 1979 he was made an honorary citizen of Los Angeles. He has just finished a suite combining Jean-Pierre Wallez's 40-piece Ensemble Orchestral de Paris with his own jazz trio, to be premiered at Salle Gaveau on

"Suite for Flute and Jazz Piano" won the National Association of Record Merchandisers award as the best-selling classical album of 1977 in the United States. It grew out of a lunch with Jean-Pierre Rampal, about whom The New York Times said: "He simply plays the flute and its literature with more viriuosity and aplomb than anybody else." Rampal told Bolling: "I can't play jazz, and anyway my public wouldn't approve if I did. But I would love to play with jazz feeling behind me. Can you write something like that?

Bolling smiled: "When somebody of that stature commissions a work, it's like the pope.

Pinchas Zuckerman was rehearsing avantgarde music with Pierre Boulez the same week he recorded Bolling's second hit: "Suite for Vi-olin and Jazz Piano." Telling the story, Bolling is not exactly smug but he does seem quite pleased about it: "When Zuckerman arrived in the studio, he said he hadn't heard a chord all day. Musicians commission me to write works for them because I accept to write simple tri-ads [trumpet virtuoso]. Maurice Andre told me he wanted me to write a piece for him because if he commissioned a contemporary classical composer he would write something unplayable and anyway it would make the audience

So the anomaly is that the 20th-century antiestablishment, minority music called jazz has captured the easy-listening market. Bolling provides the consonance people do not get in our hectic contemporary world, which also explains the enormous success of Keith Jarrett's Chopinesque solo piano improvisations. Bolling spreads his hands as if stating the obvious:



Bolling smiled when Jean-Pierre Rampal, the flutist, called on him. "When somebody of that stature commissions a work, it's like the pope. You do it."

"People need rest, childrens' laughs, greenery. They have since the begining of time."

He was born in Cannes and, already something of a piano prodigy, began to listen to jazz during the war when he was in his early teens. His first influence was the German cockrail pianist Charlie Kuntz, and the big oand of Ray Ventura. One day a friend shook his head and said, "but that's not real jazz." So Bolling heard Louis Armstrong, Sidney Bechet and Fats Waller for the first time and He says: "From that day...

He trails off, implying that he was immediately hooked. From that day, however, jazz also basically stopped, as far as Claude Bolling is concerned. He'll accept the swing era, but whatever the qualities of post-bebop improvisers, they are not playing what he would call jazz. "Hardly anybody plays real New Orleans-style jazz any more," he says. "They play a sort of bastard swing. It's intellectual lazing they don't take the trouble to learn where ness, they don't take the trouble to learn where the roots are. But nobody played Bach in the 19th century, and New Orleans jazz will be rediscovered one day like Bach was."

A French critic referred to Bolling's latest iazz-classical connection, the recently released album "Picnic Suite," which features Rampal and guitarist Alexandre Lagoya, as "Pas Mechant." This means roughly: "Not nasty."

"I'll accept that," he says. "You see, it's in-teresting. It implies that in order to be chic you have to be nasty. 'Not nasty' should be a com-pliment rather than condescension. 'Not nasty' is the least we should expect from music.

A Columbia Records executive illustrates the universal appeal of Bolling's fusions: "Our pop, jazz and classical divisions are on the same floor of our New York headquarters. The overlapping styles of tapes coming out of the different offices does not please everybody. There's a certain amount of rivalry. But the first time the Suite for Flute and Jazz Piano was played, secretaries and producers from all divisions came over happily to listen."

There is usually a degree of provocation missing from music that pleases everybody We are salved but not stimulated. Bolling has been called "frivolous."

"I accept that too," he says. "Some musi cians feel obligated to reinvent music each time out. They are always looking for the lost chord. These people can never be happy. I respect research, but if we are too cultivated and self-conscious there are no more surprises. Anyway there are no real creators. We are rather generators of ideas that already exist. We should not try too hard to be original. If I started to analyze my music seriously, I would never do anything."

# ife Lines: The Task of a Diary Designer

by Isabel Bass

ONDON - Whether a day at a time or a week at a glance, most people are probably thinking ahead into 1981. Some think vertically. Others, no

/illiam de Majo, a burly Yugoslav in his is not only planning his own year, but is stantly helping others plan theirs. In fact, a something of a world specialist in matters airing to the paper passage of time.

🖙 e Majo looks like an overgrown Santa - - s helper, but he is the top design consult-or Charles Letts, the British firm reputed Manager the world's oldest and biggest diary pubrs. The firm put the first commercial diary he market in 1816 and now produces an al supply six times the height of ML.

> e Majo listens to people's amieties about ng things down, analyzes their handwritind assesses the records they keep. These anslates into diary layouts with the preci-

> of a brain surgeon. Dianes are very personal and complex ob-They become a part of a person and they be completely reliable," he said recently

West London studio. his intense attention to the placement of, a line on a page means that de Majo pro-is the guidelines for the lives of 15 million

ritain and for thousands elsewhere. is a position that takes him aback, being nternational award-winning designer of big jects like airplanes and the founder of the ernational Council of Graphic Design As-

Back in 1968, before I designed my first ry, I thought the things just happened," he i. "I never believed so much work goes into staff of designers, marketing men, editors, car-tographers, bookbinders and gilt craftsmen to plan a single product."

So how did he enter the complex world of diary design?

"I was a disgruntled diary owner," he said. "I carted around one of those big day-a-page things, struggling under the weight and getting lost in the welter of details jotted down each day. So I designed one that would allow the least confusion for the least effort."

This diary - the "Timeplan" - presents a week at a spread, the days in vertical columns and broken down by hour, with a reminder section at the bottom of each day. It includes a yearly forward planner and a section for notes

"The theory," he said, "is that the diary must help you forget large things, engender a well-kept filing system and provide sufficient space to stimulate your day and run an effi-

That said he wheeled out diaries that he has worked on over the last 12 years. There were big ones and fat stubby ones. Some squashed a month onto a tiny space, others expanded a day into an enormous blank space.

To de Majo, the vast selection of sizes and shapes made perfect sense. His years in the business, he reckoned, had taught him something about diary owners.

"You can tell a lot about people from the diary they use, and not just by what and how they write in it," he said.

Gold-embossed, overstamped, over-informed diaries: "These are for people who re-

gard objects as being the foreground, not the background, of life. They're for status seek-

Continental week-at-a-glance design with boxes for weekly letters to write and telephone

a Jewish mother to nag them.

Slim pocket gold edged diaries with the week broken into hours: "Executives use these. They like something precise, not over-messy, elegant and tailored."

Two-days to a page medium desk size diary "Medium-grade employees and people with small minds go for this version. They don't have many appointments and time is not preci-ous to them. They don't need the hours of the day set out for them. And they need a bit of space to write memos to themselves that they

would otherwise forget."

Day-a-page desk diaries: "These are favored by restaurateurs to make bookings, by smallbusiness people to record orders, by obsessiveminded folk who simply have to write everything down and by those who can't cope with taking on more than a day at a time."

-vear diary with diary is purchased by writers, and adolescents who want to hide 'Dear diary I was kissed last night' from their parents. It is also treasured by gardeners. They record 'May 15, 1978 today my first primrose appeared and then wonder where the primrose is that time round the next year. It's a great way to keep track of plantings.

After a little prodding, de Majo revealed yet another hint for diary buyers in a muddle.

"Executives regard a day as an individual

pillar and prefer a week in vertical columns. Small businessmen and conventional-minded types like their week set out borizontally, so

they can read their lives like a book," he said. On that note, he consulted his own diary, a large book with the week laid out in vertical columns, daily appointments listed by the hour, reminders beneath each.

"It runs my entire business life," he said. His ensuing glance at the door probably meant that it was time to go.

# EDUCATION DIRECTORY

ITALY

### THE INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL OF MILAN

For day students aged 3-18

newssiand price & The school offers a British-based, English medium curriculum and extra-curricular program. His a second curriculum and S OF SET 10131 services. The current enrollment is 600 with 37 nationalities HOTE WOTE DEWS OF represented:

For further details please apply to: The Headmaster, Via Bezzola, 6, Milano 20153 - Tel.: 45.24.749.

AMERICAN OVERSEAS SCHOOL OF ROME

ACCREDITED MIDDLE STATES ASSOCIATION

VIA CASSIA 811, ROME, ITALY. Tel.: (06) 3664841.

-Standard U.S. Curriculum. U.S. Advanced Placement.

Program for Ages 11 to 13 (Grades 6 to 8).

Half Day for Ages 3-4

Full Day for Ages 5-10.

FOUNDED 1947



#### AMERICAN COLLEGE OF SWITZERLAND

**SWITZERLAND** 

An independent, fully accredited, institution of Higher Education, offering the Bachelor's Degree.

Spring Semester begins, February 2, 1981

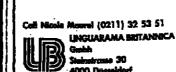
Please contact Richard Calláns,

units/Montreup: (021) 62 53 61.

One student one master cept for boys 12 through 20 of rage and superior intelligence Wishing to accelerate
Who have lost one or more years
With accelerate deficiencies
Secretary students and the contra

OXFORD

GERMANY **GERMAN FOR BUSINESS!!** 



STUDY IN THE U.S.A. WIN A SCHOLARSHIP!



**■ DON'T MISS the International Herald Tribune's** special advertising feature on

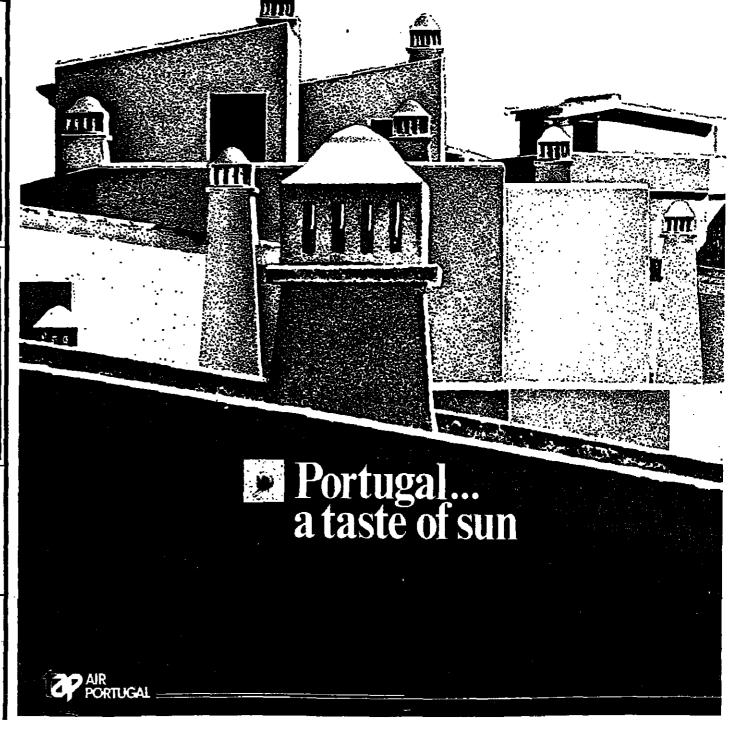
EDUCATION

which will be published on February 6, 1981 TO PLACE AN ADVERTISEMENT contact your necres

nternational Herald Tribune representative or Françoise Cles 181 Ave. Charles-de-Gaulle, 92521 Neutly Cedex, France. Tel.: 747-12-65 - Telex: 613 595.

... the simplicity of an architectural style, revealed in its fine trace... In the whiteness of spaces... In the picturesque outline of the houses against the ever blue skies.

For further information, contact your Travel Agent or the Portuguese National Tourist Office.



TRODUCTORY DISCOUN PRE-SCHOOL TO 12th GRADE HIGH SCHOOL.

MIDDLE SCHOOL:

LOWER SCHOOL:

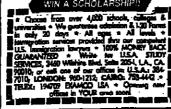
THE EPISCOPAL CHURCH IN AUSTRIA

- OPENING AVAILABLE dmaster; Postfach #67; 5023 Salzburg; Austria. Telephone: 06213-27601.-

FRANCE

LEARN AND LIVE THE FRENCH LANGUAGE in colm and infelies surroundings near Monte Carlo
in colm and infelies surroundings near Monte Carlo
The CENTE MEDITERANEEN D'ETIDES FRANÇASES offers 25 years of
experience. Whistever your lavel, you may acquire a mastery of trench to
suit your professional or cultural needs. Small groups. 4, 8 or 12-week
courses starting each month. Cassaits tapes and library are available to
students supervised by a professor.

Bendulus with availance from the Cassaits of the end of laddings. Brochure with enrolment feet, alone or with bo CENTRE MEDITERRANEM D'ETUDES FRANÇAISES -06320 Cop d'Ail (France), Tel. (93) 78.21.59.



# Art Nouveau in Brussels

by Rona Dobson

RUSSELS — People in Brussels live all over town in tall slivers of masonry decorated with individual fantasies round windows, doors and balconies. Their houses are set shoulder to shoulder in deceptively regimented rows with roof heights as varied as heads in a school photograph, or crouched stubbornly between towering blocks of faceless modernity, all holding out to the end. For many of the larger and more sumptuous homes built by Art Nouveau architects, the end came when sites were sought by construction firms for grand apartment buildings, and Brussels lost a large part of its potentially historic heritage to the wreckers' ball.

But smaller residences remain as personal monuments to the collective creativity of architects, artists and artisans, with sweeping circular windows, hand-painted ceramic tiles across facades, wrought-iron railings cavorting in exuberant curves on every balcony and gate, light-hearted sculpture topping roofs.

Interiors were as much a part of the new trend, dubbed in Belgium "Modern Style" or, more maliciously, "Mad Macaroni," as their exterior design and decoration. The exhibition celebrating this period at the Palais des Beaux Arts shows contents as a self-care contents. Arts shows contents, as well as blueprints, sketches, bits of exterior decoration, of these houses. Furniture, paintings, posters, prints, sculpture, ivory statuettes, stained-glass panels, flower vases, books, lamps, carpets, have been coaxed from proud owners still using them in the original houses or borrowed from Belgium's Decorative Arts Museums for this display. It is an all-Belgian show, to demonstrate how firmly Art Nouveau took root in this country and how prolifically creative its exponents were, despite the brief span of its

From banknotes to baby chairs, every article in daily use by a moneyed elite was artistically designed, hand-crafted and produced to satisfy a new generation of solid citizens in the late 19th century who were turning away from old-fashioned and long-established ideas and styles in search of something newer and more modern. They were eager and able to spend fortunes (often acquired through Leopold II's adventuring) on a new way of living. Turn-ofthe-century posters, bookbindings and dresses

were as elegantly decorative and liberated from tradition in the new artistic style as hous-

es, salon chairs and dining-room tables.

Furniture has been well chosen, all genuine period pieces made by cabinet maker from architects' designs, with Victor Horta and Henry Van de Velde in the vanguard. Much of it was made from the American ash tree, coveted for its suppleness allied to sturdy staying-power, polished to a pale golden gleam, and from exotic woods indigenous to the newly annexed African Congo, as well as traditional oak and

mahogany.
Victor Horta's graceful petal-shaped chairs and sofas from the Horta Museum (which he built as his own home) are a pleasure to the eye; some of the massive commodes and cup-boards look too heavy today. Beds in the show induce a certain nervousness with their high-rearing overpowering headboards; Thurber could have conjured up some ghastly joke to help along insomnia. The section on "Dreams" features the beds, with appropriately bizarre



Chair, by designer Serrurier-Bovy.

and romantic paintings on the walls, taped background noise emitting sounds of a smister wind, restless mumblings and whispers to add

Mood music in the "Exotic" section is cheerier. Jungle bird calls and whoops and chirrups complement the reproduced mural of marvelously strange birds and foliage. A flying sunshade spins into central space. A tea tray with cups and pot floats alongside. And the whole flamboyant design is latticed with bamboo stems — real bamboo in the original house, but painted stems here. Artists and designers shunned the straight line. Instead they preferred flowing, fluid, free-floating outlines. So birds, especially swans with their long sinuous necks, and flowers on long slender stems provided a handy source of inspiration. It is illustrated here by vases, lamps and decorative

Among the jewelry, with beautifully worked motifs for pendants, brooches, belt buckles, is faintly gruesome fantasy belt buckle in silver and amethysts by Philippe Wolfers, most fa-mous of Belgium's Art Nouveau jewelers. Called "Night and Day," the buckle has a large bat above a captive butterfly. A hideous-ly ostentatious jeweled dog-collar makes a curiosity piece.

Stamed-glass panels are well displayed, showing off the special colors used then: pale greens and yellows, soft lilac and iris-purple close to black. There are flower patterns strewn across the glass, and exotic panels from a private home feature harem beauties. Most satisfying — and most surprising — is a window by Constant Montald dated 1889, with a Mondrian-type geometric design in gentle greens and blues. With touches of pale bam-

Posters, prints and paintings are lavishly displayed, and two primped-up veteran automobiles with huge wheels and torch-holders stand in the vast main hall. It might have been help-ful if a short printed list of exhibits, with brief notes on each, had been provided as an alternative to the unwieldy and costly catalog, an art reference work of value but not essential for a casual visit.

Art Nouveau in Belgium, Palais des Beaux Arts, to Feb. 15, 1981. Bus tours of the architec-ture in Brussels will be conducted on each of the next five Sundays, leaving the Palais de Beaux Arts at 2:30 p.m.

# Where Have the Good Paintings Gone?

by Souren Melikian

ARIS - The world supply of works of art is shrinking but nowhere has the shortage become as perceptibly acute

as in good paintings.

Twenty years ago the problem for a dealer was essentially to know how to pick the best out of a mass of available works. He had to make sure not to overpay, to make the highest possible profit. Now the problem is basically how to find works for sale. In the last timee or four years competition from auction rooms has intensified. Sotheby's and Christie's have systematically developed their network of regional offices in Britain, the latest addition being Sotheby's Glasgow office, which opened this month. Their agents are brushing the country with a toothcomb.

A decade ago it was relatively easy for a well-connected lady spending hours over cups of tea in the country houses of the English gentry to be nonchalantly entrusted with nego-tiating the odd Italian Primitive, half a dozen presentable Caravaggiesque paintings and not a few Flemish and Dutch landscapes genrescenes and still-lifes. Now that sounds like a golden legend of ancient times. The auction rooms are stalking every prey in sight.
With Impressionists and 20th-century mas-

ters the crisis is several shades more acute. Sotheby's and Christie's have multiplied offices on a worldwide scale. They have taken to es on a worldwide scale. They have taken to sending out their experts all over Europe at regular intervals. Newspapers carry ads stating the place and time at which these experts will graciously shed their vast knowledge and incidentally make useful suggestions, all of it resulting in a one-way traffic — Londonwards.

In what is in effect a war for supremacy in the market for Impressionist and modern

the market for Impressionist and modern paintings, auction rooms have already won a paintings, auction rooms have already won a victory over dealers. They have almost succeeded in shunting off from the trade most major works owned by private collectors who are prepared to sell. There are two main reasons for this. The attitude of buyers has changed. A generation ago they enjoyed nothing so much as a masterpiece bought in secrecy. They wanted art, not events publicized by

To a large extent, the situation has now been reversed. A hig sale today is a hig show trempeted the world over by heralds called in modern language press-officers and auction-room spokesmen. Buyers want the sensation as much as what they get. Most dealers will privately complain about the huge prices that buyers are willing to pay at anction but not to a dealer. Potential sellers are in turn attracted - all the more so as they never see the other side of the coin: Important paintings some-times fail to sell altogether. More often, they times fail to sell altogether. More often, they fail to sell well, but auction rooms don't shout that on the rooftops. What gets reported in the media is the \$1-million record, not the unglamorous flop. The overall picture that the public gets in an ever-rosy, Moscow-style view of stunning prices enriching the lucky sellers. So far, dealers have been waging a losing battle. Their sales don't get much publicity, partly because their transactions are not

partly because their transactions are not shows, but just a normal line of business above all because the nature of the trade forbids it. They can seldom release prices. Sellers — any seller, whether private or professional
— would be not on the dealer's trail with gons in hand should they ever find out that the skunk made more than a 10 or 15-percent profit on their picture. And he certainly tries to. The tax-collector's reaction on hearing about their brilliant sales would be equally dangerous. Desirable as it is, publicity can

only backfire on the dealer.

Another problem increasingly faced by dealers is that very few of them can afford to buy top works anyway — they require too much

works expected to sell in excess of \$500,000 Les Coteaux de Suresnes," by Maurice de Vlaminck.

by Jules B. Farber

A spanning expeditions in search of new markets, and they traded everything— even art prints—at their far-flung destina-

tions. From the late 16th century onward, their

ships set off laden with Dutch goods and en-

Prices of Dutch prints, blue chip invest-

ments that have been sought for over 300

years, have soared lately at auctions and

among specialized dealers. But contemporary

Dutch printmakers, with a few exceptions, re-main unknown and undiscovered beyond this

Or so it was until recently when Piet

Clement, a 43-year-old Amsterdam master art

printer, crossed the ocean on his first visit to

the United States. He carried his huge, specially made aluminum portfolio, filled with the

works of 12 Dutch graphic artists. He caused

ripples in American museum and gallery cir-cles and returned with a "mission accom-

plished" smile on his face and a much lighter

Clement's baptism on the American art

scene started when Margaret van Schaack, from Birmingham, Ala, stumbled by accident

into his Print Shop on Prinsengracht. She had

originally gone to Zurich to organize a sculp-

country's borders.

art box.

MSTERDAM - In the 17th centu-

ry, the Dutch were nicknamed "the Chinese of the West" for their world-

tends to bypass dealers and make a beeline for the auction room. From \$200,000 down, the situation is different, although the lack of any record of private transactions makes precise evaluation impossible. The feeling in the business is that for the time being private transactions far outnumber auction sales - perhaps to the rate of 5 to 1. Even that is threatened in the middle term.

There has been organized response from the trade, but there are individual signs of deep

One answer to the problem is the organiza-tion of specialized exhibitions. The French have been strongest in that line. The gallery Robert Schmit on the rue St. Honore and the Gallery Alfred Daber have had several in the last few years. Credit for the best performance possibly goes to the latter, who decided to close in December because of a shortage in high-quality works in their specialized line. Huguette Beres, torn between a traditional dealer's obsessive yearning for discretion and the modern businesswoman's approach, has done it — not with paintings by the 19th- and early 20th-century masters she deals in, but with engravings. It is easier, less costly and resulted last year in what may well have been the best exhibition of Edouard Manet's graphics ever held anywhere - perfect impressions rare items.

The latest and most interesting reaction came from Daniel Malingue, who runs a gal-lery on the avenue Matignon. Malingue has been in the business for 15 years and is noted in professional circles for his connection with expert Paul Petrides — and a display of loyalty in difficult circumstances that deserves a passing tribute. His idea is that a dealer can do as well as or even better than an auction room, on

a 10-percent commission basis. This percentage is well under half of what auction houses take away from buyer and seller (an 11.5-per-cent "premium" is charged to the buyer on the knackdown price in London, another 10-percent commission is charged to the vendor, plus a variety of incidental expenses, all of it add-ing up to at least 25 percent. Malingue says he models his selling technique on that of the auc-

In his catalog, Malingue states that he will hold the work for four to 10 weeks — not nearly as long as London auction houses inevitably do. He further claims — to quote the English

version - "All costs for transport, cust formalities and cleaning — if needed and the seller's agreement — [are] free of char This again, is an improvement on stan

auction-room conditions. How does it work? In 1980 he had selling exhibitions timed with the big sal London. The springtime show, largely ex mental would seem to have been succe Malingue says he sold a Kees Van Do portrait of a woman of the artist's Fairve od (c. 1907-10) for 500,000 francs (\$112 A Cubist view of an interior scene signs Fernand Leger in 1922, which had fail reruand Leger in 1922, which had fail reach its reserve price at Sotheby's on J 1979 (lot 13) was sold for 720,000 I (\$155,000). In the late June-early July e tion he included a handsome Matiss so the U.S. trade for \$350,000 at a minimpercent profit. "It was important for me j have that mixtures." Malingua case. In his have that picture," Malingue says. In his show, which closed in mid-December, h an early Nabi painting by E. Vuillar 350,000 francs (\$77,000) — a good price

His obsession is to reach the "truly or seller. He found an early Maurice de landscape simply by advertising his forting selling exhibition in the French L'Express. It was sold to another truly t person - not a dealer, not an investor o ulator - for 245,000 francs (\$54,000). T Malingue, is the perfect transaction, the

acting as an honest broker.

For the first time, too, he was able clude in his November-December catale works that he describes as highly import the catalog description fits the facts, the tainly are important. Their sizes and dates — 1909 and 1911-12 — their provi and last but not least, their appearance jor exhibitions sends them into the six bracket. They are currently being negoti: It is too soon to tell whether Malingue

is the answer to the problems that dealer been encountering. The method is not a new—some London galleries have beer new—some London galleries have beer ing on those lines for years, the Lefeby lery, to mention but one, with picture very high order. What makes Malingu dertaking significant is that he is doin Paris and trying to be systematic aboil points to a new line of thinking in the



### L'ANNUAIRE de L'ART INTERNATIONAL

la 9 édition vient de paraître Préface de Pierre Mazars du Figaro



Seul au monde par sa luxueuse présentation, sa documentation importante, ses reproductions d'artistes contemporains (dont plus de 550 en couleur). Intermédiaire indispensable entre artistes, collectionneurs et marchands, vous y trouverez :

- la liste complète avec noms et adresses des galeries d'art des principaux pays.
- les artistes : leurs galeries et leurs ateliers. - les musées. les salons artistiques.
- les supports artistiques. - la liste des critiques d'art internationaux (a.i.c.a.).
- Dans cette édition : trois nouveaux chapitres. - les principaux artistes belges, brésiliens et

Volume relié de 1 000 pages Prix de vente chez l'éditeur : 120 F tic (+ frais de port : France 17 F. Etranger 25 F)

SERMADIRAS PUBLICITE S.A. 11, rue Arsène Houssaye - 75008 Paris 766.51.21 +

## ART EXHIBITIONS

PARIS

-GALERIE ISY BRACHOT-35 rue Guénégaud, Paris 6th - 354.22.40

LJUBA FROM JANUARY 14 TO MARCH 7, 1981

Galieries International york - chicago - pales beach beverly hills - paris **ALINE BIENFAIT** 

WALLY FINDLAY

sculptures

Imp., Post-imp., Moderns 2. av. Matignon - Paris 8º Tel. 225.70.74 mon. thru. sat. 10 am. - 7 p.m

Wally Findlay George V Hôtel George V - 723.54.00 CASSIGNEUL- DOUTRELEAU GANTNER - SIMBARI

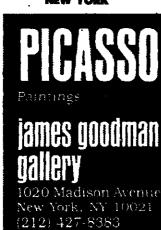
31, av. George V - Paris 8\*

daily - 10 s.m. - 9 p.m. sunday - 7·p.m. - 9 p.m.

BERM

**0**\ **GALERIE MARBACH** Kramgame 54, CH-3000, Bern & Tel.: 031-22.42.05/22.38.25 FRITZ WINTER (Bashous) Monotypes and Drawings

December 3 - January 31, 1981



LONDON

MARSHALL SPINK GALLERY 18 Albemarle St., W.I. A.P.T. Inc. presents Three Centuries of Flowers and Still Life Paintings 1600-1900 Daily 10-6; Thurs. 10-9; Sat. 10-1.

LEFEVRE GALLERY 30 Briston Street W1 - 01-493 1572/3 **20TH CENTURY** WORKS ON VIEW

Mon.-Fri. 10-5.30

# Exhibitions in Paris

PARIS — The Musee des Arts Decoratifs (107 rue de Rivoli, Paris 1) is by definition devoted to the products of France's great craftsmen, and the current showthere ("Les Metiers de l'Art," to March 30) is an extremely abundant and varied presentation of some 150 items by cabinetmakers, embroiderers, silversmiths and so forth of the past, as well as over 200 objects by contemporary artists and craftsmen.

The cleavage between past and present is too obvious to be ig-nored, and while formal and technical perfection are at their height in the 18th and 19th centuries, one cannot help being impressed by the massive dreariness of much of what these centuries produced in the way of furniture, clothes, wallpaper, etc. There are numerous items, dating from as early as the 12th century, that do have considerable charm, but one cannot help thinking that a society's desire for a "perfect" product, and the craftsman's own pride in his virtu-

osity, have often resulted in works and styles that are both flawless In contrast, the selection of 20th-century objects - tableware, woodwork, weaving, jewelry, en-amel and all the rest — while uneven, is often more attractive because the present age encourages a greater playfulness. The Lalannes are among the better known artist-

craftsmen represented here, and their style is typical of this blend of craftsmanship and play. But there is also a sumptuous and poetic table decoration by Patrick and Anne Poirier, that shows a strong sense of craft combined

The extraordinary variety of contemporary craft is illustrated



other participants: Christian Renonciat, who carves pillows, blan-kets, cardboard boxes and almost anything else out of wood; Joe Erhardy, who is represented by Arcimboldo-type table base; Joseph Pitar, who devoted 3,000 hours to producing a working model of a Rolls-Royce (110 centimeters long); Doboujinsky and Gastine, whose delicious cat, dog, bird and fox masks contributed considerably to the charm of "Les Peines de Coeur d'une Chatte Anglaise" (a play presented by the Group TSE) and Rene Boivin, who designed and made an implansible Academician's sword for Maurice Rheims. There are also countless folk craftsmen, glaziers, weavers, ceramists and makers of children's toys, not to mention fashion designers, stylists who conceive new shapes for spiral staircases and designers of coins and medals, of trunks and snitcases, all of whom help to shape the background of contemporary life.

François Mathey, who organized the show, seems keen to eliminate the distinction between craftsman and artist. In his quaint view, it is a purely administrative distinction binging on how each one pays his contribution to Social Security. This does not really appear to be a very satisfactory way of dismissing the matter. It would seem fairly obvious that a craftsman, on the whole, is more taken with the pride of craft itself, with the dexterity and technical resourcefulness that his work reveals, while an artist, in contrast. keeps his eye on what might be referred to as a spiritual goal, his with a contemporary form of fan- craft being a means to that end.

Daniel Wildenstein recently donated a collection of over 300 miniatures assembled by his father and himself, and ranging from the 13th to the 16th centuries. These precious little paintings on parchment have been permanently installed in a special room at the Musee Marmottan (2 rue Louis Boilly, Paris 16). As they stand they are survivors from sumptuous manuscripts that were dismembered at some point in the past. Some of the preciously illuminated initials were even cut out of the page they decorated and closely cropped, as though they were no more than a figure in a magazine photo that a child might cut out and paste into an album. So they stand framed today, and so the exhibition offers a record of a culture of great refinement, and also of an undetermined time in which some of its finest creations were thus butch-

As it stands, the collection is among the most important anywhere in the world, and it illustrates the astonishing stylistic range of a medium that appeared in the Middle Ages, survived through the Renaissance and finally disappeared only in the 17th

- Michael Gibson

In legal settlement of Baron A.'s property and others

MODERN and OLD MASTER PAINTINGS Jewellery, Silver, Bronze
FURNITURE and OBJETS D'ART
LIAPORTANT BRUSSELS TAPRSTRY from and of XVIII cont.

Catalog available at the New Drouot Sale in Paris at the New Drouot, Thursday, January 29 at 2 p.m., Room 5 Public viewing Wednesday, January 28 from 11 a.m. to 6 p.m.

Me WAPLER - Auctioneer, 16 Pl. des Vosges (75004) PARIS. 278.57.10

## **AUCTION SALES**

Public Auction Sale

museums are rising on costly mid-town sites. Often such prestige structures offer city-planners the opportunity to refurbish downtown areas hastily and shoddily rebuilt in the postwar years. Frequently, too, the siting has a po-litical dimension: Art should be accessible and egalitarian, not remote or elitist.

genious, open-ended structure which invites those walking along the shore of the Maschsee to alter their course; inside, the feeling of a casual stroll continues, with the absence of any | tains it; he has, thus, worked for what he terms

ture show, and ended up in Amsterdam to try to bring it there. Though her ex-husband was of Dutch ancestry, she knew little about the corrent Dutch art scene. Impressed by Clement's print stock, van Schaack suggested be should bring it to Ameri-

**America Awakens to Dutch Graphic Art** 

ca. Clement, at first flabbergasted by the offer. agreed, even though he had to buy a tuxedo for the dinner parties arranged by van Schaack... who, as Clement puts it, turned out to be an "art world entrepreneur with first-class creden-tials who knew all the decision makers."

The 12 artists he chose to show included: Ger Lataster (fluid, color explosions); Constant (futuristic urban concepts); Jan Cremer (realistic fun-poking at Dutch mores and man-ners); Jan Montijn (restrained, philosophical small etchings); Roger Raveel and Reinier Lu-cassen (both exponents of the "new vision" school); Guillaume Le Roy (heavily structured woodcut compositions); Pieter Holstein (simplistic, figurative etchings); Jeroen Henne-man (spatial emptiness); Jan Hendrix (mixed abstract-figurative compositions); Jon Marten (abstract), and Lucebert (figurative literary al-

"In New York," Clement recalls, "we were received by names that were all myths to me: The American Graphic Association, Castelli, Brooke Alexander, Kennedy, Pace, Fitch and Hammond galleries." The Guggenheim was in-terested in a possible exhibition. So was the Museum of Modern Art, which bought two

Constants, one Pieter Holstein and Montijn on the spot. In Boston and Washington the re

was equally enthusiastic. They were : "like VIPs" at the Library of Congrelips Collections, the Hirshorn and the l

"This was the first time," Clemen "that major American museums and § had seen a collection of good contex Dutch graphics." They cautioned patie said it would take about two years to g ects underway. One suggestion was a tion in 1982 of the 200th anniver. Netherlands-American diplomatic re Holland was one of the first countries to nize the new United States back in 1782

Clement was invited back to show ne this spring, and will continue to Philac Houston and San Francisco.

"The Print Collector's Newsletter,"  $\varepsilon$ gious bimonthly bulletin, devoted its la of 1980 almost entirely to Dutch print — covering the gamut from the lathrough the 17th centuries right up to young masters, including all of Clemer ists and other good printmakers.

The Print Shop, Prinsengracht 845. Monday through Saturday from 10 a.s p.m. The current exhibition, running un 31, is lyricabstract work by Martin Eng Print prices range from \$175 to \$500, wh. inal works on paper cost \$500 to \$7,500.

## West Germany — Where the Art Is (Continued from Page .It is possible, even with public monies, to

build a collection with the same single-minded uncompromising intensity, as illustrated by Duesseldorf's Werner Schmalenbach. Over the last two decades he has acted with near-dictatorial authority, on behalf of the state of North Rhine-Westphalia, to create a brilliant ensemble of 20th-century painting. That collection, together with 88 works by Paul Klee, will also have a new, custom-made home between Duesseldorf's old-town and Hofgarten. One hundred and nineteen entries were submitted for the building, but it is questionable whether the complete museum will achieve the impec-cable standards of the work it houses.

As in Duesseldorf, most of German's new

In Hannover the architects contrived an in-

compulsory "itinerary." Like Ludwigshafen, Hannover embraces the concept of the contemporary museum not as a temple of art but as a center for communication and creativity with a mandate to engage the most diverse public. In the chill, wet summer of 1979 one exhibition hall was turned into an indoor sandbox for local children. It is unlikely that the director, Werner

Schmalenbach, will make space for a sandbox in the Duesseldorf museum. The collection it will contain is uncompromisingly, unapologetically elitist, and the building itself presents a haughty street-side facade. The peripheral functions other directors acknowledge as a duty are here left to the city and to private enterprise. The museum draws her skirts aside to leave space for shops, a playground, and for the quality restaurant the director describes as destrable.

Hans Hollein's brilliant design for Moenchengladbach manages to have the best of both worlds. It reaches out to link gracefully with a complex urban renewal scheme, yet steadfastly maintains its own distinctive identity. As both artist and architect, Hollein is particularly sensitive to the subtle interplay between the work of art and the space that cona "complex neutrality" in each of the ing's varied exhibition areas.

Regardless of the differences in their phies and the radical unevenness of their tectural standards, Germany's new mi compose an important chapter of posts tory. The passion for contemporary art, ularly for that of the American avant ; formed part of the larger process of c reintegration into the Atlantic communi belped compensate for the break in e traditions signaled by the tragic exhibi "Entarte Kunst."

Collecting on such an ambitious sca made possible by the economic "miracle followed the war, and it served, perhi spiritual balance to the aggressive mate. of that period. These collections hav reached the point of ripeness that ma own spatial demands, while traditional tions provisionally housed after the wa

require new accommodations.

The only real antecedent for this bo public buildings of such scale and consec is to be found in medieval cathedral many of those took centuries to comple the other hand, Germany's current eco decline may well delay some of the more tious museum projects until the next cent

Jai mila

Irade Por

the serier's agreement

# This again is an improve USINESS NEWS BRIEFS U.S., AT&T Said to Be Near Settlement How Goes in improve USINESS NEWS BRIEFS

# selling echibitions in his large to Refinancing London. The springum is ussey Agrees in Principle to Refinancing

London. The springular assey Agrees in Frinciple is according to a 700-day. The springular asset of a would seem to be on Canadian dollar equity refinancing plan with its 250 bank credible (c. 1907-16) for 500 as worldwide. Earlier reports Friday said that an agreement, being A Cubist view of an incompany meeting with bankers here, would probably Fernand Leger in 16,000 about two months to complete.

A Cubist view of an interpretated at a company meeting with pankers are fernand. Legar in 1932, about two months to complete.

1979 (lot 13) Proc a shoustry sources, who said that the farm-equipment manufacturer's interpretation of the said should be made and sources and the said that the farm-equipment manufacturer's interpretation of the said should be needed to improve the companies of the said should be needed to improve the s 1979 (lot 13. Was said was under discussion totaled 12 minor.

(\$155,000). In the late have senior with bank creditors would be needed to improve the compation he included a hand a relationship with its suppliers. About half the debts are held by percent profit. It was impation (\$623.61 million).

The U.S. trade for \$15000 his clearing banks and other banks in London, which are owed £260 percent profit. It was impation (\$623.61 million).

Those, which allowed in materitain Raises North Sea Oil Prices

an early Nath paining to the paining to the price of the

His obsession is to read the owned company gave no price details but oil industry sources said landscape simply he will be ently that BNOC had asked companies operating in Britain's North landscape simply he will be ently that BNOC had asked companies operating in Britain's North landscape simply he will be ently that BNOC had asked companies operating in Britain's North landscape simply he asked to raise crude prices by \$3 a barrel, or about \$ percent. If Express, it was sold to asked confirmed Friday it had settled for a \$3-increase in person—not a dealer acabesic marker crude, to \$39.25 a barrel, BNOC said the price apply for whator—for 245 (as) fracquarter to March 31. Britain produces about 1.6 million barrels a day Malingue, is the period to

Malion — 100 — 100 fine which nearly nan is expense.

Malingue, is the period free serior as an in-most broke.

Some the first time, the serior and the serior and the first time, the serior and the series.

For the first time, look that the describe the Remove that he describe the Remove that the the Remove the R works that he describe a RMONK, N.Y. — International Business Macanines same as the catalog described in a processing equipment during the fourth quarter were greater than tainly are improved in the catalog described.

tainly are important he impacted.

dates — 1900 and 1911. BM said purchases were considerably higher for the year and fourth and last but not least the arter than in the comparable 1979 periods. Gross income from sales for exhibitions and that the quarter rose 15 percent over 1979 levels to \$3.75 billion, while bracket. They are current, some from rentals and services rose 13.7 percent to \$4.06 billion. (See It is too soor to tall and amount Reports, Page 12).

# is the answer to the professatsun Raises Car, Truck Prices 2.6% in U.S.

new — some London gallo.

Resters

ing on these lines for te CARSON, Calif. — Nissan Motor USA said prices for its Datsun cars
kery. to mention but only detrucks will be raised an average of 2.6 percent, effective Monday,
very high criter. What measure of continuing cost pressures and the decline of the dollar against

dertaking significant is the year.

Paris and trying to be salvinessed and the increases range from \$150 for the Datson 210 and 310 points to a new one of the delta to \$400 for the 810 model car; \$100 for two-wheel-drive trucks nearly trade.

If \$150 for four-wheel-drive trucks. Optional equipment also will be

# les, Output of Fiat Auto Rose in 1980

URIN - Sales of Fiat's auto division rose to an estimated 8.5 trillion (\$8.87 billion) in 1980 from 7.1 trillion lire in 1979, as production of s and commercial vehicles rose slightly to nearly 1.33 million vehicles m 1.31 million, Fiat said Friday.

Dutput of Fiat cars worldwide, including production under license, e 1.1 percent in 1980 to 2.3 million units, the company said.

## vissair Buys Drake Hotel in New York

URICH - Swissair has bought the Drake Hotel in New York from ws Corp., the two companies said in a joint communique. Financial

ails were not given. The hotel will be managed under the name of two Drake Swissotel for a time.

wissair and Nestle S.A. recently agreed to set up an international in of first-class hotels to be administered by a newly founded joint pany, Swissair Nestle A.G., with an initial capital of 1.5 million is france.

## eagan Seen Continuing **Viberal Trade Policies**

tion area during the fourth quarter of 1980 increased slightly to 96.6 million tens from 90.9 million tens

in the third quarter. But the in-crease was attributed mainly to an

unexpected surge in U.S. produc-

tion, which may not continue in the months ahead, U.S. and OBCD officials said.

Fourth-quarter output in the European Economic Community fell to 28.7 million tons from 30.6

ter, as Japan's production dropped

the same period rose to 27 million

ing the next six months.

Mr. Colliander said.

cialty steel industry.

EEC area, ranging from cutbacks in capacity in the EEC to the cut-

ting of energy costs by Japan's steel industry. "This is all we can

do in the present cirumstances,"

Separately, French government and industry officials Friday con-

firmed a report published in the Paris newspaper Le Matin outlin-

ing terms of a government-backed

reorganization of the nation's spe-

International Herald Tribune
ARIS — The Reagan adminision can be expected to pursue liberal and bipartisan trade icies implemented under Presi-it Carter, including those affect-controversial steel imports into

U.S. market, a high-level U.S. de negotiator said Friday.
Robert Horrasenfative, who early this week was named assistant aretary of state for space and the same of space and the same of

Ede Vanner

this ser "

sale and the

g ni Tr.

magazi te Kiri

100

 $\mathcal{L}^{(n)}$ 

وشا

75. 75.00

retary of state for economic af-Ts in the Reagan administration, phasized that he could make no Mon: phasized that he could make no is a summanments until he assumes his responsibilities. But during U.S. election campaign and box bequently he had said that, "no c has argued it [trade policy] the changed," and that "I wild think and home it would That the nime."

The Carter administration has merally refused to implement import controls, as desarded by U.S. industries seeking otection. The U.S steel industry, are example, had sought stronger mitrols but the administration alleged only a weaker measure that has accorded by European and as accepted by European and

the Mr. Hormats made his statecontains made his statemmittee of the Organization for pronomic Cooperation and Development. He is ment. He is is the outgoing aziman of the committee, which a consultative group of senior puntries.

ountries.
The committee's consensus is nat, during the next six months, it steel industries of the United tates. Western Francisco tates, Western Europe and Japan ill face continuing stagnation in that and worsening memploy-

and situation has not improved id we see no signs of pickup af-cting output in the OFCD area verall," said Hans Colliander,

# Orders for Ships Jp 11% in Japan

Reaces
TOKYO — Export orders for ipanese ships increased panese ships increased 11.3 per-nt in 1980 to reach a four-year

gh, the Japanese Ship Exporters The news is expected to increase iticism from West European supbuilders who complete supbuilders who complain that eir industry is being ruined by pan's huge share of the world ap market. The two sides are to

scuss the matter next month in ris but Japan is expected to rect the European complaints.
In the first six months of last s last year received export orders on 6.4 million gross tons of ship-ing, up from 1979's 5.75 million coss tons. ar, Japanese yards won 57 per-

#### WASHINGTON - A federal judge said Friday that the Justice Department and American Tele-

phone & Telegraph have reached "essentially complete" settlement of the government's six-yearold antitrust case aimed at breaking up the huge communications The surprise announcement by

District Judge Harold Greene came just a day after the formal trial opened. Judge Greene grant-ed a request by both sides to delay further proceedings until Feb. 2, apparently in hopes a settlement could be cleared with the incoming Reagan administration by then. The judge also issued a written

order disclosing that he met with the two sides in chambers on Wednesday and learned only then that negotiations "may now more accurately be characterized as es-sentially complete."

The court has concluded that it is fair in this instance to provide the parties with an opportunity to prove, prior to the taking of testi-mony, what they claim to be able -- to secure the approval of the incoming Justice Department policymakers within the next two weeks and to file a final, fully completed consent decree within a short specified time thereafter, the judge wrote.
Justice Department and AT&T

officials refused to discuss any details of the proposed settlement. "We are pleased with the judge's

decision to recess the trial because it gives us an opportunity to talk with the incoming administration about the basic issues involved in this litigation," AT&T spokesman Pic Wagner said. "We obviously hope to avoid a long, tedious and In his written order, Judge

Greene said he expected to receive before Feb. 2 statements from both sides showing a settlement "can be transformed into a written consent decree to be filed with the court within 30 days thereafter." On Thursday, Justice Department attorney Gerald Connell said that while AT&T advertises that

the public can "reach out and touch someone" with a long-distance call, the company's response to competition is to "reach out and crush someone."

The charges were strongly demied by George Saunders, AT&T's chief trial counsel, during the first half of his response. Mr. Saunders had just completed his opening statement Friday when Judge Greene made his surprise an-

nouncement.
Mr. Saunders and Mr. Connell sketched conflicting claims about vhat inograted a series of Bell System decisions stretching back

to the 1960s. At one point, Mr. Greene inter-Sweden's representative to the agency, who succeeds Mr. Hormats as chairman of the steel committee:

Trupted Mr. Saunders to observe that his decision might come down to determining "whether there was a real fear about the [telephone] network's integrity or an effort to prevent competition." prevent competition."

Mr. Connell said the govern-Steel production in the 24-na-

ment would be able to prove that AT&T abused the regulatory pro-cess and repeatedly tried to freeze out compensors in both the equipment and long-distance sectors.

Mr. Connell predicted the Bell System would suggest "it is really a powerless, helpless giant, totally restrained by regulation and unable to do anything."
"That's not true," he said. "It

has enormous power that it's wielded for years."

#### tons from 19.5 million in the third 0.5%; Payments Overall, fourth-quarter steel production in the OECD area fell by Surplus Eases 10 percent from the like period a

LONDON — Britain's retail price index rose 0.5 percent in December after a 0.8-percent rise in November and a 0.7-percent increase in December, 1979, the Employment Department and Friday Meantime, the steel industry work force in the OECD area last year fell to around 1.6 million from 1.7 million at the end of 1978, as OECD officials estimated that an additional 50,000 steel workers would lose their jobs dure to 275.6 from 274.1 The committee also endorsed relief and reorganization measures being launched for steel industries in the United States and in the

months to November. ber, compared with a surplus of £555 million in November. British £3.960 billion in November.

Imports rose £179 million to £3.7 billion in December from a revised 3.5 billion in November.

#### NYSE Ahead; M1-B Soars by \$11 Billion announced and there was concern From Agency Dispatches NEW YORK — Prices on the New York Stock Exchange moved over what the figure would mean for the Fed's already tight credit

How the Bell System Dominates the Telephone Industry

Telephones

Employees

Net Income

ahead Friday despite investor wor-ry over an expected jump in the U.S. money supply. The market was bouyed in the last hour by news and rumors that the U.S. hostages in Iran might be freed. After the close the Federal Reserve reported the nation's wider money supply, the M1-B, soared \$11.4 bil-lion to \$417.6 billion.

Revenues

The Fed said that the statistics reflect the introduction of NOW accounts — checking accounts on which interest is paid — on a na-tionwide basis at the beginning of the year and social security pay-ments that were recorded in the period. Even so, few analysts had ojected the size of the increase

The narrower measure of the money supply, the M1-A, rose \$1.6 billion to a seasonally-adjusted average of \$382.5 billion in the week ended Jan. 7. The quickening pace of develop-

ments leading to possible release of the hostages prompted the late rally on Wall Street. The Dow Jones industrial average closed up 3.32 at 973.29.

Advances led declines, 732-647, and turnover was 43.2 million Prices were higher in moderate

trading on the American Stock Ex-Citibank, which announces its

# Miller Urges Chrysler

# To Find Merger Partner

WASHINGTON — Treasury Secretary William Miller is insisting that Chrysler continue to take all possible steps to find a merger partner or form a joint venture to improve its long-term viability, according to sources involved in the automaker's efforts to get additional federal loan guarantees.

In giving conditional approval for \$400 million in loans, the Chrysler Loan Guarantee Board, which Mr. Miller heads, stipulated Wednesday night that the compaistes. To commit atsen-to all possible steps to obtain an infusion of new capital through merger

The final approval on the loan arantees was to have been made Friday afternoon but a decision was put off until Monday so that Mr. Miller could devote his attention to the Iranian hostage crisis. Mr. Miller arrived at the loan guarantee board meeting Friday but left to return to the State Department for discussions on the hostage situation.

Chrysler is required to report periodically to the board on the progress of efforts to find a merger partner. A search committee consisting of Chrysler directors has been assisted by Salomon Brothers, the New York investment banking house.

This provision was included, said one person close to the situa-tion, because of Mr. Miller's belief that the company's survival de-pends on finding a merger partner and his feeling that the company was not trying hard enough to find one. A spokesman for the Treasury Department said Thursday that Mr. Miller had no comment

## Woolng a Partner

Lee Iacocca, Chrysler's chairman, said Thursday night that eliminating more than \$1 billion in bank debt would greatly enhance Chrysler's ability to find a merger

Chrysler's lead bankers have decided that they are willing to settle, in effect, for 15 cents on the dollar - \$150 million - for the money they have lent the company. Under the plan, the lenders would actual be given 30 cents on the dollar for half of the debt and Chrysler preferred stock in lieu of the other half. The stock could give the lenders a greater return if the automaker regains financial health. But they are not necessarily counting on that.

"There is no one thing that makes this a rangement best," one banker said. "This is a middle ground. Converting debt to stock an anatiema to lenders. But look at the alternatives."

Bankers said Thursday that they were cautiously optimistic that the plan would be ratified by all the lenders, a prerequisite to drawing on new loan guarantees. Some bankers noted that they are not even assured of receiving the \$150 million. That will depend on whether Chrysler can raise the

of its car sales. Furthermore, the reduced debt burden should make Chrysler a more attractive merger partner; acceptance by the lenders, Mr. Iacocca said, would help bring "several suitors out of the woodwork."

He said that there had been talks with Mitsubishi Motors of Japan and Peugeot of France but that Chrysler's debt was now so high that those companies were reluctant to make serious offers.

## Bonn Undecided On Turkish Aid

BONN — Official government sources said West Germany has not yet made a decision on organ-

izing a new Western financial aid package for Turkey. They described as exaggerated an assertion made Thursday by visiting Turgut Ozal, Turkey's dep-uty prime minister, that West Germany had made such a decision.

Chief government spokesman Kurt Becker told a press conference that germany saw no grounds to com-ment on Mr. Ozal's remarks. Officials do not rule out that

West Germany would organize the package but said it wanted to consider the matter further.

cash over the next 12 months.

which hinges partly on the strength crease is retroactive to Jan. !.

for the fourth quarter of the year was 79.1 percent of capacity, up from 75.7 percent in the previous

Primary processing industries ran at 80.6 percent of capacity in December, up from 79.6 percent in November. Advanced processing firms operated at 79.3 percent of capacity in December, up slightly from 79.2 in the preceding month.

perts had arrived in Algiers for ialks on the U.S. hostages. There were indications that the transfer of frozen Iranian assets already may be under way. They said that investor reaction to this news generally was psychological.

Companies

0

Some investors were encouraged at one time that IBM, a Dow average component, reported fourth-quarter earnings of \$2.11 a share, up from the \$1.73 reported a year

policies each Friday, intensified those fears when it left its prime

lending rate at the 20-percent level.

were encouraged that banking ex-

Brokers also said some investors

They also were heartened that American Telephone & Telegraph, another Dow average component, and the Justice Department appeared headed for a resolution of the government's antitrust suit.

The dollar, boosted by the reports on the hostages, climbed 7.65 points against the lira at the Milan fixing Friday.

The dollar rate of 958.20, compared with 950.55 the previous day, was a new all time high for the currency, fractionally improv-ing the previous high of 958.05 set

Against most major currencies the dollar showed strength. Petrolenm Intelligence Weekly, the authoritative industry newsletter, reported that Norway has raised the price of the high quality crude produced in the North Sea's Ekofisk field by \$3 to \$40 a barrel. The in-

# Factory Use Up In U.S.

WASHINGTON — Factory use erally follow market movements in the United States in December with a lag of just over three weeks. increased to a seasonally-adjusted 79.8 percent of capacity from 79.3 percent in November, the Federal Reserve Board announced Friday. The increased rate still remained

well below the 1980 peak of 83.9 percent, set in January, and the Fed said the increase was smaller Fed said the increase was smaller month ago, however, for the week than that experienced in the three ended Dec. 11, the funds' average preceding months. It also reported that the use rate

Capacity use in the materials sector rose a full point in Decem-

ber from 80.2 percent in Novem-

Union Leaders Defied

# **BSC Says Workers Vote for Job Cuts**

LONDON - British Steel Corp. said Friday that workers defied union leaders and voted to accept a management survival plan that calls for a wage freeze and the loss of up to 20,000 jobs.

Although the number that voted for the plan is slightly less than half the total number of 130,000 workers, it appeared from the state-owned company's statement that it considered the vote a victo-

The biggest union of steel workers, the Iron and Steel Trades Confederation, which has fought the survival plan, organized its own ballot of its 70,000 members. Realts are to be announced Monday. Other, smaller unions represented at the company had recommended that the plan be accepted.

With about 40 percent of the company's 130,000 workers abstaining, BSC's management an-

## **Money Marts** Set Record

New York Times Service NEW YORK — A record \$2.8 billion of new cash flowed into U.S. money market funds in the week ended Wednesday, the Investment Company Institute re-

The two principal reasons for the huge growth appear to be the relatively high yields currently offered by the funds, compared with competing financial instruments, and a diversion of investment money from the stock market.

The aggregate assets of the 97 money funds counted by the mutual fund trade group now stand at \$78.7 billion. That performance, added to the previous week's \$1.4billion jump, reversed a prior three-week period of declines. The recent decline in interest

rates now gives the money funds a temporary yield advantage over other financial instruments.

The funds invest in such short-term financial instruments as bankers' acceptances, certificates of deposit and Treasury securities Because a portion of the securities in their portfolios reflect earlier purchases - at then-prevailing rates - the funds' yields trail the upward and downward interestrate shifts in the financial markets. In recent weeks, the average maturity of fund portfolios has been about 25 days, so fund yields gen-

with a lag of just over three weeks.

At present, the seven-day average yield on the funds is 17.06 percent, according to Donoghue's Money Fund Report, a newsletter. By contrast, the rate on six-month savings certificates offered by banks is 13,432 percent. Roughly a yield was 14.4 percent while the rate on six-month savings certificates was 14.804 percent.

#### Salvadoran Oil Deal Set SAN SALVADOR --- Venezuela

has agreed to provide El Salvador with 3,500 barrels of oil a day, about half the country's needs, government sources said. The contract is within the terms of an agreement signed in Costa Rica last year by Mexico and Venezuela which provides oil on preferential terms to Central American and Caribbean countries.

nounced Friday night that it polled 63,237 for and 17,900 against. The plan was proposed by Ian MacGregor, the Scottish-born American who was brought back

to Britain last year to try to save the British Steel Corp.

The British steel industry, which losing about £2 million a day. has been halved in the last two years from 268,000 workers to 132,000, and 10 plants have been closed. The MacGregor plan envision closing or cutting back work at several more plants. More than 40,000 workers have been cut at British Steel during the last 18

Just to keep going for the next year, the company plans soon to ask the government of Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher for a new infusion of \$1.8 billion in aid. But Mr. MacGregor has said that the approach to the government was dependent upon a favorable outcome in the voting.

Mr. MacGregor had warned that, if the workers voted no, it would mean that "we are really starting the process of liquidation of the company."

The corporation registered a loss of \$1.3 billion in the last fiscal year. Mr. MacGregor has said that the current year will be worse. The Iron and Steel Trades Con-

federation had urged its members to vote against the plan "because they have had no say in its formulation." According to Bill Sirs, the union general secretary, Mr. MacGregor "gave us a direct commitment that no plan would be produced until we had an opportunity to provide an input."

The purpose of the ballot, Mr. Sirs said, is to enable the manage ment "to go to the government and say, 'the workers will accept anything the chairman says.

In Mr. Sirs' view, which is widely shared by other opponents of Mrs. Thatcher, part of the purpose of the government's economic poli-cies, in collusion with industry leaders like Mr. MacGregor, is to weaken the whole structure of the trade union movement."

## **HAVE YOU IMPROVED** THE PERFORMANCES **OF YOUR HOLDINGS ?**

For more information send the coupon to Cerdiam.

Please send free of charge your investment diamond docu-ADDRESS



B - 1050 Brussels Phone: 02/647 99 32 Telex: 64556

### REPUBLIC OF THE ZAIRE MOUVEMENT POPULAIRE DE LA REVOLUTION

#### OFFICE NATIONAL DES TRANSPORTS (NATIONAL TRANSPORT OFFICE) **ONATRA** INTERNATIONAL INVITATION TO TENDER

The Office National des Transports in the Zaire (ONATRA) is issuing against K.F.W. financing, international invitations to tender for the

supply of: LOT N° 1 FO/1257 100 Front forklift trucks, 4 T.; 10 Front forklift trucks, 10 T.; 2 Front lorklift trucks, 25 T. with variant for container crase; 2 Containers gantry LOT N° 2 FO/1259 try crancs, 35/40 T.

8 Agricultural tractors in the industrial version; 30 Trailers for containers. All technically suitable companies may participate. Tenderers may - against payment of the sum of 250 Zaires or 165 DM - withdraw each of the complete likes of invitation to tender from: DIRECTION DES APPROVISIONNEMENTS ONATRA

Onatra building, 3rd floor, room 3171, 177, Blvd. du 30 Juin, Kinshasa. SGM/DIV ZAIRE: 31 Rue du Marais, B 1000 Brussels. Rep. app 23/ph - tel.: 511.39.10 O.F.E.R.M.A.T.: 38 Rue La Bruyère - F - 75009 Paris.

Materials department - Tel.: 280.68.18 Materials department - Tel.: 280.68.18

By means of a crossed cheque of the order of ONATRA made out in one of the 14 currencies approved by the Banque of Zaire, namely: Deutsch Marks - Swest Francs - French Francs - Belgian Francs - Swedish Krone - Danish Krone - Norwegian Krone - Pound Sterling - U.S. Dollars - Canadian Dollars - Portuguese Escudos - Italian Lire - Dutch Guilder - Austrian Schillings.

The sum must be equivalent to 165 DM.

The final date for the receipt of tenders is Friday, March 13, 1981 at 15.00 hours (lead bined).

hours (local time). Sealed hids must be send to: The Chairman of the adjudication commission Office of the Chairman/Managing Director
OFFICE NATIONAL DES TRANSPORTS PO Box 98 - Kinchasa - Zaire. Tenderen may attend the public meeting where the tenders will be opened, which will take place in the Conferences room. General Management Offices, 7th floor, Onarra beiding, 177 Blvd. du 30 Juin, Kinshasa on March 13, 1981 at 3 pm (local size).

at 3 p.m. (local time).

## Value Line looks at ... **Major American Stocks** With P/E's Under 6

AND Yields Over 7%

#### Plus the potential to double in price within 3 to 5 years. Among 1700 major American stocks now under its continuing

review. The Value Line Investment Survey (10/10/80) now finds . . . 247 stocks are selling at less than 6 times estimated current earnings . . . compared with past P/E ratios up to 10 times or

 93 of these low-P/E stocks also offer Appreciation Potentials in the next 3 to 5 years of more than 150%... based on Value Line's estimates of their earnings and P/E ratios in that future span. (33 offer long-term Appreciation Potentials of more than core). 200%)
In addition, a significant minority of these "combination" stocks currently yield from 7% to 10-8%, based on our estimate of divi-

dends in the 12 months ahead. (In many of these stocks, moreover, we look for sizable dividend increases—from 50% to But we urge you not to leap into stocks like these, good as they may sound, without also checking Value Line's current ratings for Probably Price Performance and—most importantly—Quality (Safety).

## SPECIAL INVITATION

As a special introductory offer, you can receive 12 weeks of Value Line for only \$55, providing you have not had a subscription in the Line for only \$55, providing you have not had a subscription in the Line two years. As a BONUS, you will also receive the 2000-page investors Reference Service with the latest reports on over 1700 stocks, plus the 96-page guide, "Evaluating Common Stocks." Send payment (no cash, please) along with name and address together with this ad to Dept.813 J03

## THE VALUE LINE

711 Third Ave., New York, N.Y. 10017, U.S.A.

Payment in local currencies (British £30, French fr 250, Swiss fr 100, DM 105) and requests for information should be directed to: Value Line, Alt.: Alexandre and Edouard de Saim-Phalle, 2 Ave. de Villars, 75007 Paris. (Tel. 551.63.59)

## The plan, which is expected to be announced within several weeks, calls for France's two larg-0.1-percent fall in October. est steel companies, Usinor and Sacilor, to absorb about half a doz-

en plants operated by the Creusot Loire and Pechiney Ugine Kuhlman groups. Bonn Borrowing Set

> marks, the Finance Ministry said. A ministry statement said this

## At 27 Billion DM Region

BONN — The West German government's net borrowing requirement for 1980 was set at a preliminary 27.2 billion Deutsche

matches the level forecast in recent matches the level forecast in recent weeks. Expenditure in 1980 totaled 215.7 billion DM and revenue 188.5 billion DM. Spending overshot the 1980 budget target by 1.4 Spending overshot targe billion DM, while revenue, exclud-ing credit, was 1.6 billion DM below target, the ministry said.

## million tons in the previous quarto 26.4 million tons from 27.3 million tons. U.S. steel production in U.K. Prices Up

ployment Department said Friday. The index (base January, 1974) 239.4 in December, 1979 — giving a year-on-year inflation rate of 15.1 percent, slightly lower than the 15.3-percent rate the 12

The Trade Department, meanwhile, reported a current account surphis of £346 million in Decemexports in December fell £31 Milhon to £3.9 billion from a revised

Industrial output in Britain was unchanged in November after a

## **CURRENCY RATES**

Interbank exchange rates for January 16, 1981, excluding bank service charges

	•		D.M.	r.o.	N.L	ORGE.	B.F. 3.F.	
Amelor du	2,7930	1220	308.715*	47,05	. 0.2299	. —	£7510 = 120.0	- 35.36
Brussals (	1) 32,47	77.5750	14,0849	4,9500	1385	14,7983	17.70	5.7265
Frankfort		4,8455		436	2,107 x	72.01 -	4.217 - 189.95	5 - 32 <u>-52</u> -
London (b)		_	4.2245	17,1570	2,291,78	5.2543	77,205 4.3713	14.8575
Milos	958,26	2,302.20	475.00	205.57		436.51	29.535 524.37	154,59
Maw York		2.3998	0.5002	0.2154	8.3049 °	8.4590	0.6310	0.1610
Paris	4,4570	11,198	ישוונצ		43685 x	212,790 - 14	4.3785 * 255.360	)- 75.176°
Zwich	1,3385	4,4057	. N.A.*	39,3220 °	C.ITIS	83.6932 - 1	5.6552 •	274017
EÇU	1.2786	0.5327	2,5826	3,3699	1,224.20	23072 4	1,5364 2,340	7.9403
			` D	ollar va	hes	: ' '		
5		Per			Per		_	Per
Equiv.	Corrency	U.S.S	Equiv.	Certes	LY 11.5		y, Currency	U.S.5
	Luttiration \$	0.6467	6.1926	Hose Ke	ee \$ 5.795			7,6495
HIGH .			1460				6-4 Pho	

# As Go Oil Prices, So Goes Spain's Economy

By James Miura

MADRID — Uncertainty over the size of Spain's oil bill has cast doubt on government forecasis that the economy could recover in 1981 after three years of recession.

Despite official predictions that the economy will register modest growth this year, many experts be-lieve the economy will be lucky if it just manages to mark time.

Spain depends on imports for 70 percent of its energy needs, more than most West European counhries, and managed to cover its en-ergy bill until last year through tourism. But since 1978 the number of tourists visiting Spain has dropped, oil prices have soared, and unemployment has risen to 1.5 million - almost 12 percent of the

In 1980 tourism brought in \$7.2 billion, but the energy bill jumped to \$12 billion from \$6.3 billion in 1979. It is expected to total \$13.5 billion this respected to total \$13.5 billion this year at current prices. The drive to create jobs has

overtaken efforts to dampen inflation as the government's top proirity. Last year the main thrust of the government's 2.83 trillion-pesera (\$37-billion) budget was to tack-le unemployment, but officials say that the number out of work will increase only at a slower rate this year rather than show any decline.

#### Downward Revision

The centrist government of Premier Adolfo Suarez has revised its estimate of real growth of the gross domestic product this year to 2 percent from a previous estimate of 2.5 percent.

This would be a marked improvement over last year when the gross domestic product was reckoned to have expanded by between 0.5 and 1 percent.

But forecasts by the Spanish Banking Association are much more gloomy. The organization estimates that at best GDP will rise by 1.5 percent in 1981. Furthermore, it contends that GDP would have been stagnant or might even have declined last year had it not

INTERNATIONAL

EXECUTIVE OPPORTUNITIES

*ADVERTISING SALES* 

PennWell Publishing Company, publishers of Oil & Gas Journal

Offshore Magazine and Petroleo Internacional seeks qualified person to represent its publications in France at the Paris office.

The person must speak fluent French/English, have a proven sales history and a working knowledge of the advertising/publishing

An understanding of the International Petroleum Industry would be

Interviews will be conducted starting 16 January 1981. Interested applicants should contact Eric Jeter in Paris

at phone 359-9043 from that date.

INTERNATIONAL AUDITORS The European Audit Department of a major U.S. multinational corporation in Brussels has openings for experienced auditors.

 At least 4 years experience with a major international audit firm and/or equivalent experience on the internal audit staff

 Willing to travel (in Europe) about 60% with week-end return Languages: Fluency in spoken and written English, plus work-

We affer an annual salary in the range of U.S. \$30,000 to 38,000

Emerson Electric & Co.,

Avenue Adolphe Lacomblé 52, 1040 Brussels, Belgium.

LEADERS IN

and the best!

The first deviated relief well was guided by John Eastman in 1934. In 1972, almost forty years later Eastman merged with Whipstock Incorporated, it's major competitor. As a sub-

sidiary of Petrolane Incorporated, Eastman Whipstock is still

write in confidence, giving full career and personal details, to: Paul H. Handels, European Audit Director,

EASTMAN WHIPSTOCK...

DIRECTIONAL DRILLING

We're the first, the largest,

of a U.S. multinational corporation.

ing knowledge in German and French.

fringe benefits, and advancement possibilities

A university graduate.

though the banking association be-lieves the figure will stay around last year's level.

The consumer price index will soon have to absorb a rise in the price of petroleum products to reflect the latest round of oil price increases and this could also raise the costs of electricity and tele-

#### Wage Talks

Wage negotiations under way in the private sector are crucial to the government's anti-inflation program. The employers' federation the public sector, but the Socialistled General Workers Union has filed a claim for 13 to 16 percent because it expects inflation to reach 15 percent.

Uncertainty over the outcome of the talks has increased because the powerful Communist-led Workers Commissions Union has yet to attend the negotiations.

One of the major hurdles facing the economy has been a chronic lack of domestic medium- and long-term finance for companies, except from mainly official channels. As part of a gradual liberal-ization of the financial system before entering the Common Market in 1984, the government is considering ways to compel banks to invest at home over the medium

Leading by example, the budget allocated a 31.2-percent increase in capital investment, or about \$8.7 billion, mainly for public works and housing schemes.

But the outcome of all projections - official and unofficial depends on the average price that Spain will pay for its oil this year. The government's margin for manuevering has been eroded severely by the latest round of rises which lifted the per-barrel price from \$33 to an estimated \$36, already the upper limit of the price band the government used in its budget projections.

been for agriculture.

If the average price rises to \$40 a
Inflation has fallen to 15 percent barrel, the banking association is

compared with an expected \$1-billion shortfall last year and a \$4.3-

billion surplus in 1979. The high cost of imported oil together with more expensive manufactured imports caused a trade deficit last year of an estimated \$5.7 billion and the association is predicting a \$20-billion shortfall

this year. The poor trade figures caused the first current account delicit in three years, estimated at around \$5 billion, and the association believes this will almost double in

has set a 12-percent pay limit in A key element in the equation line with government proposals for will be the performance of the peseta, which fell 20 percent against the dollar last year, making dollar-denominated energy imports even more expensive. According to Bank of Spain fig-

and the government hopes to limit this to 13.5 percent this year, although the harding association has though the harding association has though the harding association has the percent this year, although the harding association has the percent this year, although the harding association has the percent this year, although the harding association has the percent this year, although the harding association has the percent this year, although the harding association has the percent this year, although the harding association has the percent this year, although the harding association has the percent this year, although the harding association has the percent this year, although the harding association has the percent this year, although the harding association has the percent this year, although the harding association has the percent this year, although the harding association has the percent this year. and officials expect it to continue its slide in 1981, although at a gen-

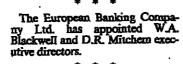
> Attempts to lessen dependence on imported energy have been slow to produce results and nuclear energy use is only minimal, de-spite the major role cast for it by the authorities.

The government predicts a 2percent drop in the use of petroleum products this year because coal production is expected to rise 10.3 percent. Meanwhile, domestic oil production remains minimal, officially estimated this year at 1.5 million tons. This still leaves Spain needing to import 48.4 million tons, and the cost of this resource more than anything else will decide how well the economy fares

Walter di Pretoro has been ap-pointed of vice president of Honeywell Europe S.A. and to the newly created position of director, southern region.

Morgan Guaranty Trust has ap-pointed Leonard Martel vice presi-dent in Brussels, and Michael Fisher and Rene Kaufmann vice presidents in Zurich.

Hiroshi Ono has been named director and general manager of the loan division in Tokyo of the Long-Term Credit Bank of Japan. Seiji Ohmi succeeds him as manager of the London branch. Mr. Ohmi was formerly general manager of the bank's international business development division.



The Questor Corp. has named Lawrence Hampton to the newly created position of vice presidentlicensing of the Spalding division in Europe, Africa and the Middle

Johnson Wax Europe has appointed John Crabb vice president and regional director for consumer products.

Ingram Corp. has elected George Gaines to the board of directors.



Walter di Pretoro

He is board chairman of Executive Partners International Co., Finchampstead, Britain.

Michael Brisbourne has been named senior international officer at Girard Bank's London branch, with responsibility for international business in the Middle East.

Alick Stevenson has been elected European Finance Manager of Reliance Financial and Consulting Group Ltd., and Leasco Europa Ltd., subsidiaries of the Reliance

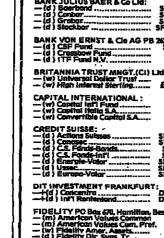
## **COMPANY REPORTS**

Year 1986 **United States** 

1 0.11100 0.0.00			Revenue	· 2.860.	2,630.
Champion Inte	ernational	Corp.	Profits	155.95	179.86
4th Quar.	1980	1979	Per Share	5.78	6.67
Revenue	961.2	919.6			
Profits	55.32	42.88			
Per Share	0.95	0.78	S.C.A	& Corp.	
Share Dil	0.92	. 0.78-	2nd Quar.	1968	1979
Year	1980	1979	Revenue	476.67	472.65
Revenue	3,750.	3.750.	Profits	11 <u>.58</u>	31.14 ·
Profits	182.42	247.12	Per Share	1,19	1,15
Per Share	3.28	4.70	Share Dil	1.12	1.08
Shore DIL	3.28	4.70	6 Montes	7968	1979
]			Revenue	951.20	944,16
1.E	I.M.		Profils	29,30	25.77
4th Quar.	1989	1979	Per Share	3.01	2.66
Revenue	7 <b>,8</b> 10.	6,830.	Share Dil	2.82	2.47
Profits	1,232	1,008.			
Per Shore	211_	1,73	_		
Year	1980 T	1979		erica Corp	
Revenue	26,210	22,860.	4th Quar.	1980	1979
Profits	3.567.	3,011.	Revenue	1,900.	7,080.
Per Shore	6.10	5.16	Profils	<i>5</i> 8. <i>4</i> 1	55.26
			Per Share	Q,89	0.84
	Pacific Co			7000	1979
4th Quar.	1989	1979	Yeer	1988	
Revenue	753.2	690.6	Revenue	4,380.	4,040.
Profits	64.38	56.77	Profits	244.98	240.20
Per Share	2.38	210	Per Share	3,75	3.66

# ADVERTISEMENT

Other Funds



UNION INVESTMENT, Frankfur

growing and pioneering new technology in directional drill-ing. Since that time, Eastman Whipstock has grown from 100 employees to 1,300 employees worldwide. And, net sales have increased from 41 million to 125 million U.S. dollars. MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTANT- U.K. Subsidiary This person must be a chartered or certified Cost and Management Accountant with 7-10 years of business experience. Other qualities desired: flexibility and maturity in office management procedures, oil and gas services background preferred but we will consider other industry background, ability to interface with field personnel, will ingness to travel up to 90 days in any year, and to have had experience in either managing or supervising. Working with a computerized general ledger a must. This is a challenging position for the innovative individual. If joining Eastman Whipstock, a company with both a past and a future, interests you, please forward resume to:

Stephen E. Fill, Employment Manager, Eastman Whipstock, P.O. Box 14806, Houston, Texas U.S.A. 77027, (713) 741-2200.



## **EXECUTIVES AVAILABLE**

= CONSULTANT ----

American living in Paris for many years with long experience in Europe and Latin America, fluent in several European languages, well connected in international commercial, banking, business and society circles interested in assisting firms or Individuals make the right connections. Expensive.

Repty: Box D 1706, International Herald Tribune,

92521 Neufly Cedex, France.

# INTERNATIONAL FUNDS

LL!ANCE INTL:c/o Bk of Bermudo,Ber	
- (d ) Alliance inti, SRsvs. (\$1) 18_pc	(w) Alexander Fund
	(r ) Areb Finance I.F \$1,014.38
ANK JULIUS BAER & Co Lid:	
(d ) Boerbond SF 759	IN WITHOUT HELFT (AEIT/Ame. 3E/4
(d ) Conbor	00 (w) Bondyelex - Issue Pr \$F 125.20
- LG J UH (BDQ)   SF R51	.00 (w) CAMIT, \$10.39
(d ) Stockbor SF 1063	(w) Copital Gains Inv
ANY IMPERINT A 25 A 55 A 55 A 55 A 55 A 55 A 55 A 5	
ANK VON ERNST & Cle AG PB 2622 Be	
(d ) CSF Fund SF 18	
- (d ) Cressbow Fund \$F i - (d ) ITF Fund N.V \$13	
(d) ITF Fund N.V \$13	Jul Abradi I' La lih' B. Azi ta wewi 1 1845
RITANNIA TRUST MNGT.(CI) LIL:	(d ) Cortexx Internationalus 185.79
(w) Universal Dollar Trust \$ 130	Ic +(w) Currency Trust
(w) High Interest Sterling 284.80	
AND LUBEL HINGE CON DATA HINGTONIA MONTHS	ord (m) D.G.C
APITAL INTERNATIONAL:	(d ) Drevius Fund Int'l 52L91
(w) Capital Int'l Fund \$25	(w) Draylus Intercontinent \$29.70
(w) Capital Int'l Fund	rii (a ) Europe Obligatiens, LF 1.416.00
· (w) Convertible Capital S.A \$30	(d ) Energy Intl. N.V 5 42.82
	(w) First Eagle Fund
REDIT SUISSE: -	(m) EI DET 8990 04
(d ) Actions Suisses	
(d ) Conosec	(w) Forselex Issue Pr SF 181.60
· (d ) C.S. Fonds-Bonds SF 58	75 (w) Formula Selection Fd SF 80.24
(0) Cas Police Mil	25 (d.) Fonditalia
(d ) Energie-Votor, SF 143	75 (d.) Fronki,-Trust Interzins DM 37.52
(d ) Ussec	ID
(d ) Europo-Volor 5F-114	(d ) Global Ini'l Fund DM 7.23
IT INVESTMENT FRANKFURT:	(w) Housemann Hidgs. NV
+(d ) Concentro DA 18	
+(d ) Concentra	
A TO I THE I COMMISSION THE TAKE OF THE OR	- fo ; seconds Mostadores proteste a secon
IDELITY PO Box 670, Hamilton, Bermud	c: (d) interfund S.A \$1407
DELITY PO Bax & TI, Hamilton, Bermuc   (m) American Values Common   \$6   (m) American Values Curn, Pref.   \$10   (w) Fledelity Amer, Aserts   \$48   (d) Fledelity Dir. Svys. Tr   \$15   (d) Fledelity Fer East Fd   \$13   (w) Fledelity Intil Fund   \$15   (w) Fledelity Pacific Fund   \$10   (w) Fledelity Pacific Fund   \$10   (w) Fledelity World Fd   \$27	
(m) American Values Cum. Pref. \$100	11 (w) intil inc Eurold Incom) 5.21 53
(w) Fidelity Amer. Astris 548 (d) Fidelity Dir. Svgs. Tr 575	05 (r) Int'l Securities Fund \$ 10.24
(d ) Fidelity Dir. Svgs. Tr 575	TO THE SECURING PURE CONTRACT STREET
(d ) Fidelity For East Fd \$31	10 (a) waste has pie orga
(w) Fidelity Int'l Fund \$45 (w) Fidelity Pacific Fund \$103	A9 (r) Invest Attoritiques \$67.12
(W) FIDERTY POCHE FUNG \$103	
(w) Fidelity World Fd \$27	
T. MANAGEMENT LTD;	(w) Joseph Pocific Fund
(w) Berry Pac. Fd. Ltd \$60	
(d) G.T. Bond Fund	
(w) G.T. Dollar Bustel 212	(w) Kielmoort Bens, Jap. Fd \$ 42.32
(d) G.T. Bond Fund	(w) Leverage Cop. Hold \$106,35
(d ) G.T. Jepan Small Co Fund .	(w) Luxiund \$44.24
212	
(d ) G.T. Technology Fund \$23.	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(w) Nicoon Fund
RDINE FLEMING:	4-1-1-1
(r ) Jordine Josen Fund Y 1.5	76 (w) Nor. Amer. Fund
(r) Jordine 5.East Asia \$36.	46 (W) MOT. ALMET. INV. FUNG
OYDS BANK INT., POB 438 GENEVA 1 H(w) Lloyds int'l Growth SF 713 H(w) Lloyds int'l income SF 285.	(w) NAME
f(w) Lieves int'l Growth SF 713	(w) Pretoric Financial \$1.25
t(w) Lloyds infi income 5F 285.	SO INTERIOR DE L'ANNE DE LA COMPANIONE D
THISCHILD ASSET MGMT (Bermude):	
(w) Reserve Assets Fd Ltd \$9.	JT +(w) RBC (nt) inc Fund
	(d ) Rente Fund
THISCHILD ASSET MOTH (CI):	
(r ) O.C. Dir Commodity Tr \$52	72 (4) 0-4- 10-4
SELD COCKIDE OF VOICE	(d ) Safe Fund \$4.21
FID GROUPE GENEVA	(d ) Sale Trust Fund \$11.05
(r ) Porton Sw. R Est	00 (w) Samural Portfolio SF 77.40
7: 1 earn suiss	90 (w) 54pm (N,A,V.) \$ 20.17
HOD BANK COOP.	(w) SAM Special Fund DA 87.40
VISS BANK CORP:	THE STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH
(d ) America-Valor SF 48. (d ) Intervalor SF 61. (d ) Japan Portiolo	
(d) Intervalor	
(d ) Japan Portlotlo	(w) Tokyo Porc Hold N.V 593.66

t; = - Ex RTS;

Doutsche Mark; \* - Ex-Dividend;

# はうららし、 かか 211 から 121 が **Gains Missed** By Following **Old Concepts** Stocks that can Soar In Wake of Efforts To Call Market Tops

Roughly 200 million shares of stock were thrown emotionally into the New York market in response to a January 6 "self" recommendation based upon principles which harvest worked stace days when borbed wire was the hottest new technological innovation. There are records of major Dow-Theory self signals that were flashed when Xerax and Digital Equipment were \$2 a share; and in today's vibrant technological climate there are emerging pace-selters growing mare rapidly than xaragraphy or the minicomputer industry ever did. Sales of NBI's paperwork processors are climbing at 85 per cent yearly and within two days of New York's January 7 panic the stock was higher than before the controversial self signal was firshed. A new supercomputer moler which Copital Offshore has been recommending is growing at 200 per motor which Copital Offshare has been recommending is growing at 200 per cent yearly; and in addition to motoes of industrial robots and other breakthrough products, there is the widely overslooked fact that mounting commercial demand is turning gold and silver mining into a new growth industry. Homestake was \$28 when Capital Offshare recommended it last spring white advising that gold wouldn't break \$460; and during the latest fold pank it held in the low \$60s with the metal floshing new buy signols. For weekly stock and commedity market coverage based upon uncluthered growth rebased upon unduttered growth re

#### Capital Offshore LIMITED P.O. Box N 106949,

oon House, Shirly Street on Please begin sending compl

11.50-15.00 7.00-10.00 4.50-7.50 2.00-24.00 1.60-20.00 1.60-20.00 1.60-20.00 1.60-16.00 Options for Aug. 1981 start ca Feb. 2. 1981 Valeurs White Weld S.A. L. Quai du Mont-Blanc 1211 Geneva 1, Switzerland Tel. 310251 - Telex 28305

# NYSE Nationwide Trading Closing Prices Jan. 16 Tables include the nationwide prices up to the closing on Wall Street.

Chart
17 Month Stock Sis. Class Prev
-ligh Low Div. In 2 Yid. P/E 100s. High Low Quot. Close (Continued from Page 6) (Confinued five 2th TW Co with 1240 TW Co with 189 VF C 2
189 VF C 3
189 VF C 3 7%- 2 7%- 3 27%- 1 27%- 1 22 3%- 1 17%- 1 14%- 1 24- 1 24- 1 19 1956 4 304 19 1956 10 52 200 646 107 1475 308 32 19% 30% 19% 52 4% 14 30% 43% 21% 30% 13tz UAL
19 UG) 1.76
19 UG) 1.76
19 UG) 1.76
19 UG) 1 2.75
20 UMC
20 1 2.75
20 UMC
21 UMC
25 UMMC
26 UMC
26 UMC
26 UMC
26 UMMC
26 UMMC
276 UMMC
276 UMMC
276 UMMC
276 UMMC
276 UMMC
276 UMMC
2776 UM 279- Wests m 1.90

8 Woll J P1.60

17' World J P1.60

18' World J P1.60

18' World J P1.60

25' World J P1.6

Toronto Stocks

200 Lob Min
4159 Locasio
3400 Lont Cem
11778 LL Loc
2075 Loblow Co
2075 Loblow Co
2075 Mclas H X
2397 Est Mirtic
4400 Meriond E
73730 Mirtel Carp
3172 Molson A
318 Molson B
7310 Murphy
25318 Norcando
23971 Norcando
23972 Norcando
2

**Montreal Stocks** 

Closing Prices, January 16, 1981

Canadian Indexes

Tokyo Exchange

**European Gold Markets** JONEOUT 14, 7981

A.M. P.M.
562,75 560,75
564,50 564,50 564,50
676 (12.5 kills) 562,50
676 (10.5 kills) 562,50
676 (10.5

Gold Options (seions in \$/ez.)

Montreal : Stock Exchar Taronto : TSE 300 Index. Is cindex.sa

Clase 375.18 2,268.30

High Low Class Che

373.14

Quotations in Canadian funds. All quotes cents bridge merchant

2395 Abil Proc 309 Acklands 2255 Agril ad A 2250 Agro Ind A 2500 Air Energy 2500 Air Energy 2500 Air George 1134 Algerina St 400 Argus C pr 1808 Asbeston 1154 Algerina St 400 Argus C pr 1808 Asbeston 1401 Bp C con 2385 Benk N S 2650 Beron S 1164 Bootesza Cill 38 Esplor Res 510 Brandies

soren

164 Bootenza
St Brolor
St Cod
Frv
Col Pow A
Comfto
Nor West SA
Pockrs
St Perus
Perus
St Pockrs
St Perus
St

12 Month Stock Sis Close High Low Div. in 5 Yid. P/E 100s. High Low Quot. 71% 45% Xerox 220 23% 13% XTRA 44 13% 16% 2edeCp 1.16 48 E Zepor 3 40 22% 10% ZorreCp 32 71% 7% Zenink 49 25% 16% Zoro 5 25% 16% Zoro 1 25% 14% Zuroled 1.84 d-New yearly low, u-New Yearly high. Unless otherwise noted, rates of dividents in the fi hable are annual disbursaments based on the hopf qua-semi-annual declaration. Seedid or extra dividends ments not designated as resular are identified in the i c—Also extro or extros. b—Annual rate plus stock of c—Liquidating dividend. a—Declared or pold in oreo months. i—Declared or pold in oreo months. i—Declared or pold other stock dividend or sall pold dividend meeting. k—Delcared or pold this year, mulative tasis with dividends in arreors. h—New issu-clared or pold to preceding 12 months ofus stock dividend in stock in preceding 12 months, estimated cash ex-dividend or ex-distribution date.

Yearly highs and tows reflect the previous 52 week The state of the lightst trading day.

Where a solit or stock dividend amounting to 28 person have been poid the veer's high-low range and divisions for fite new stock only.

**Eurocurrency Interest Rates** 

# Closing Prices, January 16, 1981

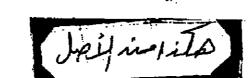
Floating Rate Notes Banks an 5%-91

Sk Burgisulra (44-84
Sk (releated 584-87
Sk Moontreal 594-70
Sk Moontreal 594-70
Sk Tokyo Helg 68-81
Sk Tokyo Helg 1987
Sk Mornes 54-85
Sonco United 794-81
Su Dat of 1987
Sk Mornes 54-85
Sonco United 794-81
Su Dat of 1987
Sk Mornes 54-85
Sonco United 794-81
Su Dat of 1987
Sk Mornes 534-85
Sonco United 794-81
Su Dat of 1987
Sk Mornes 534-85
Sonco United 794-81
Sk Mornes 534-85
Sonco United 794-81
Sk Mornes 534-85
Sonco United 794-81
Sk Mornes 534-85
S **Non Banks** Issuer-Min cro-Me Emperior 7-86 (C Industries 1971 Theilland 7-84 Philippines 69-65 Sumi Heavy 59-83 Sumi Heavy 59-83 Sweden 91cc. 47 Soffel 8-43 SNCF 64-65/77 Tearas Airlines 7-86 TVO 91cck-91 111 574-85 Offshore Min. 1984 C-110h 574-67

# **European Stock Markets**

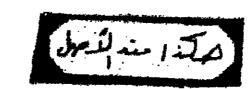
January 16, 1981 (Closing prices in local currencies) Amsterdam

ACF Holding	72.40 17.20	72.00 17.30 72.80	Linde Lufthonso	313.60 38.00	315.00	LaRines	420.
Albert Helin Algembank	72.90 277.00	72.80	MAN Monnesmon	178.80	57.00 180.00	Montedis Olivetti	181. 4530.
AMEV Amrobank	72.50 3.00	279.00 92.00 3.00	Metulisasali.	127.10 312.00	127.20 314.00	Pirelli Snio Visco	4,380.1 1,360.1
A'Dam Rub Boskalis	85 50		Muench, Ruck Neckermann		510.00 82.80	BC1 Index : 18 Previous : 182	4,16
Breaero	85.50 173.00	98.70	RWEJIEW	177.50	127.60 179.50 232.50	) rievious.	•••
Buerhmann T Caland Hidy	57.30 29.70	56.80 28.40	Preussog RWE.new Schering Sierrens	127.90 177.77 230.00 266.90 66.00	232.50 269.00	P:	aris
Caland Hide Elsevier Ennia	57.30 29.70 143.09 145.50	56.80 28.40 140.50 145.50	Thysien Varia	66.00 171,20	66.30 172.20	_ ^`	
Fokker Clet Brosseter	38.00 50.40	37.80 50.00 52.90 30.50 14.80	Veba VEW	130.10 102.50	130.60 102.50	Air Liquide	Clas 4851
Heineken	54.10	52.90	Volkswagen	142.80	102.50 145.50	Alsthom Atl.	725
Heineken H.V.A. Hoogevens Noorden	31,50 14,60	14.80	Siomon Index: Previous : 97.8	<sup>17</sup> .30		Souveues BSN	725 395£ 1,040£
KLA	18.10 57.20 121.10	14.80 56.20 120.30	}	-		Corretour	1457.
Natroen K.L.M. Nat. Nedder Neddlayd Oce Vander G	121.10 104.00	120.30 102.60 96.00	Lo	adon		Cim Latarge Club Mediter	77°L
Oce Vander G OGEM Pokhoed	104.00 95.70 9.10 38.00	96.00 8.90	}		_		3701 1441 3263
	38.00 15.50	8.90 37.20 15.30 211.00	Allied Brew	Close 0.64 \$14.75 110.00 0.52	Prev. 0.63%: 14.88 110.50	Cle Boncoire CFP CGE	2241 3451 2017
Robeco Redomico	15.50 213.00 109.90 207.80		AA Co Anglo-Am Bobcock-Wil	\$14,75 110,00	14.88 170.50	CCF Creusot Laire CSF	<del>2</del> 71.
Galinea	207.80 118.50	205.00 318.20	Barcleys Bak BAT (nd.	0,92 4.10	8.91	CSF Dumez	777 1
Royal Duich	213.20	207.10 41.20	BAT Ind. Beecham Go	4.70 2.71	411 233	Elf-Agultaine	1,248,
Rorento Royal Dulch RSV Unliever	42.80 125.00	123.50	Beecham Ge BICC BOC Int's	1.68	1.66 1.63	Ferodo Gen Occident Hochette	850.0 1,248.0 255.0 361.0 390.0
VMF-Stork	39.80 29.30 78.80	123.90 31.20 29.90 77.50	I Streets	1,07 2.26	223	imetal	观
VNU App-Chs Index	75,80	77.50	Bowater B.P. Burmah	2.26 1.76 4.06	1.01 223 1.71 3.92 1.77 0.54	Legrand L Oreal	1001 127 127 127 127 127
Previous : \$6.5	8			1,83 0.53%	1.79 0.54	Mach Bull Matra	56.1 2.040.0
-			Charter Gold Codbury Sc. Cons.Gold Fds.	1.98 0.68½ 4.73	1.84 0.681/2	Michelin Moof Henn	499.C 499.C 64.9 31.2
Bru	ssels		Cons.Gold Fds.	05		Advertises	64.9
	Clase	Prev.	Courtaulds De Beer Distillers	59.19	9.19	Nard-Est L. Paribas	2300 742
Arbed Cockerili	1,216	Prev. 1,220 148		1.80 0.63	643	Penarroya Pernad Ric	
EBES	1.665	1.450 3.320	Free St Ged GEC	\$1.25 \$.76 1.49	0.53 9.19 1.80 0.63 54.59 5.78	l Parrier	164.9
Electrobel GB-Inno-BM	· 1,665 3,170 2,010	3.00E	GKN Glaxa	1,49	1,44 2,48	Peugeot Pocioin Printemps	774.0 164.9 128.6 171.2 110.6 68.0 250.0 460.1
GBL (Bulamb) Hebaken	950 2,601 5,200	924 2,600 5,080 2,600	GUS Guinness Hawker-Side	2.48 4.58 0.73 1.36	438	PUK Radiotech.	1100
Patrofino Ph. Geveort		5,080	Howker-Side	236	2.30	l Redoute	250.8 460.1
Soc. Generale	1,160 2,900 2,440 2,155 700 1,072	1,194 2,910 2,460	imes Learne	2.94 0.74	2.30 2.96 0.74½	ith Poulenc Roussel Ucial	
Solvay Traction Elec Un. Miniere V. Montagne	2.440	2,460	Lucros	0.94 1.89	0,92 1,98	Saciler St Gebein	113 129.5 605.6 305.6
Un Miniere	700	2,150 712 1,060	Marks-Spenc Metal Bax	1.13 1.66	1.12 1.44 2.58	SkisRossignol Svez	asc
V, Morrogne	1,092	1,060	Metal Bax Plessey Randfontein	26	2.58	Telemecon	
Bourse Index : Previous : 177.	15		Rank Org. Reed	590 55 1 52 1 42	150	Thomson Br Usinor	2235 7.8
-			Rails Roves	1,34		Agefi Index : 14	2.77
Fran	kfur	t i	Royal Dutch	40.65	39.30 39.30 3.92 4.44	Previous: 1411	*
	Close	Prev	Shell Thorn (A)	196 458 284	444	7	rich
A.E.G. Allignz Vers	70.50 49.50	Prev. 72.00 497.00 123.59	Traiglear H	0.75	2.80 0.75	<b>–</b> 24	
Allionz Vers. B.A.S.F. Boyer	(22.00-	121.50 111.10	Trainiear H Tube invest. Uttramar Unid Biscuits	1.77 4.95		Akrysteso	Clóš
Baver Hivea	110.90 216.00	211.08 (	VICKES	0.91 1.34	4/8 0/1 1/25	Alusuisse Suehrie B Boveri	2.60
Bayer Verein Continerabnik	294.50 132.10	275.00 134.20	Wor Loon 31/2 W. Deep	134 134 3075 5050 50175	30.43 54.75 82.59	CIb Gelgy Cr Sulsse	1,44
Commerzbnik Coat, Gummi Dolmler	25万	54.00 240.50	W. Driefin W. Holding	91.75	55.50		3.E
D695353	945.10	247.00	Woolworth	\$79.75 0.51 0.24	\$2.00 0.57 ½ 0.27	Fisher Moff-Roche B	7
Demos D.Bobcock	136.50 187.00 280.50	247,00 134,59 - 169,30 282,09	ZCI - F.T. 28 terley - 4	0.26	0.27	Interfood	642
Deutsche Brik Dresdner Brik Cu. Schuite		287.09 173.50	F.T. 30 Index ; 4 Previous : 448.5	6		Jeimeli Ļungis Gyr	1,43 1,43
Cu. Schuite GHH	-155.00 198.50	157.50 199.00		_		Nestie Sandaz	C1.12644 98.85 7.264 1.450 27.264 1.450 1
Hopas Lloyd Hochilel	42.00	62.10 I	Mi	lan		Schindler Ste B. Suisse	1.56
Hoechst	453.00 112.70	453,00 113,80		Clere		Sulzer	2.7ji
Hoesch Holzmann	23.494	23L00	ANIC Bostogi	Clase £10 837.00	Prev.	Swissoir U.B. Suisse Winterthur	3,63:
Horten Kall v Salz	373.00 144.00	373.00 146.50	Controle Finsider	27,200 27,200 76,25	846 902.00 26,720 75,75	Winterthur Zurich Ins.	靋
Karistadi	221.20 178.00	224,00 . 200,00	Finalder Generali	76.25 119.66	75.75 118.90	SBC Index :344.	.14
·						Previous :345.3	9



\$4.99 \$7.94 \$9.28

\$1073.67



#### U.S. COMMODITY PRICES Chicago Futures Commodity Indexe Dividends London Metals Market International Monetary Friday's **London Commodities** New Highs and Lows 2 10% 9% 7% 3%+ % 13%+ % 5%- % 5%- % 19%+ % 20%+ % 6%+ % 19%- % Apr Jun Sep Dec Mor Market Summary NR 301.50 266.00 273.25 272.75 295.50 300.00 250.50 256.60 273.50 274.00 294.75 295.50 300.00 250.50 250.50 256.60 243.50 244.00 250.75 291.60 250.00 **NYSE Most Actives** 848,433 718,800 486,000 486,200 386,300 384,108 384,108 382,800 387,800 387,800 387,800 387,800 387,800 387,800 387,800 387,800 387,800 1.28 .40 PA STUDE 261.00 864.00 867.00 867.00 866.00 867.00 NEW LOWS-6 740 + 146 556+ + 16 576+ + ApacheCa wi Koopers Pt NEnGE 9.00ot 13% 2% 14% 15% 15% 4 19% 4 19% 12% 12% 14% 15% Jon 1.0% 1.827 Mor 7,056 7,944 Mor 1,078 1,061 Jiv 1,098 1,071 Jiv 1,098 1,075 Sep 1,097 1,094 New 1,095 1,085 Lon N.T. N.T. 2,863 lots of 5 tons. Carter Restricts You ha 1,827 1,047 1,042 1,071 1,082 1,082 1,045 1,066 1,075 1,084 1,095 1,102 1,102 The second secon .60a .62t .15e .30 .40e .50 .44 .50 Priev. Muritionar Close 45.47 789 21.57 491 13.53 13.5 Today MYSE Close 43.26 73.22 647 14.43 463 1,882 **Export of Goods** DUTCH GUILDER, 5 per geilder. No oost controcts Banned in U.S. 11% Cypr pd wi 2% OCL 2% Domon 7% Domon 7% Domon 7% DotoAc 8 18% DotoAc 8 18% DotoAc 8 18% DotoAc 9 18% D Washington Post Service WASHINGTON — President Paris Commodities Carter has signed an executive or-der sharply limiting the export of products that are banned or re-9 .336 1.12 Dow Jones Averages SUGAR Mar Alay Alay Aug Oct Dec COCOA Mar L680 lots. COCOA Mar Jiv See Dec mer a lots 1,175 1,125 N.T. 3,150 3,060 N.T. 2,710 stricted from use in the United 9.29 20s .12b .80 .10 States. Only a few products, perhaps a dozen, are expected to be banned - franc. - 5500 5402 5552 5554 +61 - 5755 5716 5463 5788 +52 - 5844 5867 5512 5867 +52 - 5840 5860 5965 4000 +45 - 4875 4120 4867 4120 +49 ean Stock Mark dozen, are expected to be banned outright from export when the process is fully in effect about six months from now. However, Thursday's order will make sure that hundreds of other banned or restricted foods, drugs, chemicals and devices will go only to governments that know exactly what they are getting — and want it anyway. "It emphasizes to other countries ... that they can trust goods bearing the label, 'Made in U.S.A.,' "Mr. Carter said. The incoming Reagan administration is known to have asked for further delay in the policy, which Dow Jones Bond Averages | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | Est. soles 5.842; sules Thur. 4.800. Torol open interest Thur. 10,139, up 512 from ... January to, 1981 Standard & Poors 化分配性 医多种性 医多种性 医皮肤性 Close 13477 15120 5227 1346 2495 Applications of the properties 104 131.56 151.56 15.51 15.51 24.54 Selected Over-the-Counter 15% 15% 15% 15% 17% 17% 13% 15% 11% 15% 12% 12% 12% NEW YORK (AP)— The following list is a Philanoi Philanoi Philanoi Philanoi Philanoi Phirms Plancins Phirms Plancins Phirms Plancins Phirms Prostine Phirms Prostine Pros ARA SANITATINA SANITAT Closing Prices, January 16, 1981 **NYSE Index** Soles figures are unofficial d—New yearly high, Unless otherwise noted, roles of dividends in the foresoling toble are annual disbursements boated as the less quarterly or senal-amount declaration. Special or extra dividends or payments not designated as regular are identified in the following senal-amount of ealymands or regular are identified in the following senal-amount. Close 77.33 90.63 75.97 38.83 70,42 stocks. AELInd AFAProfiled AFA fration is known to have asked for further delay in the policy, which has been 2½ years and five drafts in the making by a 22-agency working group. Esther Peterson, Mr. Carter's consumer affairs assistant, said that Mr. Reagan has Odd-Lot Trading in N.Y. a—Also extro or extros. b—Annual rate plus stock dividend. c—Licultating dividend. e—Declared or paid in preceding 12 months. i—Declared or paid in preceding 12 months. i—Declared or paid this year, dividend contined, deferred or no oction loken at last dividend enceting. b—Declared or paid this year, on accurative issue with dividends in arrears. n—New issue. r—Declared or paid in, preceding 12 months plus stock dividend. b—Paid in stock in preceding 12 months, estimated cash value on ordividend or so-dividend or se-dividend or se-dividend. Soles "Short 289,209 1,742 272,742 1,092 291,365 1,438 351,543 1,523 347,427 3,568 10 sales figures. London the authority to nullify the execu-tive order immediately upon tak-American Most Actives ing office. >>---Ex-dividend or ex-rights, y---Ex-dividend and sales in full. :----Sales in full. 21 + 53½ +1 45½ +1 15½ + 17¼ + 17¼ + 19 19 19 19 19 19 Japan's Money Supply Seen to Grow by 7% vi—in bankruptcy or receivership or being reorganized under the Bankruptcy Act, or securities essumed by such companies Reuters TOKYO — The Bank of Japan 19 Filede 2.60 672 From ... 712 Florida ... 713 Florida ... 714 Florida ... 715 Florida ... 716 Fronda ... 717 Florida ... 718 Fronda .. Yearly highs and laws reflect the provious 52 weeks plus the current week, but not the batest trading day. Where a split or stock dividend amounting to 25 per cent or more has been seld the year's high-low range and dividend are shown for the new stock only. said it expects Japan's M-2 money supply plus certificates of deposits in the current quarter will grow at an average rate of about seven percent from the 1980 period. -This rate would be less than the downward revised growth of To our readers... around 7.7 percent in the preceding quarter and would reflect the slow recovery of the domestic Please let us know about any prob-AMEX Index economy as well as a stabilization lems you may have obtaining your of prices. copy of the International Herald Tribune. Write with all pertinent infor-Get the January International HARRY SCHULTZ LETTER François Desmaisons Graulation Director International Herald Tribune with his 66 predictions for 1981. · 181, avenue Charles-de-Gaulle, 81% accuracy over the years. Get advice on stocks, commodities, gold and silver in world-wide markets. 92200 Neuilly, France. Send \$258 for 1 year; \$152, 6 months; \$50 for 2 month Guest subscription, TO: FERC S.A., P.O. Box 5414, Amsterdam, Holland. In Asia and Pacific write to: Alain Lecour, International Herald Tribune See 1981 Gainess Book of Recurds for his breath-taking consultation fee. But get this same advice monthly at the above low rates. Act today. 1801 Tai Sang Commercial Building, 24-34 Hennessy Road, Hong Kong.

Milli

A STATE

Ν

**ACROSS** 

1 Pedestal feature 5 Varnish

ingredien 16 Grackies 14 "Industry" its motto

19 Idolize 20 Engaged in 22 Neighbor of

Java 23 Dart thrust 27 Headline

Sixpence 30 Free electron 31 Forming a corner: Abbr.

32 Broadway hit: 42 Classical medico 43 Inside vocabular) 44 Mitigates 45 Stately tree

48 Very well 49 Fastened, in a way 50 Etui or pomander 51 Honshu bay 52 Underworld

47 Rice team

53 Trustworthy 54 See 4 Down

105 "... care'll kill 1**06** Bay of the -107 Correggio lived here 108 El Bahr 109 Nabokov novel creatures

**ACROSS** 

58 Some of us

59 Film of 1965.

with "The" 66 Wall St. term

67 Illinois airport

68 Obtrusive one 69 Sewed rapidly

75 Fr. title 76 Unbalanced

77 Transmission components 78 Car part

79 "--- Lisa"

heroes 81 Blue shade 82 Count, for one

85 Statue of

92 Lloyd C.

103 Barge hand 104 A la chinoise

80 James Jones's

84 Crude broom

Apollo by Chares

89 Ending with

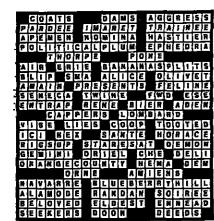
cash or cloth

90 ——-Magnon 91 "—— Belong to

Douglas novel

72 Bright 73 Gulae

Solution to Last Week's Puzzle



WEATHER

DOWN 1 Red-ink entry

3 Eat out 4 With 54 Across, hirs of lore 5 Lurch 6 Lyrical 7 "Young Hickory"

8 Guthrie 9 Turning the pages 10 Opera by R. 11 Letters before

plant 13 Moslem mystic 14 Congo border river

28 Contretemps 32 Mooring line 33 Offer, as a plea 34 Coruscates 35 Let fly

36 "Snake eye 37 Indeed 38 Glib 39 Wielded 46 Fast breaker

24 Songwriter

26 Emulates a devil chaser

Drake

**DOWN** 

CROSSWORD PUZZLE Edited by EUGENET. MÅLESKA

Super! By William Lutwiniak

DOWN 41 Lord High Everything 15 Famed pentomimist
16 A Waugh
17 Camouflaged
21 Wrecked 42 Departure 46 "Allons, ..... completely enfants . .

> 49 Tours's river 52 Outfit 54 U. of Maryland

team 56 Go for eagerly 57 Reference marks 58 Baltic port 60 Marinara base

48 Plane surface

77 Nimbi 79 Jellyfish 81 Olfactory stimulus 82 Curdle 83 Ionium, e.g **61** Parts of plows

**DOWN** 

way **64** Kástron's isle

65 Oneiric image

69 Tease 70 Lodged 71 Snack

72 Cachet

prefix

74 "A good walk spoiled": Twain

63 Diffuse, in a

DOWN

87 Mielziner designs 88 Veld

E

E

T

A

I

E

scavengers 92 Fuchsite, e.g. 93 Source of gelüse . 94 Untrammeled —the Mood

96 Quitter's word

 Roberts U. 98 Roleo verb 99 Trucker's rig

101 Casa pot 102 Denial in Dudinka

BOOKS.

LOW C F
12 54 Cloudy
10 50 Folir
21 70 Fossy
7 45 Fossy
16 61 Folir
3 27 Folir
-25 -13 Folir
0 12 Shower
13 27 Snow
12 54 Cloudy
11 32 Fossy
4 25 Snow
6 43 Folir
-6 21 Cloudy
1 34 Overco MANILA MEXICO CITY MIAMI MILAN MONTREAL Showers Cloudy Fossy Fossy Snow Cloudy Cloudy Cloudy Cloudy BERLIN MUNICK BRUSSELS NASSAU BUCHAREST BUDAPEST CASABLANCA PARIS CHICAGO COPENHAGEN COSTA DEL SOL PEKING PRAGUE RIO DE JANEIRO DUBLIN ROME SAK PAULO EDINBURGH Foggy Fair Cloudy FLORENCE SEOUL SINGAPORE STOCKHOLM SYDNEY HLC.MINH CITY HONG KONG HOUSTON TAIPEI 21 70 TEL AVIV JERUSALEM 15 JOHANNESBURG 32 LAS PALMAS 18 VIENNA WARSAW WASHINGTON

## RADIO NEWSCASTS.

## **VOICE OF AMERICA**

Readings from the previous 24 hours

sts world news in English on the hour and at 28 minutes after the hou

Western Eurape: 648KHz and 463M Medium Wave. 5,975, 6,050, 7,120. 7,125, 7,255, 9,410, 9,750, 12,095 and 15,070 KHz in the 49,41, 31, 25 and 19 meter bands. East Africa: 1413KHz and 212M Medium Wave. 25,450, 21,660, 17,865, 15,420, 12,875, 11,820, 7,590, 7,720 and 6,050 KHz in the 11, 13, 16, 19, 24, 25, 31, 42 and 49 meter bands. North and North West Africa: 25,430, 21,470, 15,070, 11,750, 9,410, 7,130 and 5,975 KHz in the 11, 13, 19, 25, 31, 42 and 50 mater bands,

Southern Africa: 25.650, 21,660, 17,880, 15.400, T1,820, 9.410, 7.185 and 6,005 KHz in the 11, 13, 16, 19, 25, 21, 41 and 49 mayber bonds. Middle East: 1323KHz and 227M Medium Weve. 25,699, 21,710, 17,770, 15,310, 11,760, 9,410, 7,140, 6,120 and 3,990 KHz in the 11, 13, 14, 19, 25, 31, 42, 49 and 75 meter bands.

Southern Asia: 1413KHz and 212M Medium Wave, 25.650, 21.550, 17,770, 15,710, 11,750, 9,600, 7,180 and \$.195 KHz in the 11, 13, 14, 19, 25, 31, 41 and 48 meter bands. East ead South East Asia: 25,650, 17,770, 15,310, 11,865, 9,570, 6,195 and 3,915 KHz in the 11, 16, 19, 25, 31, 48 and 76 meter bands. Also for Singapore only: 88,900 KHz VHF.

#### **BBC WORLD SERVICE** Breadcasts at 0090, 0290, 0300, 0400, 0500. 0600, 0700, e800, 9700, 1100, 1300. 1600, 1700, 1800, 2000, 2200, 2200 (All Himes GMT).

Western Europe: KHz 15,245, 7,325, 6,860, 5,955, 3,960, 1,197, 772, 11,760, 9,760, 1,296 in the 19,7, 41.7, 49.5, 50.4, 75,7,257 (medium wave), 379 (medium wave), 25.5,30,7 and 222 (medium wave) mater bands. Middle Hest: KHz 15,205, 11,915, 9,760, 7,200, 6,840, 1,260 in the 19.7, 25.2, 30.7, 41.7, 49.7, 238 meter bands. East Auto and Pacific: KHz 17.020, 17.740, 15.290, 11.760, 9.770, 26.000, 6,110 and 1,575 on the 14, 16.9, 19.6.

South Asia: KHz 21,540, 17,740, 15,205, 11,915, 9,760, 7,105 on the 13,9, 16,9, 19,7, 25.2, 30,7 and 42.2 meter bands, Airica; KHz 26,049, 21,660, 17,670, 15,330, 11,915, 9,740 7,280, 6,125, 5,995, 3,990 on the 11.5, 13.8, 16.8, 19.6, 25.2, 30.8, 4).2, 49, 50, 75.2 meter bands.

## Prestige Gives Way to Comfort After Vacationers Disdain Eton

United Press International LONDON - Vacationers who paid \$275 per week to stay at Eton College while taking holiday courses complained so much about spartan accommodations that a travel less prestigious but more comfortagency is moving the program to a able campus.

More than 400 persons participated in the Eton holiday program last summer, studying everything from archaeology to dance. "Some holiday-makers thought

the accommodation was just not up to the standard they expected." said Brian Ashley, whose agency organized the program. Many of the Eton rooms were singles, although the program attracted a

large number of couples.

"Many people thought the rooms were short on comfort," Mr. ample, have hot and cold water, three years in prison.

So, although we are continuing the holiday courses, we are switching them to a teacher training college at Twickenham, which is much more comfortable."

# Who Freed Dolphins

United Press Inter-TOKYO — A San Francisco en-vironmentalist who belongs to the Greenpeace Foundation has been arrested and charged with freeing about 150 dolphins who were to be

killed by Japanese fisherman.
Patrick Walls, 35, was taken into custody Wednesday afternoon after he arrived for questioning at the prosecutors' office in Shizuoka. He was accused of forcible obstruction of business. The charge Ashley said. "They don't, for ex- carries a maximum penalty of

## PERSONAL IMPRESSIONS

By Isaiah Berlin. Viking. 219 pp. \$13.95.

Reviewed by John Leonard

he has managed to meet Akhmatova, and to get rid of Randolph Churchill. He regrets not having taken any notes, but who could improve on the Akhmatova he representation in "Concepts" and Vicination of Verification of Verification in "Concepts" and Vicination of Verification members? She is as Russian as a samovar. Listen to her: Why did Anna Karenina have to be killed? As soon as she leaves

Karenin, everything changes: She suddenly becomes a fallen woman prostitute. Of course there are pages of genius, but the basic inorality is disgusting. Who punishes Anna? God? No, society; that same society the hypocrisy of which Tolstoy is never tired of denouncing. In the end he tells us that she repels even Vronsky. Tolstoy is lying: He knew better than that. The morality of 'Anna Karenina' is the moral-ity of Tolstoy's wife, of his Moscow aunts; he knew the truth, yet he forced himself, shamefully, to conform to Philistine convention. Tolstoy's morality is a direct expression of his own private life, his personal vicissitudes. When he was happily married, he wrote War and Peace, which celebrates family life. After he started hating Sofia Andreevna, but was not pre-pared to divorce her because divorce is condemned by society, and perhaps by the peasants too, he wrote 'Anna Karenina' and punished her for leaving Karenin. When he was old and no longer lusted so violently after peasant girls, he wrote The Kreutzer Sonaand forbade sex altogether."

Sir Isaiah can't be sure that Akhmatova is entirely serious. The reader doesn't care. She has been brought to passionate life, as Boris Pasternak, in the same essay, is brought to life — proud and prickly, "looking like an Arab and his horse." Pasternak, like Akhmatova, is a great talker, perhaps a genius at it. What constitutes genius?

Sir Isaiah reflects: "The dancer Nijinsky was once asked how he managed to leap so high. He is reported to have answered that he saw no great prob-lem in this. Most people when they leapt in the air came down at once. "Why should you come down im-mediately? Stay in the air a little before you group, why not?" he is before you return, why not? he is reported to have said. One of the criteria of genius seems to me to be the power to do something perfect-ly simple and visible which ordinary people cannot, and know that they cannot, do — nor do they know how it is done, or why they cannot begin to do it."

There are, he tells us, many varieties of literary genius. In his expe-nence, however, Eliot. Joyce, Yeats, Auden and Bertrand Russell were little-leaguers at conver-sation, compared to Pasternak. Now: Just consider Sir Isaiah's experience. Think of the people he has talked to. Most of them are not to be found in this book, which is the last of four collections of his essays to be published by Viking. I have reviewed all of them; I would read Sir Isaiah — philosopher, po-litical theorist, historian of ideas even if he wrote about parsnips. But that he hasn't written an autobiography is to be regretted, bitter-

"Personal Impressions" is too

southern Italian city.

WE are in Leningrad in 1945 much Oxford and not enough Ruswith Sir Isaiah. Somehow, sia. Pasternak and Akhmatova are sia. Pasternak and Akhmatova are and Categories." The same cannot be said for most of the people in "Personal Impressions." Winston Churchill, Franklin Roosevelt, Chaim Weizmann, Felix Frankfurter, Albert Einstein and Aldous in Tolstoy's eyes, a Traviata, a Huxley put in a pale appearance, but the rest are dead dons and Si Isaiah's mode is eulogistic, and the usual tension — the mind grap-pling with the idea and pinning it down with an aphorism — is miss-

Certainly Sir Isaiah's taste in friends has been catholic. As he observes, chamber music is nice, but so are symphonies. Cecil Maurice Bowra, L.B. Namier, Richard Pares, Hubert Henderson, J.L. Austin, John Petrov Plamenatz and Auberon Herbert were his colleagues. They were variously suspi-cious of ideology, empiricism and newspapers. Namier took it upon himself to advise a young Berlin to abandon his book on Marx in favor of reading Freud. Anstin is seen as trying to fend off A.J. Ayer. (A.J. Ayer, who did write an autobiography, is more amusing on the subject.) Bowra's delightful crankiness is asserted. What does one look for in

friends? Sir Isaiah looks, of course, for intelligence and principle, hon-or and fidelity, gaiety, courtesy, moderation, generosity and "moral charm." Whenever he encounters the "shoddy" or "the shabby" or what Bloomsbury called the "squalid," he averts his eyes and holds his tongue, at least in this book. Such a single note, however gracious, tends to numb.

This is not to say that "Personal Impressions" is unacquainted with the intellectual graces we have come to expect. Sir Isaiah has intenesting things to say about Zion-ism and pluralism, of which he ap-proves; on history and the imagination; on style as character and statesmanship as art. He is served once more by his gift for the apt quotation, citing, for instance, Plamenatz: "When we turn from German to Russian Marxism, we leave the horses and come to the

He can't write a bad essay; he happens elsewhere to have written better ones. He quotes Aristotle: "History is what Alcibiades did and suffered." There seems not to have been enough suffering at Ox-

John Leonard is on the staff of The New York Times.

#### Giant Statues Found The Associated Press

NAPLES - Archaeologists diving with scuba equipment said they found three ancient statues, each 19 feet tall, near the underwa-ter ruins of Cicero's villa. The statues apparently portray mythologi-cal monsters like the one-syed Cy-clops who imprisoned Ulysses. They were discovered at a depth of from 32 to 49 feet in the sea between Baia and Lucrino near this









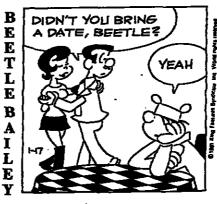








































# JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee

**VABER** MAFLE **FIMSIT** BEING TAKEN FOR ONE COULD BE DANGEROUS. INFEED Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Print answer here:

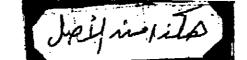
Jumbles: BORAX QUAIL INJURE CONVOY Answer: Could this golf club be of assistance when

Imprimé par P.I.O. - I, Boulevard Ney 75018 Paris





SOME THINGS ARE BETTER TO GIVE THAN TO RECEIVE, JOEY... LIKE BATHS.



# Rugby Trench Warfare Begins

By Bob Donaliue rend Herald Tribune

RDIFF, Wales - The Five Nations chammp starts Saturday with England in Wales cotland in France. The French are fa-at home. The English, not quite incredi-tre favored here in the middle of Weish 's centenary season. .

ME AND THE

CLYDESDA SS

BEETLE'S LUCKY

I COULDN T GET

A DATE

FOUR OWN BE

ラスペー 2 1 1 1/6 1 - フルト バライル

RUXY.

处处

E S

MENACE.

MORNING S SPOXTS M WHO TOLD THE BRANT WAS GOING TO FEM

one has beaten Wales here in 24 Five as matches since March, 1968, when the th did it. That victory at the Arms Park called the National Stadium) was the 10th a loss against all comers here in the '60s, posed to one draw and only 11 victories. Wales can be ordinary at home.

it Englishmen haven't won here since 1963. diff Arms Park," one has said, "is not just leep end of international rugby. It is the anas Trench, complete with sharks."

quatic imagery could also be fitting if the and snow that has fallen all week keep up arday, as forecast. The prospect then, on sides of the Channel, would be "fighting ontal assault in a sea of mud," as a diarist te of the Empire's Maori War more than a Jury ago. That would suit England fine. The Maoris, who now play rugby, will be ling Wales next year, but there is a more warm New Zeland for the series of the series was the series of the series was the series of the series of

nent New Zealand factor just now. The All ks routed Wales Nov. 1 in Cardiff, 23-3. "It a case," says Welsh captain Steve Fenwick, too many players having an off day n 15. I reckon." it was a case, as many believe, of mobile

disciplined New Zealanders cavorting ng Welshmen less talented than the ones dominated Europe for most of the '70s. film of that Cardiff rout was studied by the sh, English and French teams this week.

#### No Cavorters They

he current English forwards are not the cating sort. Wales has made changes to speed its game, but England's unchanged front are no faster than the deft juggernant that wed through its four adversaries last year h single-mindedness and some luck.

'A vast amount of time was spent scrumging," England's chairman of selectors, dge Rogers, said a bit mischievously after a crice session the other day. England's pres-backs are underrated, and might hold their against the Welsh backs even on a dry day. the struggle in and around the scrums is ng to be crucial both here and in Paris. mmage, scrimmage, melee, scrum — by

whatever name, the crab-shaped welter of 16 passing; there is broad agreement that rugby forwards, eight shoving against eight in a fracas of twisting, grunting and heaving that can emit visible steam in the right weather, is the hale ancestor of the American snap of the ball from

The gridiron center passes the ball back through his legs at the quarterback's signal; rugby's hooker tries to heel it after the scrumhalf has flipped it in.

#### Back Into Play

The scrum can be seen as a minor exercise to get the ball back into play after play has been interrupted. The New Zealanders have been taking this approach lately. Other countries are DOI SO SUITE.

Stamina spent shoving and resisting the shove in the first half means that much less mobility in the second — and thus space for backs to run and pass in with less chance of marauding giants getting in the way. And the quality of possession won or lost at a scrum can usually be influenced by the shove, as when flankers (Nos. 6 and 7) are forced to stay put and keep pushing, rather than lift off and race away in early defense.

#### Theory/Practice

In theory, the side that wins the scrum could shove all the way up the field with the ball and score. In practice, the middle of the thing collapses first, at the risk of broken necks in the three-man front rows.

The scrum is a hard and dark place at the best of times. A retired cape of the international front-row Mafia, Ian McLauchlan of Scotland, tells a little about the secret skulduggery in his autobiography, "Mighty Mouse":

"Your opponent will try and pull you down; he will bore in on the hooker or grab your jer-sey. That leaves you with a difficult decision.... I've always worked on the principle of giving him a sharp reminder that we are not going to play the game that way, and that's often involved a short left hook to the jaw." A French adage has it that the scrum is la maison du ballon - the home of the ball. Rugby

starts at home.

#### Watch These Men

The props (Nos. 1 and 3) in Saturday's structures will be Jim Aitken and Norrie Rowan for Scotland, Pierre Dospital and Robert Paparem-borde for France, Fran Cotton and Phil Blakeway for England, and Ian Stephens and Graham Price for Wales. Crowds want a maximum of running and

needs more of both. But the guts of the game remains the struggle for possession of the ball and for advancing domination of the crowded neighborhood around the scrum and the other tight patches of forward play.

Which is much of the reason that burly England and France are favored, and that a Welsh or Scottish victory would be brave.

The French, after humiliating November losses in South Africa and Romania, have brought in weight and experience under a new coach, Jacques Fouroux, who captained France to four victories in 1977. He is a master motivator. Scotland last won in Paris in 1969.

The Paris game should see Scotland's placekicking fullback and captain, Andy Irvine, set a world record for points scored in an international career. Any score — try, conversion, pen-alty kick, dropped goal — will put him alone ahead of retired Welshman Phil Bennett, with whom he is tied at 210.

#### Strength, Revival, Pressure

English strength, a French revival and Irish pressure (Ireland joins the fight with a home game against France Feb. 7) are expected to dominate the 1981 installments of the 71-yearold Five Nations serial. But first Bill Beaumont's England has to win in Wales, where English teams scored two tries in the 70s while

the Welsh were scoring 18 against them. "England and Wales Rugby Teams Draw," said a headline in this newspaper 50 years ago. The 1931 match was also on Jan. 17 — but it was at Twickenham. Inferiority: A Genuine Belief

A former English international, quoted by John Reason this week in The Sunday Tele-graph, remarked that Welsh players "have grown up genuinely believing that we English are inferior human beings." He added, skeptically, that "it would take a lot to reverse that

The lot that it would take has limits. The unwritten law is that you can do anything to the guy up to the point where it will prevent you from drinking together later, after a decent interval of an hour or two.

When Russian hosts failed to show up at a postmatch function with the visiting Italian national team a few years ago, they were almost read out of the International Amateur Rugby Federation. Cotton and Price and Aitken and Paparemborde and the others are scheduled to socialize Saturday night.

## **Red Smith**

# Gibson Still Has a High, Hard One

NEW YORK — The Royal Ball-room in the Sheraton Center is done in cardinal red -drapes, carpets, chairs in ranks facing a standup microphone in the front of the room. Bowie Kuhn, baseball's supreme being, wore a red handkerchief in his breast pocket Thurs-

Bob Gibson, who pitched for 20 years in the St. Louis Cardinal organization, broke the scheme with a blue jacket, blue shirt, beige slacks and an expression of affability that hitters in the National League never saw on the mound. Bob Gibson was always his own

#### Newest Demigod

Gibson is the newest demigod in the Hall of Fame in Cooperstown.
Out of a field of worthy candidates, only he was elected this winter to the baseball pantheon. Now he was facing an assemblage of baseball writers, most of whom

"The Hall of Fame was never a goal of mine," he said. "It was something that happens or it doesn't. About a week ago I had a call from Jack Lang [secretary of the Baseball Writers of America, who tabulates the ballots]. He told me the chances looked pretty good for me to get in. He suggested that I make a reservation to New York. could always cancel it if neces-

sary.

"After that I stayed by the phone and got to thinking, Suppose I don't get in?" And then I got

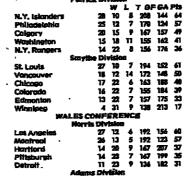
mgry."
"What were you doing when the

official word came?"
"Sitting by the phone," he said.
"He answered before the first ring ended," said Lang.

#### **Anything But Coddly**

Gibson was a merciless pitcher. In 17 seasons with the parent club, he won 251 games and lost 174 with an earned-run average of 2.91. Five times winner of 20 or more games, he is one of four who struck out more than 3,000 batters. The others are Walter Johnson, Gaylord Perry and Nolan Ryan.

#### NHL Standings CAMPBELL CONFERENCE



Washington 2 Los Angeles 0 (Smith (2), Gartner (25), Mulvey (7)). Quebec 4, Philadelphia 1 (Paddack (2), Com. (3), Pichalla (4) Quebec 4, Philosetohia 1 (Poddock (2), Cote (3), Pichetre (2), Hunter (18); Linserton (3)). Monfred 7, Wiesless 3 (Goiney (16), Lorouche 3 (2), Shuri (23), Risebroush 2 (4); Lecuyer (3), Christion (12), Cumeron (6)).
Chicaso 3, Boston 2 (Shorpley (14), Higglos (9), Bulley (3); Bouraue (10), Park (11)).
Cojoury 10, Derival 6 (Nilsson 3 (23), MacMillon (12), Houston (2), Loveline (9), Smith (7), Voli (19), Clement 2 (18).
Colorado 4, N.Y. Rompers 3 (Gills 3 (9), McKachnie (14); Silk (18), Johnstone (14), Hedberg (17)).

**ESCORT SERVICE.** 

EVERYWHERE YOU GO, AMERICA

212-359-6273

| 212-961 1945/461 2421

CONTACTA INTERNATIONAL

Gibson struck out 3,117 in 3,885 Louis Cardinals and you're sup-innings. He won seven World Se-posed to have rooms for me.' ties games in a row, losing only his first and last. He always looked angry on the mound, and in the clubhouse the press didn't find him especially cuddly, yet the press tapped him for immortality in his first year of eligibility, as soon as he had completed the re-

"I wasn't angry," he said. "I was competitive. I grew up fighting a lot of things."

quired five years in retirement.

#### What sort of things?

"I was the first black athlete to play for Creighton University. We made a trip to Tulsa, and when we were halfway there the coach told me I couldn't stay in the hotel with the players - I'd have to take a place across town, I cried.

"I said, 'If you'd told me that before we started, I wouldn't have come.' He said, 'That's why I didn't tell you.'

"The first year I went to a bigleague training camp, two or three guys tried to rough me up on the train. In St. Petersburg I went to the Bainbridge Hotel. 'I'm Bob Gibson,' I said. 'I'm with the St.

They took me out the back door and put me in a cab and sent

me to a place across town. Before I'd ever put on a Cardinal uni-"I wouldn't say that sort of thing made me mean. It taught me

#### toughness. On top of having to pitch to hitters like Willie Mays. "... And on the Corners"

#### "What do you consider your greatest achievement in baseball?" he was asked.

Pitching a whole season and having the kind of year I had in 1968. Consistency was what I was after. I wanted to be a good pitcher, not just have two or three great games. That year I had confidence. It seemed like everything I threw was knee-high and on the corners."

That year he won 22 games and lost 9, worked 305 innings, led the league with 268 strikeouts and had an earned-run average of 1.12, a major-league record for pitchers working 200 innings or more: He shut out every team except the Dodgers and his total of 13 shutouts led the league. He won both

League's Most Valuable Player Award in 1968 and the Cy Young Award as best pitcher in the

league. Gibson retired after the 1975 season. He had broken a leg and torn up a cartilage. "My legs were killing me," he said. "I was tired of baseball after 20 years. I'm chairman of the board of a bank and I

worked at that two years and thought it was lousy.

"The only job I really liked was in television and I got fired from that. Then I opened a restaurant in Omaha and I really ran it, every day. I weighed 197 when I started

it and went down to 180." Starting this year, he will be back in baseball as assistant pitching coach with the Mets, trying to instill some of his own toughness into people named Craig Swan and Pat Zachry.

#### So Much for Joe

"Joe Torre says," a man observed, nodding toward the Met manager sitting at Gibson's left, "that he hit a home run off you that you've never acknowledged."
"I don't remember Joe Torre ever hitting anything off me." Gibson said of his boss-to-be.

# Demonstrative Borg Eliminates McEnroe From Masters Tennis

From Agency Dispatches
NEW YORK — Bjorn Borg, displaying a rare show of displeasure, shook off two penalty points and brilliant play by John McEnroe to post a 6-4, 6-7, 7-6 victory Thursday night in the Masters tennis championship. The defeat ended top-seed McEnroe's hopes of making it past the round robin portion of the tournament.

It was the first meeting this year of the world's top two players, and they repeated their thrilling battles of 1980's Wimbledon and U.S. Open clashes. But this one was unique. Borg, who rarely shows emotion on the court and almost never challenges an official's call, did just that in the middle set.

Serving for the match, Borg was broken when McEnroe, top-seeded in this eight-man, round-robin tourney, placed a perfect drop shot to square the second set 6-6, send-

ing it into a tiebreaker.
With the tiebreaker knotted at 3, Borg hit a topspin forehand that landed at the base line. The linesman called it good but umpire Mi-chael Lugg of England overruled much as the point that was taken

McEnroe won the next point and the second set when Borg's forehand was wide.

## " 'It Doesn't Matter'"

natch. Instead of being ahead 4-3 [in the tiebreak] I was down 4-3. The linesman on the baseline said the ball was good. I asked [the umpire) and he said, 'Go ahead and play. It doesn't matter. It's my decision. The ball was out."?

much about the penalty points as Lugg later explained the call came



. . . Arguing with umpire Michael Lugg.

him, giving the point to McEnroe.

Borg went to the umpire's chair.

After a time, Lugg warned the Swede for delaying the game. Finally, Lugg penalized Borg two points, giving McEnroe a 6-3 advantage in the 12-point table.

ber being penalized," Borg said. "I he ball about 50 rows deep into the crowd, obviously obvious the crowd, obviously giving up the point. He received a standing ovation from the sellout crowd of

set, Borg apparently had won a point — but Lugg ordered the point replayed, saying a linesman had called the ball out in error.

in the middle of the point. The two held serve throughout the third set and forced another tiebreaker.

In this one, defending champion Borg jumped in front when McEnroe slammed a forehand long.
McEnroe tied it at I before Bore reeled off six of the next seven points to win the match.

shot to perfection in handling

The other semifinalists will be Jimmy Connors and Ivan Lendl. Connors breezed past Harold So-lomon, 6-2, 6-4, while Lendl de-

HEATHROW ESCORT SERVICE, Tel: 0452 23146, 12 cum. - 12 pum.

LOUISA ESCORT SERVICE Heathrow, Surrey and London Areas. Tel: 01-390 4699. 12 cm - 10 pm. MIAMI FT, LAUDIEDALE, FLORIDA: Apple Pie Escort Service, Tel: (005) 949 9421 & 491 3056.

LONDON CONTACT Except Services Tel: 01-402 4000, 01-402 4008 OR 01-

Tel. 01-402 4000, 01-402 4008 OR 01-402 0252.

YENNIA - HARMONY Escort Service.
Tel. 79 27 4 foter 3 pm.
RANNCHRT - WESBADEN - MARNZ
SHIREY ESCORT Service 0511/282729.

FRANKRIRT - MANUA Austrion Escort
Service. Tel. 595046.

DIESSELDORF - CHRISTINE'S Escort
Service. Tel. 2017/20797.

DIESSELDORF ESCORT SERVICE. Tel.
0211-492805.

FRANKRIRT - SUSANNIE Escort Ser-

PRANKRIET - SUSANNE Excert Service. Tel: 6662474.

UNIVERSAL-ENGLISH SOCIETY Excert Service. London, Tel: 262 3108. LONDON MARIE CLAIRE Excert Ser-vice. Tel: 01 235 1863.

CHANTELE ESCORT SERVICE LON-don 231 1158, 231 8818.

LONDON DEBRE Escort Service. Tel: 01 599 0451.

NEW YORK CITY, Mia & Ranee Escort & Guide Service, 212-888-0103. WASHINGTON D.C. BYILL Escort Ser-vice. Tel: 01-703-379-4028.

LONDON

ESCORT AGENCY

Tel: 231 1158 or 231 8918.

CLASSICS

**AMSTERDAM** 

ESCORT GUIDE SERVICE Tel: 247731.

LONDON'- CHEISEA GERL Excert Se vice, 51 Beauchamp Place, Londo SW3. Tel: 01 584 6513/2749, 412 pm.

ENGLISH ESCORT SERVICE Heath & London Areas, Tal: (1)-754 6281.

# ... A crab-shaped welter of 16 forwards — twisting, grunting and heaving. Oakland: The Way We Were Buffole Minnason Toronto Gouloco

By Malcolm Moran-New York Times Service

SEAM Red here as a young quarter-AKLAND, Calif. — Two deckept him out of the big-time ional Football League. He was ng to win a job in a new league n a new team that had nowhere

ince then, the Oakland Raiders

Le carefully developed the image team that convinces unwanted ers to get into line and makes sappy players productive. In the y days, when they were the rag-Raiders, there was no choice: arly everybody was unwanted. Tores earned \$10,000 in-1960, that was if the checks did not ance, which was not unheard-of the early days of the American otball League. The Raiders were shans in San Prancisco, playing ir first season in front of friends d neighbors at Kezar Stadium. aring one trip to New York, the m was paged as the Oklahoma

#### iders. The good old days?

Nobody Knew Them "People would always ask us, re you a team?" Flores said. Are you professionals? and here is Oakland? No one knew

#### Transactions BASEBALL

American Loopee
HICAGO—Numed Jim Mohoney monoper of
ir Glene Polis officiore in the Eastern Loopue.
LEVELAND—Nomed Bob Feller to their troffice stort.

DRONTO-Purchased the contract of KenSucha, Infletier, from Montreal, Annaureed

1 Rick Bosetti, autilities, but asreed to hs on a one-year contract.

ONTREAL—Signed Jerry White, outlieder, ush the 1983 season.
EW YORK—Named Dove Johnson manager her Jackson affiliate in the Taxas League.

BASKE FRALL
National Baskefasti Association
Y. KNICKS—Placed Sty Williams, forward,
ASHINGTON—Placed Rick Mathematical
distributions of the Mathematical
Historian Street Louis Brown
than 18 of the Mathematical
Street Louis Brown

Noticeal Hockey Leastle
.Y. RANGERS — Acquired Nick Follo, for

#### rioles Sign Martinez The Associated Press

IALTIMORE - Tippy Marez, the top lefthander in the Balnore Oriole bullpen last season, s signed a five-year contract th the American League club. artinez was 4.4 with 10 saves d a 3.01 earned rum average in games in 1980. He was entering e final year of his contract this ring, having originally signed a ree-year pact in 1977 and agreed a Milwoutkee 113, Philosophia 119 (House 24, Porter averagion in 1978 Washington 116, Defroit 59 (Hoyes 24, Porter a two-year extension in 1978.

They lived and practiced across the bay, but they had to play their first two seasons in San Francisco. first two seasons in San Francisco.
Even with a limited allocation of Super Bowl seats, the Raiders will to see some of your heroes," he season. Flores remembered couple of rooms. There were a few secting Charlie Conerly. "You'd get shower heads. The water was ket if you got in early. But it was finally sell more tickets for their game against the Philadelphia Eagles than they sold for any home game in their first three seasons. The total home attendance for each of the first two seasons will not match the size of the crowd in the Superdome in New Orleans Jan.

Yet the home games were the easy part. The complications really started when the Raiders went on the road.

## Nobody Told Them

Flores remembered a trip to Amherst, Mass. for the last exhibi-tion game in 1960. The Raiders were playing the Boston Patriots, and arrangements had been made for them to stay and practice at Amherst College. Except for one problem — no one bothered to tell

"We drove around looking for a hotel," Flores said, "and then we looked for a field to practice on.

Titans in night games at the old Polo Grounds. "You could never many. And then they'd announce

25.000."

The closest the Raiders came to the big time in those down.

the big time in those days was

#### NBA Standings EASTERN CONFERENÇE

		Atlantic D	ivis	ios		
:			w	L	Pđ.	GB
Ļ	Philiodelphia		39	8.	.830	_
	Boston		34	,	.200	2
•	New York		27	18	400	11
	Washington		19	27	.413	1992
	New Jersey .		12	35	255	27
		Central D	lvis	len		
٠.	Milwoukse "		34	. 12	239	_
	Indiona		2	18	.409	6
-	Chicago		Z1	25	457	13
-	Arlanta :		18		291	16
	Cleveland	٠.	妆	30	348	18
	Detroit		11	36	.234	23/2
	WE	ITERN CO	LF E	REN	ᅊ	
		Michael I	Nh	ies:		
	San Antonio			. 35	.481	_
	Konses City .			24.	AU	31
_	Houston			25	.44	11
_	Utoh			. 246	,435	111/2
	Denver			3	- 256	15
?	<b>Dation</b>				149	25
1		Pocific D		leα		
	Phoenix		IJ	11	277	_
5	Los Angeles			- 77		- 4/2
_	Golden Stafe		24	21	.533	
T.	Partions		23		.499	130
Ż	Secritic		20	25	.445	7574

where Oakland was. We'd say, when they spent a week in the You know where San Francisco Concourse Plaza Hotel, up the place where 20,000 people could is? We're right across the bay." Grand Concourse, where some of the New York Giants lived during

## Bull & Bear

The Raiders had a different kind of hero. There was Dan Manoukian, a guard from Stanford who played in the first season. He went back into pro wrestling."
Flores said, "because he made more money. He was 5-11 and 260 pounds, and he had one suit, with padding on the shoulders that he didn't need. Guys came and went

so quickly.' Dan Birdwell, a defensive tackle, arrived in 1962 and eventually played for three division cham-piouship teams in Oakland. "He was just a big teddy bear," Flores said, "or a bull in a china shop. He didn't know his own strength. He'd always step on your toes in the huddle. If he had a dollar and you needed a dollar, he'd give you his last dollar and go and borrow

## Changes, Slowly

We found a little league field, but
we were kicked off. We taped in a
public facility. A toilet."

In New York, they played the
Ben Davidson arrived in 1964
after he was released by Green
Bay, long before he grew his moustache and before a throat injury gave him his gravel voice - and before he became known as the see the fans, it was so dark," Flores lineman who rearranged Joe

#### hired Al Davis, an assistant coach at San Diego, to be the coach and general manager. "At Al's first training camp, there was more hitting," Flores said, "but there was also more football learning. **Big-Timers** The Oakland-Alameda County ım, a 54,000-seat arena near

Bowl and 130 million television Meanwhile, the AFL disap-

peared when its teams were finally accepted into the big time. "We lost our identity," Flores said. "It was kind of sad." The Raiders opened an office in Los Angeles last year and continue

# 1

Bruce Lietzke

#### "There were no lights," Flores said. "The locker rooms were just a couple of rooms. There were a lew you got in early. But it was finally a home. At least it was something von could call a home." In the first three months of 1963, the Dallas Texans moved to Kansas City and became the Chiefs; the Titans were sold and renamed the Jets, and the Raiders

place where 20,000 people could be squeezed into the bleachers.

the Oakland Airport, became the team's home in 1966. The Raiders played the Green Bay Packers in what was called the World Cham-pionship game in 1968, and they won Super Bowl XI in 1977 before a crowd of 103,424 in the Rose

their legal fight to leave Oakland. Dan Birdwell died. Frank Youell Field became a

# Lietzke Takes 2-Stroke Lead

holes on the back nine at the La Quinta course Thursday, finishing with a 66 and a total of 131 — a two-stroke lead over Jerry Pate af-ter the second round of the Bob Hope Desert Classic. Pete also played at La Quinta in the 90-hole event, and shot a 67 for

a two-stroke margin over Jack

Nicklans (a 67 at Tamarisk), Bill

Lye. Bob Gilder, who had a share of the first round lead, and defending champion Craig Stadler were

# 19 9 14 162 127 52 28 11 11 150 125 51 17 19 8 161 155 42 14 23 6 168 201 34 11 21 12 152 184 34

Borg said, "I didn't think so

AND PECINIONS
NYJUSA.
Troval crywhere with
miningual excepts.
ler Coeff Cards Accepted.
2-765-7996 or 765-7754.
2-56th St., NY, NY, 10019.
Itemiational Secons readed

**REGENCY - USA** 

WORLDWIDE MULTILINGUAL PSCORT SERVICE

NEW YORK CITY

Tel: 212-838-8027

& 212-753-1864.

By reservation only.

LONDON

Portman Escort Agency

67 Chibern Street, London W1 TEL: 486 3724 or 486 1158

**Bjorn Borg** 

vantage in the 12-point tiebreaker. Borg's serve was called long. He again approached the umpire and apparently asked him to overrule the linesman. Lugg refused and Borg returned for his second serve.

> 19,103. In the ninth game of the final

The victory assured semifinal berths for both Borg and Gene Mayer, who beat Jose-Luis Clerc, 6-3, 7-5. Mayer, a three-set winner over McEnroe on Wednesday, changed speeds and used his drop

feated Guillermo Vilas, 7-5, 6-4.

HOTELS RESTAURANTS	CLASSIFI	ED ADVERT	<b>TSEMENTS</b>	EDUCATION
NIGHT CLUBS  NIBLODGE ADMRAL HOTE, 2138 Reseas Blvd., Metro Monito, Tels 572-	(Contin	SPANISH COURSES IN MALA SPAIN, all grades, small group hours daily, courses commencing		
087 to 95. Cable ADMITE. ALA. Talesc 742/0488 ADHOTEL PM.	HOTELS RESTAURANTS NIGHT CLUBS	FOR SALE & WANTED	BOOKS BRITISH BOOKSHOP WILLCOMES	hours daily, courses commencing a month. Living with Sponish families in small appriments. Write: Centro Estudios de Espanol, Ave. J.S. Eco 110, Malaga.
FRANCE PARS - Mana Mircheau* **NN, 10 Ave. E. Zola, 1-2-3 room flots, both, bitchen, frides, 577 72 00.	SWITZERLAND	INDIVIDUAL SEUS DICEPTIONAL bottles of wine. Laftite Rottschild 1948, Medoc Ist, vininge wine 1898, Sortene 1919. In one lot or teparately. Males offers to Mr. Baitch (59) 62	you. Come either in person or send your mail order. We offer a wide se- lection of British/American books (also children's). We also self all British tou- ist publications, mail order service	tensive individual classes. Accome dation about 5 mins, from beach in
CREAT BRITAIN GORE HOTE, LONDON, a great for	GENEVA RESIDENCE DE FRANCE	25 27 other 7.30 pm. (France).  JOHN LENNON, BAG ONE, 14 Lithos some and numbered. Mint condition.	within Germony. Tel: 280472, Boer- senst. 17, D-6 Fronkfurl.  READENG MATTERS. Order your U.S. books through us. Personal service on	beautiful Costo del Sol. Mr. J. Clar C/ Coronel 7, Malaga, Spain. INTENSIVE SPANISH on COSTA
vorise with the discriminating troveller.  10 minutes West End. All rooms with color TV, buthroom, radio, beliephone. Singles from \$18.00. Doubles from	4 Avenue de France. Tel. (22/31,1479. Beautiful, first class, alreanditioned, residential fornished opertuents and studies. Fully equipped labelen,	\$25,000. Cyrono, 16 East 52 St., New York, N.Y. 10022, 212-751-9340. BNCYCLOPARHA BRITANNICA for	books through us. Personal service on dil American titles in print at U.S. Est price. Contact: Nancy Rosen and Lou- rel Stavis, c/o Reading Matters, 30 Bratile St., Dept. Hrl., Combridge, Massachusetts 02138, U.SA.	tion available. Groups of seven. A
\$25.00. Tel: 584 66 01. Telex 896691 prefix Gore, 169 Queen's Gate, Lon- don SW7.	dolly moid service.  Weekly and monthly orrangements.  Excellent location.	sale. Good condition, good price. Tel: Paris 336 27 66.	CHINA, ASIA, ARABIA. Rore book list	DIPLOMA/DEGREE in interior desi Correspondence course. Details: De HT, Khodec International, BCM/RI
HOTEL LA FENCE et des Artistes, Pre- ferred for its orique atmosphere, lux- urious confort, but moderate prices.	SPAIN	Coot for sole. Call Marbella, Spain 77 40 98.	Ave., 3rd Floor, New York, N.Y. 10001 U.S.A.	dec, London WC 1N 30X, UK.  EXCHANGE FRENCH conversation
Near Theatre to Ferica, 5 mins walk- ing distance from St. Marco Square. Reservations. Tel: 41 32333 Venica. Manager Dante Apollonia.	MARBBLA SEAFRONT Apartment (Sleeps 2/3) hotel Stol, 2 pools, restou- ront. Foster, The Coppins, Both Rd., Littlewick Green, Berkshire, England. Tel: (0) 62882 4793.	ARTS CRANDULA MOSES	EDUCATION	American, Mrs. Devoic L., 7 Rue Re brandt, 75008 Poris.
U.S.A.	LOW COST FLIGHTS	GRANDMA MOSES THE OLD CARRIAGE	SEA PINES ABROAD  American Preparatory School in the Selichurg Alps.	PEN PALS
TUDOR HOTE, 304 East 42nd Street, New York City. In frash- ionable, East Scie Mannietten, half black from UN. Single from \$49, doubles from \$60, Talesc 422951.	GLOBAL LOW COST AIR FARES. Suraining Troyels. St. Jecobstit. 42, Ansterdom. Tok 24/2202 + 29/2394 BUROPE - N.Y. Frs. 815; Round Trip Frs. 1,630. ITS 225 12.39 Foris.	1955, signed, oil, 16 by 18 inches. Reference: Ofto Kallir, page 315, plate 1191, price \$ 25,000. Box: 14909, Head Tribune, 92521 Neully Cedex France.	Co-ed, grades 9-12 Boarding, travel, High academics, Catalog, Write Sea Fines Abroad, 5324 Faistenau, Solzburg, Austria.	SIRLS AND GUYS oil continents we pen pols. Details freel Hermes Verfe Box 110660/N., D-1000 Barlin 1 West Germony.
ESCORTS & CUIDES	ESCORTS & GUIDES	ESCORTS & GUIDES	ESCORTS & GUIDES	ESCORTS & GUIDES
• ESCORTS, N.Y. EVERYWHERE, U.S.A.	INTERNATIONAL ESCORT SERVICE	CAPRICE	ZURICH	LONDON: TOP ESCORT SERVICE Tel: 752 7132
ESCORT SERVICE	AND PROMOTIONS NY-USA	ESCORT SERVICE	Escort and Guide Service.  MALE AND FEMALE  Manague - 01/361 90 00  Jean-Pierre - 01/361 90 00	HEATHROW ESCORT SERVICE, TO

IN NEW YORK

TEL: 212-737 3291.

**CACHET U.S.A.** 

ESCORT SERVICE

NEW YORK 212-242-0838 or 212-474-1310 MAM, FLORIDA, 305-625-1722 FT. LAUDERDALE, FLA. 305-962-547.

LONDON

BELGRAVIA

ESCORT SERVICE TEL: 734 5877

MODEL ESCORT SERVICE U.S.A. 212 765 2316

In Hope Golf From Agency Dispatche

PALM SPRINGS, Calif. — Bruce Lietzke had a pair of eagles and a birdle in three consecutive

 CONTACTA INTERNATIONAL of Exort Service in Europe.
GERMANY: 06103-86122
Fremhfurt - Wiesharden - Meinz - Cologne - Benn - Dessuddent - Meinz - Cologne - Benn - Dessuddent - Meinz - Cologne - Benn - Dessuddent - Benn - Lucerno - Berne - Lucerno - Benn - Lucerno - Generat.
BELGRIM: 0049-6103-86122
BRUSSAND: 01-628-7969
NOW ALSO IN LONDON.
OTHER BEC CAPITALS
Tel: Germany 0-6103-86122 Rogers (65 at Indian Wells) and David Edwards (68 at La Quinta). Tied at 136 were Lee Trevino, Ben Crenshaw, Ray Floyd, Doug HOLLAND: ESCORT AND GUIDE Service, Tel: 020 834053/436730.
ZURICH - Tel: 0049-6103-82048.
Omega Scort Service/Germany. Sanders, J.C. Snead, Lee Elder. George Burns, Jay Haas and Mark SEC CAPITALS - ESCORT SERVICE. Germany (0): 7851-5719. 2000CH ESCORT SERVICE Tel. 850 54 83, 10.30 - 12 a.m./6 - 8 p.m.

## **Art Buchwald**

# The Media Mafia

WASHINGTON — Memo to Reagan Appointees. Subject: The Washington Media

During the course of your stay in Washington, you will have dealings with the Washington media. Although you may run a multimillion-dollar corporation, or a bil-

lion-dollar law firm, do not be under the misapprehension that you can handle a reporter making \$250 a week.

The Washington press corps is a type of malia. The heads of the Buchwald families are pub-

lishers, network bureau chiefs, star political reporters and syndicated columnists. They usually can be snowed if you pretend to take them into your confidence, and throw them a piece of red meat every once in a while. They are duck soup to manipulate and since they are part of the establishment, you can always make them an offer they can't

What you have to worry about is the foot soldiers in the families wear turtleneck sweaters, socks that don't match and thick rubber soles on their shoes.

These soldiers, both male and female, are the ones who stand out shivering in the cold for hours, and wait for one morsel of information while you are inside having lunch with a noted pundit on his expense

They have nothing to lose and everything to gain by putting your ham hocks in the frying pan.

Underpaid and overworked, the soldiers of the media mafia all have fantasies of becoming another Woodward, Bernstein or Barbara Walters. They know the only way they can do it is over your dead body. Since they are never invited to swank parties or intimate breakfasts, they have all the time in the world to find out what you're really up to.

Surly and unresponsive to flattery, the soldiers are not impressed with titles or bloodlines or your old school tie. Most of them have

MOVING

never worn a tie in their lives. They live in a jungle and are constantly scrounging for food for their sto-ries. They have the killer instinct and would just as soon dine on your carcass as the next public of-

The most dangerous of all the soldiers are the females assigned to cover social functions. Most of them appear to be younger than your daughter, and are selected for their innocent looks and helpless

Although they always appear flustered and about to cry, they have mastered the art of taking notes with one hand while putting on lipstick with the other. Women assigned to cover the social scene are trained to hover near their quarry and overhear conversations not meant for their ears.

The big news in Washington is usually made at parties, and while most readers of papers are skeptical of what appears on the front pages, no one questions the facts about what took place at a party, when reported in a gossip column.

The electronic mafia is something else again. You have to keep in mind that every TV reporter sent out on a story has only one goal in mind, and that is to get on the air that night. In order to do that, they have to provoke you into saying something newsworthy, and if you don't say anything of impor-tance, they'll be satisfied with 30 seconds of you bumping your head

The main difference between the printed-press mafia and the elec-tronic soldiers is that when a story appears in a newspaper about something you said, you can always deny it. But if you deny something attributed to you on television, they will show you denying it, and then replay the tape of you saying it.

Now that you understand how the Washington media mafia works, it is up to you to decide how to handle it. But don't make the mistake of threatening the soldiers, after they have written some-thing you don't like, by saying you know Bill Paley, or Katharine Graham, or Arthur Sulzberger or Otis Chandler - because in almost all cases, they don't.

C 1981, Los Angeles Times Syndic

#### Mary Blume.

# Eating Chinese With Mr. Chow

Peking Cuisine With a Sweets Trolley and Italian Waiters

DARIS - You shouldn't judge a book by its cover so why, wonders Michael Chow, judge a restaurant by its convert? It isn't that Mr. Chow's restaurants have stained napery or, like so many Chinese restaurants in the west, crude lighting and plastic dragons. To the contrary, they are smart and sleek and that's the problem: food critics refuse to take them seriously.

"Usually they hate me," said Mr. Chow. a slight, elegant figure in an Armani suit and High Tech gold watch. "In New York the Daily News out of 10 stars gave me two. They wrote, is this Chinese or what? I reprinted it on the menu." On the other hand, Hubert de Givenchy said the New York Mr. Chow - Mr. Chow's three restanrants are all called Mr. Chow - is like a Cartier jewel. Mr. Chow intends to take out an ad quoting both Givenchy and the News. Critics

"When critics go to a restaurant, people make a fuss. I appear to be arrogant," Mr. Chow said. He doesn't think critics know

beans about Peking cuisine. "Peking cuisine should have a form — 10 good critics would come to one opinion, not 10 opinions; It should be judged as wine is, from the facts, like bouquet and color. If they judged more from real knowledge rather than personal taste, they would know my

food is authentic and precise."

It isn't entirely authentic. Mr. Chow has a sweets trolley because he finds Chinese desserts boring and he serves a lot of espresso. In his London restaurant he sells enormous quantities of cheap Italian white wine. In his New York and Los Angeles restaurants when customers order tea, it is served in coffee cups so that neighboring tables won't have the same bad idea.

In one of those earnest books on recent trends, Michael Chow is listed as an international tastemaker, along with Yves Saint Laurent, Karl Lagerfeld, Lou-Lou de la Falaise and Paloma Picasso. "In a way I'm trying to promote a Chinese nonsense, I mean I'm trying to promote it the way every-one is — Saint Laurent, Gucci-mucchi-pucci," he says. He is a noted collector of Art Deco and had come to Paris to buy a rare prototype teacup by the ebeniste Ruhlmann. His beautiful wife, Tina, has a fabulous collection of Fortuny gowns. They live mostly in

#### Trendy

Mr. Chow is a sophisticated man who has deliberately settled for being merely trendy. His success, easily calculated in terms of status symbols, expresses his ironic reaction to the stereotyped western view of Chinamen



Mr. Chow: Critics usually "hate me."

and to "eating Chink" as he sardonically

puts it.
"I have the cynical view that if you're a Chinese in the West you can only go into the laundry or restaurant business." If he had to fit the cliche he was going to be sure that his Chinese restaurant was also, as he puts it, the epitome of an international restaurant and that he was every bit as fashionable as his clientele. When he opened his first restaurant, in London in 1968, the artwork on the walls included Jim Dine, David Hockney and a portrait of Mr. Chow by Peter Blake in which, as a send-up of the cliche, he is a

bright bright yellow.

The restaurant had novelty besides its decor: while its chef came from Peking via Hong Kong the waiters were all Italian.

Chinese waiters are not very communicative, they have a superior-inferior thing." Mr. Chow said. "The Italians are wonderful. Also they can't leave with the chef and start a new restaurant because they can't communicate." Michael Chow was born in Shanghai. His father was a star of the Peking Opera and was one of the first people purged in the Cul-

REAL ESTATE TO RENT/SHARE

CREAT BRITAIN

CONDON: MEW LUXURY furnished flots, Suit 1-4, £100-£160 per week. Tek London 202 3010 or 886 4062.

HOLLAND

Renthouse International

020-448751 (4 lines)

Amsterdam, Balestein 43.

DUTCH HOUSING CENTRE B.V. Deluse rentals. Valeriustr. 174, Amsterdam. 020-721234 or 723222.

INT'L HOUSING SERVICE for rent houses and apartments AMSTERDAM. Tel: 020 - 768022.

tural Revolution. His brother has taken over their father's roles and Mr. Chow hopes to tour the company in the U.S. next year in celebration of what would have been his father's 60th year in the theater.

In London Mr. Chow studied architecture and became a painter and an actor. He just played a role in a Wim Wenders film. "I am the villain, very nasty. Mysterious I think is the cliche," he says. While he isn't much of a cook he is a nut on decor and carries a black crocodile notebook in which he writes ideas filched from other restaurants - a barometer for the humidor, ashtrays in the men's room. serve bellini cocktails, see if forks look better with times down instead of up.

"I must have a restaurant that is visually beautiful and creates an environment. I have always tried to use art in the restaurants. I think architects aren't very sympathetic to art — they feel superior to interiors — and interior designers are too commercial, so they can't control the situation. Being neither architect nor interior designer, I can.

Sometimes he ens. He designed his Los Angeles restaurant to be very formal: "That was seven years ago and I was more naive than I am now. I thought Hollywood was

sophisticated. I was wrong.

"Los Angeles is anti-food. They don't play
the restaurant game as they do in New York.
They smoke during courses, they sprawl at their chairs, they want to be paged all the

All restaurants, he says, have best tables. Usually the best table discovers itself, you can't always say which it will be. I believe in a star system. Every restaurant encourages a certain type even if they say they treat people

#### Prices

He likes people in fashion or the arts and doesn't like groups of men. "We can't turn them down but we can hide them if they look insensitive." His prices are based not on what the products cost but on what he feels a restaurant of his style should charge. "If it's too cheap there is no respect. If it is too expensive there is no value and no fun. I sell expensive things cheap. I sell lobsters very

cheap but my noodles are expensive."

What he really needs is a Chinese customer or two. "If you have a Chinese sitting at a table with five guests, the guests will automatically say this is the best Chinese food I've eaten," he says with great truth. "Maybe I should hire a Chinese."

It might make the critics feel better. The customers, claims Mr. Chow, already feel fine. "People come to me for food. The critics think they come because I'm trendy. That, too, but in the end I survive because of the food. I like to think so, anyway," he said.

PEOPLE: Frenchman Jogs Act of Sahara in 50-Day Run A. 27-year-old French engineer Mrs. Peron was then return

has succeeded in running across the Sahara Desert from north to south. The 50-day 3,300-kilometer jog began in Algiers and ended in Zinder, Niger, his Paris spokesman said. Jacques Martin began his dash across the desert Nov. 27 from in front of the Algiers post office and arrived in Zinder on Thursday, Accompanied by three Although Julia Child. th vehicles and a team that included a masseur, a first aid specialist a mechanic and film technicians, he covered 50 to 60 kilometers (31 to 37 miles) on most days. Martin's only problem, the spokesman said, was explaining to truck drivers

Canadian Prime Minister Pierre Trudeau's attire - white tennis shoes and a seersucker suit - at arrival ceremonies in Brasilia, prompted a flood of comment in Brazil's press. One cartoonist, paraphrasing a quote attributed to Charles De Gaulle, "Brazil is not a serious country," — drew Trudeau in white being greeted by the Brazilian foreign minister in black. "Brazil is a very serious country in protocol," the caption read. Co-lumnist Carlos Swann said, "On the day we Brazilians have the courage to forget about clothes taken from models that have nothing to do with the tropics, the example of Monsieur Trudeau will have served for something." Brazil President Joso Figuetredo was quoted as saying of Trudean's clothes. "I do not think it's for me but it's interesting."

was not hitchhiking.

\* \* \*

British actor Roger Moore, known for his work in the television series "The Saint," was fined \$435 by a court in Grasse, France, after he was declared to be the sole cause of an April, 1979, traffic accident. According to evidence presented in court, Moore crossed into the left lane near Vence and crashed into a car driven by Maurice Mouliot, seriously injuring Mouillot and his wife. The court required Moore, who lately has been playing British secret agent James Bond, to deposit \$4,785 to meet the expenses of the injured couple.

Isabel Peron, former president of Argentina, is suffering from a stomach ulcer, government sources said. Doctors diagnosed the illness after the 49-year-old Mrs. Peron underwent a series of X-rays and other tests at an army hospital.

her late husband's weekend in San Vicente, where she is house arrest pending trial c' separate corruption charge widow of Juan Peron suc her husband to the preside July, 1974, and was arreste March, 1976, military coup.

likes to keep her advice light side, she said the othe Chicago, her word is "to considered gospel" by ;-watchers, Mrs. Child has McCall's contributing ed eight years and she said she that stopped along the way that he surprised at the response columns. For example, s' her first column was on peel an onion" and althe was a subject I thought rat we keep getting letters filnew ideas on how to peel On her television show, M said, she once casually some leftover ingredients floor and, just for laug "something about my selffloor." The quite serious n said, "was quite a few lett viewers asking for the nar manufacturer of the 'selffloor.

> It was a rough night for heavyweight boxing c Leon Spinks. Spinks told was attacked as he was l Detroit bar and the next remembered was waking on a motel bed. He said h ants, whom he did not se him on the head. Spir bought a house in Detro years ago, said when he cr the motel about five mi from the bar he found his had taken his jewelry. a clothes - including an e blue fox coat - not to me gold dental plate and front teeth. Spinks estin value of the missing \$45,000.

Jerry Rubin, the forme and Chicago Seven defensuprised many by taking a on Wall Street with John Company, has been pro-director of business dev of the brokerage firm. "I been an entrepreneur all said Rubin. "Many peopl been an excellent promote a promoter is essentially a nicator."

# CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

REAL ESTATE TO RENT/SHARE

FRENCH PROVINCES

WE CAN MOVE ANYTIME INTERDEAN					
Intern	he ational				
Mo	ver	ĺ			
MSTERDAM; THENS: ARCELONA: ONN:	44.89.44 894.76.11 652.31.11 65.09.57 31.05.91	ol			
KUSSELS; ADIZ:	269.54.00 86.31.44	١.			
ADIZ: HICAGO: LANKFURT:	595 7664 (06190) 200)	١.			
ENEVA: E HAGUE	43.85.30 401 108	18			
OUSTON: ONDON:	448 9553 961,41,41	O-F			

598 5511 671.24.50 141.50.36 738.32.88 371 1760 742.85.11 475.43.57

### ALLIED **VAN LINES** INTERNATIONAL

MADRID: MUNICH: NAPLES:

NEW YORK: PARIS: ROME: VIENNA: ZURICH:

THE CAREFUL MOVERS GERMANY: INTL MOVING SERVICES Frunkfurt, 0611-781006. Munich, 097-142244. Homburg, 040-24/542. Dusseldorf, 02/102-45023/24.

FRANCE: DESBORDES S.A.
33 Bld. Henri-N, Poris
Contact: Mr. McBain. Tel.
272.35.16, 272.30.58

WE HAVE 2 OFFICES IN GERMANY 4 M USA 1 IN CANADA I IN ENGLAND 1 IN JAPAN

WHY DON'T YOU CALL US FOR THE NEXT INTERNATIONAL MOVE - THE SPECIALISTS -INTERMOVE CENTRAL TEL: GERMANY (0) 6171/7771 (3 LINES)

GANDER & WHITE SHIPPING LTD. Leading UK Fine Art Packers & Shippers. Same specialist care & other remo<sup>\*</sup> London 584 2743/3186.

RIT! MOVING & ECPORT, boggage, Air & sec freight, imports, contenters. Martir'Air Fret, 8 r. Duban, Paris 16, Tel: 289 73 97, 647 70 11 Th 630695F CONTRICK: 7EL 281 1881 PARIS (peor OPERA), Air & See to all coun-iries. Economy rates. Also boggage.

**ANNOUNCEMENTS** 

DIVORCE IN 24 HOURS Mutual or contested actions, low cast, Hairi or Dentinican Republic. For information send \$3.75 for 24-page booldet/handling for Dr. F. Ganzales, ODA, 1835 K Sz. N.W. Wostington D.C. 20006, U.S.A. Tel. 202-425 8331 or 703-820-0674. Worldwide service.

DIVORCES - 24 HOURS Also Latin American Citizenship through investment. BUFETE INC., 35 Wiscoman Circle, Wash., D.C. 2001.5, USA

WRITER researching reasons for es-coloring divorce and suicide rate among physicians will be in Europe and North America for personal reter-view late February and March 81, Please write Box 1-907, Herold Tri-bune, 92521 NeuRy Codes, France. EXPATRIATE TAX SERVICES for U.S. tox ploming and preparation, send for tree booklet. Write Executive Tax Consultants, 485 5th Aves, Surt 1042, N.Y., N.Y. 10017, 212-661-4776.
SUN N.Y. TIMES, jet Euro-delivery, P.O. Box 86, Mochelon, Belgum, Tel: (32-15) 21 04 63. AA in English daily, Paris. Tel: 325. 76.03./551.38.90.

**SUBSCRIBE** to the INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE AND SAVE.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

As a new subscriber to the International Herald Tribune, you can save up to 50% of the newstand price, depending on your country of residence.

1], Avenue Charles de Gaulle, 200 Neutly-au-Seine, France. hone Paris 747–12-65 ent. 30\$

IN ASIA AND PACIFIC contact our local distributor or: International Herald Tribune 1801 Tal Sang Commercial Builds 24-34 Hennessy Road HONG KONG Tal: HK 5-286726

PEBLING low? - having problems: SCS HELP crisis-line in English 3 p.m. 11 p.m. Tel-Paris 723 80 80. CHURCH SERVICES

EMMANUEL
BAPTIST CHURCH
86 Rue des Bont-Roisins, Reul-Molmos
son, Western Suburbs. Sundoy Worstin
10 a.m.; Sundoy School 11 a.m. Servici
in English. Tel: 011 47 00, 605 84 23.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH. 13 R. du Vieux-Colombier, Poris 6, Mo. St. Su-pice. Sunday worship in English 9.45 cm, Rev. A. Sommerville 607 67 92.

**PERSONALS** HAPPY 21ST ESRTHDAY Petel My womenst wishes & thoughts so Arry. REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

**ROMANTIC CASTLE** ON THE DANUBE

AUSTRIA

Near Linz (Upper Austria), surrounded by 30,000 scun, natural park. Free of encumbrance, coste of good substantial structure, unfurnished, Casified on a lis-torical manument. Foreign purchase goods. (Private local administration of possible. (\*Trouv residence. Also soit-iered).
Charming private residence. Also soit-oble as a center of culture, arts, admin-stration or research. Applications: Box 83, laternational Herald Tribune, Bankg. 8, 1010 Vienna, Austria.

CANADA

Nova-Scotie, Cameda 900 Ft. Oceanirum!
7.78 serviced cores in Lumeburg County, Beaches, Rugged beauty. View of small fishing core. US\$29,900. Contact. Grant Johnston, 579 Broadview, Ohtowa, Canada, KZA-ZLÉ. Telephone. (613) 722-4575. FRENCH PROVINCES

DREAMS belongs to the most pressigious group of Real Estetes
Agencies on the Cote
DREAMS offers foreign clients a service backed with 15 years
experience.
DREAMS proposes the entire selection
of aportments and villes for
aportments and villes for
aportments and villes for
takes core of the mestagement of your properties
with computerized processing (charges, rents, lesses,
species your languagesFrench, English, German,
Arabic, Dutch.

DREAMS

Expose Grimoldi
11 lice Mastagrani
06000 NECE (93) 87 27 54

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE FRENCE PROVINCES VELEFRANCHE-SUR-MER. Old town. Charming 3 bedroom apartment. Ter-rose overlooking boy. £58,000. No agents. Reply Box 38490, B-IT, 103 Kingsway, London WC2. PRIME HOTEL SITE **CALIFORNIA** 10-acre site on main North-South Cost fornic freeway. Los Argules County Approved by major chain. Preliminar plans & feasibility ovalidate. Beard Realty, 124 N. Kivesside Ave., Ricito, Ca. 92376. Tel: 714 875 2210. GREAT BRITAIN

LONDON BEIGRAVIA
Enchanting formly house. Ready for immediate occupation. Beauty for immediate occupation. Beauty for immediate occupation. Beauty for immediate occupations. Special forms of the company of the compan oms (1 en sute), dockroom, 2 recep-n rooms, kitchen, loundry room & garden. 21-year leass, £ 160,000. Tel: 01 589 6085 after 10 a.m. LONDON W1. Near US Embassy & Park Lone. A learnines South focing second floor appartment in exclusive black comprising enfrance half, dond-room, large reception room, fully equipped factors, 3 bedrooms, learning to be possible of the compression of the compres

GREEK ISLANDS. MYKONOS. West, not for from herbor, piece of 80,000 sq.m. obrupt rocky land, 500 m. of sections, 385,000. Telesc 21-5239, other. Mrs. Metaux.

PERAILS. 1 bedroom appartment, 50

SPAIN

HIGH PRODUCTIVE LAND
AND AGRESSINESS INVESTMENT
PARTY

2 hours from Machid. Good communications. Top quality soil. Advanced infection systems, forming methods and processing facilities. High appreciation potential with forthcoming integration of Spain within EEC.

Information phone (I) 419 77 40 or Telex 43346 Modrid.

UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY-IBIZA /
CAN 'MARAS', 300 sg.n construction,
old style with massive bears etthroughout on very private 60,000
sg.m. cultivated ferraces with fruit
trees and pine woods. Blackin installed
trees and pine woods.
Blackin installed
trees and pine woods.
Blackin installed
trees and pine woods.

Tele 874 0448.

ESTEPONA. Big studies for sale, fur-sished, views, big pool, mira. Estepana horbor, good management and return. US \$25,000 each. Write Bills, (O/1), Bax 17, Estepana (Malaga) or call Spanish Jub Property Esteblison, S Covendish Square, London W.1., Jon-ury 17, 18 and 19, 1130 to 5:20. Telephone 01-580 2750/4013. Other property for sale.

COSTA DEL SOL - Fuengirolo beach-front operanent, furrieried bedroom, see and mountain views. Maximum 4 persons. Elevator. Pool. \$500-600 / month. Weekly rotes overloke. PO Box 6089, Syrocuse, NY 13217. TORREVIEJA (ALICANTE) - villa (port of complex), overlooking coson, in un-tion orea of Los Angeles. Price \$34,500. Contact Air. Beardines, Nintelloca 43, 4221 SR Heophistand or phone Holland (I) 1838-1862.

SWITZERLAND

MENTON, RIVIERA first to let. Bequi-ful view, quiet, surrounded by an olive prove. 3 bedrooms, 2 bostnooms, 2 bothrooms, lorge stiffing-room with freplace, garage, telephone. Write to E18-11508 PUBLICITAS - CH-1211 GENEVA 3. Gertline Deleme Leadon Service You will be met at Heathrow Airport & taken by chauffour to a central Landon laxury fist. White you rent the flat a car will be provided for your use & the flat will be serviced. Meats will be provided if required. \$275 per week.

gracious 2-bedroom/2-both water-front condomnium, \$160,000. P.O. Box 3627, Corol Gobles, Florida 33134, USA, Teles: (Wissin) 514755. POR SALE BY OWN BR: 3.6 Downtown Dellos: Commercial ocres adjacent to Dellos: Texas Convention Center. Con-tock Mitte Coderel 214748-6350. WASHINGTON, D.C. View. Lusary Condo. 1 bedroom, under US\$ 200,000. M. Bellovancs. 1200 N. Nash, #1142, Arington, VA 22209. Tek London (171) 582 6004. Gartine Group, Kent House, Suite 66, 87 Regent St., London WTR 7HE. FRENCH PROVINCES

A SUPER FLAT. Central London, 2 bed-rooms + lounge, £90/week. Other flats available. Please call David 01 363 1479/1201, 24 hours. LONDON - For Furnished flots and houses, the service leading US Corporations uses Ansamble & Ringland, Tel. London & 712Z, Tx: 297660.

MEDITERRANEAN COAST. Small cho-teau, accommodation for 6 parsons, comfortable, good maid. Merch, April, May. Cochron, Vieux Chateau, Bornes les Minosos, Vor 83230. **International Business Message Center** 

ATTENTION RUSINESSMEN: Publish your Business Message in the International Herald Tribune over a quarter of a million readers worldwide, most of whom are in business and industry, will read your message. Just teles us Paris 613595, before 10:00 a.m. ensuring that we can teles you back and your message will appear within 48 hours. You will be billed at U.S.\$8.20 or local equivalent per line. You must include complete and verifiable billing address. BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

TRANSCONTENENTAL
STOP LOOKING
WE HAVE ITI
Executive & pleasare circreft, classic & prestigious entique collectors extranolates atc. etc.
Whotever else you want to buy or sell we have it or can sell if for you.
MULTINATIONAL, SPECIAL PRODUCTS ORGANIZATION whose research department is chways looking for new ideas & marketable products.
Swies Bank references, discretion guaranteed.
Now available 5 dossic antique outo dealerships from USA zource for the following countries: Sweeden, Germany, France, Italy, Dubai or Abu Dhabi.
London
To the director
TRANSCONTENENTAL
186 Storne Smeat, London SWI.
Tel: [01] 235 0201 (8 lines)
London
Zurich Tel: 53667-E/RA
New York Tel: 646311-TAWI
Spain Tel: 78491-LORD Americans already selling cars successfully to American Military in Germany noty enhance contings through representation of multi-frenchise company destributing imported cars and motorcycles since 1964. We offer European Delivery to military, tourists and diplomatic, Stateside Delivery to enyone returning. Written applications must rame all malest you are now selling, Interviews near Frankfurt early February, Engiscies from after areas will be welcome. EUROPACAR INTERNATIONAL

**COMPUTER PORTRAITS** 

COMPUTER PORTRAITS

IN RILL COLOR OR B 2 W

AN INSTANT MONEY MAKER
THAT CAN EARN YOU

\$6000-\$8000 per meeth
A portor from a less than 60 sec. This can be
asterly transferred on to a T-shirt or
most any teatile item. Full or part-frine.
ALL CASH BUSINESS. Portoble. No experience measury: Exadient for shapping centers, resorts, shows, hotels, noil
order, convocts, foils or any ligh traffic
location. Total price DM 39-200 which
includes full color option.
ICEMA COMPUTER SYSTEMS
DEPT. SAM ST BEST-HOWESTR. 9,
6 PLANICRET GERMANY.
TELEX. 412713 NGMA.
TEL: (0)611-747808
Office hours 10 c.m.-6 p.m.

LONDON-Covent Gorden. Furnishe offices & business address available from £20/week. Tak 01 836 1932. DIAMONDS PRIVATE SALE, WITH CERTIFICATES
4 BRALLANTS
A) 1,085 et. - Rowless - color river (D)
Price US\$ 90,300
B) 0,961 et. - Rowless - color river (D)
Brice US\$ 41,100
C) 1,034 et. - Rowless - color river (E)
Price US\$ 27,200
D) 0,945 et. - WS- color river (E)
Price US\$ 17,750
Offices to Box 1495, brill, Gr. EschenIndianarySir. 43, D-4000 Frenkfurt/Germ. ARIZONA U.S.A. Red Estate Corporafion seeks sales people to sell good
Arizona land and commercial properlies in other countries. We have been
established since 1945 with a very succastful 8-year business record in Exrops. We offer liberal commissions
and are flexible for your needs. Contoot President, Arizona Land Research
Corporation, P.O. Box 1152, Phoenix,
Arizona, U.S.A. 85001. Tales: 657-336;
"Az Land Plac. Tel. (602) 264-2476.

DIAMONDS **EXPORT PRICES** DIAMONDS & JEWELRY Direct from our Cutting factory dicasonals are guaranteed. Open Mon, thru Sat, included. SIDIAM INVESTMENT thele: 1509 Centre Int. Rogier, 15th floor. 02/218 28 83. Authorit: Large Herentalsestr. 58 031/33 13 62 - 031/31 25/76/77. DIAMONDS

4 The Parade, Jersey, English Charmel Isles. First diamonds in any price range of lowest wholesade prices direct from Antiwarp center of the diamond world. Full guarantee. For free price fat write Joachim Goldenstein diamond world Established 1928
Pelikometrus 62, 8-2000 Antwerp Belgium - Tek O 31/34.07.51
Tite 71779 syl b. At the Diamond dub. Heart of the Antwerp Diamond industry LUCCURY BAR/RESTAURANT, Portugal, at seaside, best loos! Costa do Sol, in operation, fully equipped, total crea 800 sp.m. Proposal for Indeover & enquiries to Box 21018, 1128 Usbon, Portugal. MECICAN POOD-fresh Torfillos delly. Free Mexican restourcht training, Tel-02940-16489, Corny Bokers, Holland, Zuiderzeelaan 80, Weesa, Tic. 16296. **BUSINESS SERVICES** VALUABLE U.S. INCOME TAX Infor-socion. Free tax bit on request. Write Ken Shiu, U.S. Firmmood Services Di-nector, 80x 98994. Sectile, WA 98188 USA. Tel: 206754-4451. MONEY MANAGEMENT STATISTICAL CONSULTANT for prob PRIANCIAL OFFICE, W. DECQ ld specialist, will obtwert & manag-gold currencies & copial in gold without charge, & make it profitable. Presently 19% per year. leas, analysis, or test. Fost accurate arrowers. \$ 200, plus expenses. Tel: The Hague, Holland (0)70-280744. Presently 15% per year. First class guarantee. Write to W. DECQ, Bie. 21, 24 A, 8d. de Regent, 1000 Brussek, Belgier

> OFFICE SERVICES Technical office, introduced & soutpeed for soles & consulting, offers free copolities to represent your products or services. Contooh ITS Grabil, Helicology 4 b.D. 8000 Manch 82, Tel. 10879 4 90792, The 5216 563. SG3.
>
> GERMANY BUSINESS ADDRESS. Furnished offices phone/teles/meeting rooms, worehouse spoce. 5 & G Barrosseries, Marienthr. 39 A, 7000 Stuttgort 1, sel (0) 711-617633.

LIXERICUS FLAT. LONDON W.1., next to Harley St., 3 bedrooms, moid's room, 2 boths, shower, guest W.C., central heating, reception room, living process frichen, telephone, fully furnished. Tel. London, 636 2943. CENTER AMSTERDAM. Lorge 2-room operturest, fully furnished. Qualiforn Vondelpork area. For long and short periods. DRI. 1600 monthly. Tell-Holland (0) 2963-1432.
PREMER'S SERVICES in Amsterdam, Hilversum & Utrecht creas. Tol. 035-12198, Kopittelwag 389, Hilversum. SHORT TERM LET IN CHELSEA, Fully equipped living, 1 bedroom, phone, control heat. No agents. London 352 7999. When in Rome:
PALAZZO AL VELABRO
PALAZZO AL VELABRO
Romary appriment house with furnished flots, available for I wask and more from \$50 a day for two.
Phone: 6743ZS, 6793450.
Write: Via del Valobro 16,
00186 Rome.

REAL ESTATE TO RENT/SHARE

HOLLAND

PARIS AREA PURNISHED DWNER'S SUPERS DUPLEX opart ment, furnished, high class, 606 04 37.

PARIS AREA UNFURNISHED AVE. FOCH g South), owner rents operating mew building, key money. Bit floor. Very legit closs fixely decorded. Very houries with or without furniture, eliving, susic room, 2 bedro equipped kitchen.
Tel: 500 95 02.

OWNER RENTS 300 sq.m. exception opartment facing. Pare Monceou, rooms, 2 baths. Frs 9,000 key money. T visit, leli 563 76 20 [10 c.m. - 1 p.m.).

SPAIN

LUXURY VILLA (MY HOME) Poss

DUDURY YILLY (MY FROME) Pages remie view Mediterneen and moun-tains, pool, maid, gardener, utilities US\$ 400/week Moy, US\$500/week June/July, minimum 3 weeks, 1 fornity only, references required. Goff, fenna on donosin. Crasa Redonde, Buson 69. Sierra de Altea, Alito, Aliconte, Spoin. REAL ESTATE WANTED/EXCHANGE

FAMBLES ASROAD, N.Y. seek oper ments 3-12 months for occidentics o scibbotical Paris 621 32 71. **EMPLOYMENT** 

refitable, well connected internation BOND DEALING FIRM seeks aggressive, internationally arrented American SALES EXECUTIVE

SALLE EARCUTIVE
not necessarily with Euro Market experience, to develop business in US dollar
convertible & straight bonds with new
and existing clients in Europe & the
U.S.A. Good salary plus bonus & monagement potential. Please write or colle.
The Meneging Director,
Crawdle Informaticaed Limited,
Cornwell House, Coopers Row,
Lepdon ECSN 28G,
Tele (01) 488 0021 or (01) 481 1100,
Teless, 8753714

FOR MORE EXECUTIVE POSITIONS LOOK UNDER TRIBENATIONAL EXECUTIVE OPPORTUNITIES', PAGE 12. EXECUTIVES AVAILABLE NGUSHMAN, 34, resident Cologne, perfect French & German, Sound ex-perience in O.T.C., coerestic and haddin-food markets in U.K. & W. Ger-

many, seeks past with intil company planting to expand to/in Germany, LH.T., Box 1500, Gr. Eschenheimer Str. 43, 6000 Frankfurt, W. Germany. GENERAL POSITIONS
WANTED FEMALE GRADUATE, 23, French, this ston, B.A. Bristol states post. Serious hordworker, well troveled, floir with people, organizing chility, some Sponsh & German, Box 14912, Herold Tribune, 92521 Neurlly Cedex, France.

EMPLOYMENT CENERAL POSITIONS WANTED AGGRESSIVE 25-YEAR CLD U.S. Co-zen & Businessman, educated in U.S. & Switzerland, seeks past in Europe or Niddle East. Billingual English/French Previously lived in kon & Switzerland Willing to travel. Stable, competent, reactive. & intelligent, Mark. David Goldman, 30310 W. 12 Mile Rd., Sutte 202, Formington Hills, Michigan 48018 USA. Tel: 313-851-0916.

ISTRATIVE ASSISTANT, Eng

PRELANCE INTERPRETER PR/PA Top quotified, trilingual, well troveled young lady, free now. Paris 741 49 48. PARIS: YOUNG LABY freelance PRPA, Italian, Spanish, English, Free to trovel. High level. 553 74 27. 2 BRITISH GRES, 19 8. 20, calering experience. some French. Anything experience, some French. Anythe considered Tel: 03646 322 UK. GENERAL POSITIONS AVAILABLE

**NEWSPAPER** FREELANCERS

The number one U.S. Weekly Tabloid seeks new Stringers all over Europe who can supply story leads and file bright readable copy. We're particularly interested in celebrities, medical, occult and bizzare human

interest. Top rates paid. Write: **Parmiter** 

**NATIONAL ENQUIRER** Lantono, Plonido U.S.A. 33464.

**ACCOUNT REP** Dynamic US monifocturing & pockaging company is expanding operation to UK. We are seeking young, aggressive condictors with some mechanical châlbies. Responsibilities include overseeing existing accounts and to halp, seek and develop new accounts, interesting compensation, Send resume to:

1. S. SUROPE, S.A.,
Aftn. Operations Director,
Rue du Maril 7, 8-1410 Waterloo,
Belgium.

AMBRICAN COMPANY is looking for experienced multilingual reception hoststes for 81 Paris Air Show, June 4 - 14. Send defailed resmandand picture to, PHP OVEISEAS LTD., 47 Ave. George V, 75008 Paris.

TUESDAYS in the IHT Classified Section.

SECRETARIES AVAILABLE

GERMAN LADY, 38, French & English (also shorthood) good knowledge of Sponish, used to independent work, free to travel, seets new interesting past as Seasonive Secretary/Personal Austral, LH-T., Box 1501, Gr. Eschenbeimer Str. 43, D-6000 Frankfurt. TRACHING POSITIONS AVAILABLE

WANTED: EXPERIENCED TEACHER, fluent in English, for 3 American boys, ages 4, 5 & 10, during sti vecation. 1 week in Zermett, 1 week in Cortine, Feb. 11 thru Feb. 25, Coll collect, U.S. Tel: 415-433-0660, Marion Ingraham.

DOMESTIC POSITIONS AVAILABLE VENEZUELAN FAMILY requires no VENEZUELAN FAMILY requires moture & well groomed governess to look
ofter children aged 8 & 11, in Caracas. Must be able to chive & hove
some knowledge of Spanish. Good remuteration & responsible supparase
will be poid to suitable opplicant
promptly available. Please send full
details including references & recent
photograph: Apartach 80378, Caracas, 1080A Venezuela, South America.

EMPLOYMENT

COUPLE, husband/wife seek job as housekeeper/driver. Paris 72/ 35 30. 16-2 p.m. BNGLISH MUM'S HELP. Nonnies free now. Nash Agency, 77, Grand Po-rade, Brighton, UK. Tel: 682 666.

**AUTO SHIPPING** SHIP YOUR CAR TO 8 FROM U.S.A. VIA ANTWERP AND SAVE. Free hotel. Regular sarlings, JFK/McGuire Airport delivery. AMESCO, Kribbestroot J. Antwerp, Belgrate, Tal. 31 23 39. Teles: 71489.
FRANKCHERT/MARN-W. GERMANY. H. Isermann GmbH, Tel: 0611-449071. Pict-up all over Europe \* ro/ro-thips. TRANKCHER 20 rue Le Sueur, 75116. Paris, Tel: 500 03 04. Modrid 411 19 61 Antwerp 33 99 85. Cannes 39 43 44.

AUTOS TAX FREE

FILOM STOCK
Seville Diezel, 79, 2500 miles
Circoen-Muserati SM 71, \$8400.
Opel Menta, new, DM 13,000
Fertrai B8 512, various calors,
Mercedes 300 SU USA, new, \$29,000
Mercades 300 SU USA, new, \$29,000
Mercades 300 SU USA, new, \$29,000
Chary Recreation Van, new, \$14,500.
Cadilloca, Lincolns, Joguers, Rong
Rovers, Land Rovers, Mercades, on
other leading moles available,
Same day registration possible.

**ICZKOVITS**,

Cicricianstrosse 36, CH-8027 Zurich Tel: 01/202 76 10, Teles: 53444. **TAX FREE CARS** ALL MAKES & MODELS with Swiss Scence plates,

RAMPY MOTORS INC. 1290 Genevo-Verstick, 89 route Suisse Tel: 022/55 44 43, Telex: 22279 3005 Berne, 60 Sufgenedatrosse Tel.: 031/45 10 45, Telex: 33850. **BMW PARK LANE** EUROPE'S PREMIER SHOMROOM All models tax free RHD - ord - LHD from stock 56 Park Lane London W.1. Talephone 01-629 9277 Teleso 261360

TRANSCO TAX FREE CARS We keep in stock more than 200 bromnew cars for on-the-spot or workload delivery, competitively priced. Send for free coating 8 stock list: Transco S.A. Noorderlaan 95, 2030 Antwerp, Belgium Tet: 031-426240, Te. 35207 TRANS-8.

1980 VOLVO STOCK large supply new U.S. models but selling fast. Call US now for delivery factory or elsewhere. BUROPACAR: Britain (0534) 34000.

TAX FREE CARS
All European and Japanese cars.
Brand new, some day delivery.
Apply Philips's Car Trade.
604 Bredobean, 2060 Merksem
Antwerp Belgium. Tek 031/46 50 15. MERCEDES 500 SE, Lamborghini Countoch 5/1981, new existock Swiss. Tel. 031-580741, The 33802 CH.

BOATS AND RECREATIONAL VEHICLES

LUXURY AMERICAN MOTORHOME, 1979 Concord champion, 25 feet, VS Dadge 440. All possible options. One owner, 40,000 miles, in Florida, readly for shapment in USA or to Europe. Prion \$17,000. Mr. Viollet Lournarin, 84160 Codenet, France. [90] 68 00 34.

—SAMUEL J

SERVICE: BRINGUAL BUSINESS c ossistant. Pora 500 58 17. PARIS. AULTRINGUAL traveling assistant. Let. 63: BNTL. BRIESPREER to business associatives. Pora business essectives. Poris PERSONAL ASSISTANT is business executives. Poris PARIS BASED interpreter. in your business. 758 66 1 BUSINESS INTERPRETER guide. Poris 774 75 65. PA/GRIC, FREDAY, bining cossistant. Paris 527 01 98

HEALTH SER

**LEGAL SERV** IMMIGRATION TO U.S.
GOLDSTEIN, ESQ. will I don office Jon. 18 to 2x ovoilable for visa consult don coll 405-5225; or v. St., N.Y.C. 10005, Tel.: Teles: 661199.
ALL US COURTS, Haguerintegrity, oil matters, "Who's Who in America man, International cliente: Bogar, State Tower Ed. N.Y. 13202, Tel: 315-471.
U.S. LAWYER, organism

U.S. LAWYER, oggressive important case of Wilson Sheffie US IMMIGRATION 2 VI Low Office Edward 5. G 43 Dover Street, London Telex 261507. Tel: 01493 C U.S. EMANGRATION VI. 20, 4th Roor, Zurich, Write Domon Spilios, 1 Biscoyns ami, PL 33131. Tel: 305-64.

HOLIDAYS & TI CHARTER A VALEF YAC-direct from owner of lor Europe. American monoge, jent crews, service, monito-londed. Valef Yechts 14d. stokleou 22C, Francis, 1 4529571. 4529486, Telene. GREECE BY YACHT Motor cover 2000 islands of leisur THE SEA, Batassi 1, Pirae Tels 4524069, Tha 211249.

> PAGE 1! FOR MOF CLASSIFIE

YACHTING Greece. Sea Ht Glyfada. Tel: 8948503. The HELLAS YACHTING. Yoc Academics 28, Athens 134,

For advertising infa contact the TRI office in your cou HEAD OFFIC Paris: Max Perrero Tel.: 747.12.65.

Amsterdom: Alfons G Tel.: 26 36 15. Athens: J.C. Rennesso Srussels: Arthur Moha Tel.: 343 18 99. Frankfyrts H. Jung ar F Tel.: 28 36 78. TeL: 29 58 94 Lisbous Rite Amber Tel.: 67 27 93 & 66 2 London: Michael Mitch Tel.: 242 51 73. Medrid: A. Umlauff Sa Tel.: 455 33 06. Romet Antonio Sombro

Stockholm; P. Komig Tel.: (08) 5) 68 70. OTHERS Hong Kong: C. Chenny: Tel.: 5 - 420 906. New York: Sandy O'H. Tel.: 752 38 90. Tel Aviv: Don British

Jali in lita